

Planning Department Development Application Form

Complete Application

A complete development application consists of the following:

- 1. A properly completed and signed application form (signature must be original in planners file);
- 2. Supporting information adequate to illustrate your proposal as indicated in **Section**H of this application form (plans are required in paper copy and digital PDF format);
- 3. Written authorization from the registered owner of the subject lands where the applicant is not the owner as per Section N; and,
- Cash, debit or cheque payable to Norfolk County in the amount set out in the user fees By-Law.

The above information is required to ensure that your application is given full consideration. An incomplete or improperly prepared application will not be accepted and may result in delays during the processing of the application. This application must be typed or printed in ink and completed in full.

Pre-Submission Consultation "Pre-consultation":

A pre-consultation meeting with staff is required for all applications; however, minor applications may be exempted depending on the nature of the proposal, with approval from the Director of Planning or delegate. The purpose of a pre-consultation meeting is to provide the applicant with an opportunity to present the proposed application, discuss potential issues, and for the County and Agency staff to identify the required information and materials to be submitted with the application in order for it to be considered complete. The applicant has the opportunity to make revisions to the application prior to submission, without the additional costs of recirculation fees. It may be necessary to seek the assistance of independent professional help (for example, a planning consultant or engineer) for complex applications. If a pre-consultation meeting has been held to discuss your development, please include a copy of the Pre-consultation minutes with your application as part of the submission package. It should be noted that pre-consultation minutes are valid for one year after the meeting date.

Development Application Process

Once an application has been deemed complete by a planner, it will be circulated to public agencies and County departments for review and comments. Notice of the application is also provided to adjacent land owners. The comments received assist the planner with the review and recommendation/approval of your application. The time involved in processing an application varies depending upon its complexity and its



acceptability to the other agencies and is subject to statutory *Planning Act* decision timeframes.

An additional fee will be required if a review by the Long Point Region Conservation Authority or by the Grand River Conservation Authority is deemed necessary by planning staff and/or by the Authority. A separate cheque payable to the Long Point Region Conservation Authority or the Grand River Conservation Authority is required in accordance with their fee schedule at the same time your application is submitted.

Additional studies required as part of the complete application shall be at the sole expense of the applicant. It should also be noted that in some instances peer reviews may be necessary to review particular studies and that the cost shall be at the expense of the applicant. The company to complete the peer review shall be selected by the County.

If the application is withdrawn prior to the circulation to commenting agencies, the entire original fee will be refunded. If withdrawn after the circulation to agencies, half the original fee will be refunded. If your drawings are required to be recirculated there will be an additional fee. Also, please note that if your engineering drawings require more than three reviews due to revisions by the owner or failure to revise your engineering drawings as requested, an additional fee will be charged. No refund is available after the public meeting and/or after approval of application.

Notification Sign Requirements

For the purpose of public notification and in order for staff to locate your lands for appropriate applications (zoning, subdivision, condominium or official plan) you will be given a sign to indicate the intent and purpose of your development application. It is your responsibility to:

- Post one sign per frontage in a conspicuous location on the subject lands;
- 2. Ensure one sign is posted at the front of the subject lands at least three feet above ground level, not on a tree;
- 3. Notify the Planner when the sign is in place in order to avoid processing delays; and
- Maintain the sign until the development application is finalized and thereafter removed.

Contact Us

For additional information or assistance in completing this application, please contact a planner at 519-426-5870 or 519-875-4485 extension 1842 or planning@norfolkcounty.ca. Please submit the completed application and fees to the attention of the Planning Department at 185 Robinson Street, Suite 200, Simcoe, ON N3Y 5L6.



For Office Use Only: File Number Related File Number Pre-consultation Meeting Application Submitted Complete Application		Conservation Authority Fee
Che	eck the type of planning applic	ation(s) you are submitting.
	Official Plan Amendment	
	Zoning By-Law Amendment	
	Temporary Use By-law	
	Draft Plan of Subdivision/Vac	ant Land Condominium
	Condominium Exemption	
X	Site Plan Application	
	Extension of a Temporary Us	e By-law
	Part Lot Control	
	Cash-in-Lieu of Parking	
	Renewable Energy Project or	Radio Communication Tower
zon	ing provision on the subject land /or official plan designation of the ilar)	result of this application (for example: a special s to include additional use(s), changing the zone e subject lands, creating a certain number of lots, or ction of a Long Term Care Home for 128 residents.
Pro	perty Assessment Roll Numbe	er: 33704019031



A. Applicant Informati	on
Name of Owner	2079095 Ontario Ltd
It is the responsibility of ownership within 30 days	the owner or applicant to notify the planner of any changes in s of such a change.
Address	
Town and Postal Code	
Phone Number	
Cell Number	
Email	
Name of Applicant	1000210811 Ontario Inc.
Address	
Town and Postal Code	
Phone Number	
Cell Number	
Email	
Name of Agent	Paul McCorquodale c/o 1000210811 Ontario Inc
Address	5015 Spectrum Way, Suite 600
Town and Postal Code	Mississauga L4W 0E4
Phone Number	
Cell Number	289 937 0372
Email	paul.mccorquodale@reveraliving.com
• •	all communications should be sent. Unless otherwise directed, notices in respect of this application will be forwarded to both above.
□ Owner	■ Agent ■ Applicant
Names and addresses of encumbrances on the su	f any holder of any mortgagees, charges or other bject lands:



B. Location, Legal Description and Property Information

Legal Description (include Geographic Township, Concession Number, Lot Number, Block Number and Urban Area or Hamlet):		
PIN No. 50258-1119 (LT)		
Municipal Civic Address: N/A		
Present Official Plan Designation(s): Urban Residential		
Present Zoning: Urban Residential Type 5 (R5)		
Is there a special provision or site specific zone on the subject lands?		
■ Yes □ No If yes, please specify corresponding number: 14.886		
Present use of the subject lands:		
4. Please describe all existing buildings or structures on the subject lands and whether they are to be retained, demolished or removed. If retaining the buildings of structures, please describe the type of buildings or structures, and illustrate the setback, in metric units, from front, rear and side lot lines, ground floor area, gross floor area, lot coverage, number of storeys, width, length, and height on your attached sketch which must be included with your application: NA		
If an addition to an existing building is being proposed, please explain what it will be used for (for example: bedroom, kitchen, or bathroom). If new fixtures are proposed, please describe. NA		
Please describe all proposed buildings or structures/additions on the subject lands. Describe the type of buildings or structures/additions, and illustrate the setback, in metric units, from front, rear and side lot lines, ground floor area, gross floor area, lot coverage, number of storeys, width, length, and height on your attached sketch which must be included with your application: Proposal is for the development and construction of a Long Term Care Home. See enclosed site plan.		



7.	Are any existing buildings on the subject lands designated under the <i>Ontario</i> Heritage Act as being architecturally and/or historically significant? Yes □ No ■			
	If yes, identify and provide details of the building:			
8.	If known, the length of time the existing uses have continued on the subject lands:			
9.	Existing use of abutting properties: Residential			
10	Are there any easements or restrictive covenants affecting the subject lands?			
	■ Yes □ No If yes, describe the easement or restrictive covenant and its effect: 1 1.NK102873 – Easement in favour of Union Gas Limited 2. NK116367 -Partial release of Easement No. NK102873 3. NK115294 -Sewer Easement in favour of the County			
C.	Purpose of Development Application			
No	te: Please complete all that apply.			
1.	Please explain what you propose to do on the subject lands/premises which makes this development application necessary: The development and construction of a Long Term Care Home.			
2.	Please explain why it is not possible to comply with the provision(s) of the Zoning By-law/and or Official Plan: NA			
3.	Does the requested amendment alter all or any part of the boundary of an area of settlement in the municipality or implement a new area of settlement in the municipality? Yes No If yes, describe its effect: NA			
4.	Does the requested amendment remove the subject land from an area of employment? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, describe its effect: NA			



5.	☐ Yes ■ No If y	ed amendment alter, replace, or delete a policy of the Official Plan? res, identify the policy, and also include a proposed text of the nt (if additional space is required, please attach a separate sheet):	
3.	Description of lan Frontage:	id intended to be severed in metric units: N/A	
	Depth:	N/A	
	Width:	N/A	
	Lot Area:	N/A	
	Present Use:	N/A	
	Proposed Use:	N/A	
	Proposed final lot	size (if boundary adjustment): N/A	
	If a boundary adjustment, identify the assessment roll number and property owner of		
	the lands to which the parcel will be added: N/A		
	Description of lan	d intended to be retained in metric units: N/A	
	Depth:	N/A	
	Width:	N/A	
	Lot Area:	N/A	
	Present Use:	N/A	
	Proposed Use:	N/A	
	Buildings on retai	ned land: N/A	
7.	Description of pro	pposed right-of-way/easement: N/A	
	Depth:	N/A	
	Width:	N/A	
	Area:	N/A	
	Proposed use:	N/A	
3.	Name of person(s	s), if known, to whom lands or interest in lands to be transferred, d (if known):	



9. Site Information Zoning **Proposed** Please indicate unit of measurement, for example: m, m² or % 131.2m 30m Lot frontage 204m Lot depth 131m Lot width 5.66 Acres Lot area 13.6% Lot coverage 3m 51.5m Front yard 49.7m 9m Rear yard 3m 6m Left Interior side yard 3m 20.5m Right Interior side yard Exterior side yard (corner lot) 7,448m2 Landscaped open space 6.7m Entrance access width 6.7m Exit access width Size of fencing or screening Type of fencing 10. Building Size 2 Number of storeys 7.78 Building height 31,647sf Total ground floor area 7056m2 Total gross floor area Total useable floor area 11. Off Street Parking and Loading Facilities Number of off street parking spaces 32 55 Number of visitor parking spaces _____ 3 Number of accessible parking spaces _____ Number of off street loading facilities _____



12.Residential (if applicable)		
Number of buildings existing:	0	
Number of buildings proposed:	1	
ls this a conversion or addition		☐ Yes ■ No
If yes, describe:		
Туре	Number of Units	Floor Area per Unit in m2
Single Detached		
Semi-Detached		
Duplex		
Triplex		
Four-plex		
Street Townhouse		
Stacked Townhouse		
Apartment - Bachelor		
Apartment - One bedroom		
Apartment - Two bedroom		
Apartment - Three bedroom		
Other facilities provided (for exa or swimming pool):	ample: play facilities, un	derground parking, games room,
13. Commercial/Industrial Uses	(if applicable)	
Number of buildings existing:	N/A	
Number of buildings proposed:	N/A	
Is this a conversion or addition	to an existing building?	☐ Yes ■ No
If yes, describe:		
Indicate the gross floor area by N/A	the type of use (for exa	imple: office, retail, or storage):



Seating Capacity (for assembly halls or similar	_{r):}		
Total number of fixed seats:	N/A		
Describe the type of business(es) proposed:	N/A N/A N/A N/A		
Total number of staff proposed initially:			
Total number of staff proposed in five years:			
Maximum number of staff on the largest shift:			
Is open storage required: \square Yes \square No			
Is a residential use proposed as part of, or ac	cessory to commercial/industrial use?		
☐ Yes ■ No If yes please describe:			
14. Institutional (if applicable)			
Describe the type of use proposed:	Long Term Care Home		
Seating capacity (if applicable):			
Number of beds (if applicable):	128		
Total number of staff proposed initially:			
Total number of staff proposed in five years:			
Maximum number of staff on the largest shift:			
Indicate the gross floor area by the type of use	e (for example: office, retail, or storage):		
15. Describe Recreational or Other Use(s) (if a	applicable)		



D.	Previous Use of the Property
1.	Has there been an industrial or commercial use on the subject lands or adjacent lands? \square Yes \blacksquare No \square Unknown
	If yes, specify the uses (for example: gas station or petroleum storage):
2.	Is there reason to believe the subject lands may have been contaminated by former uses on the site or adjacent sites? \square Yes \blacksquare No \square Unknown
3.	Provide the information you used to determine the answers to the above questions: Phase 1 Environmental Completed
4.	If you answered yes to any of the above questions in Section D, a previous use inventory showing all known former uses of the subject lands, or if appropriate, the adjacent lands, is needed. Is the previous use inventory attached? \square Yes \blacksquare No
E.	Provincial Policy
1.	Is the requested amendment consistent with the provincial policy statements issued under subsection 3(1) of the <i>Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. P. 13</i> ? \blacksquare Yes \square No
	If no, please explain:
2.	It is owner's responsibility to be aware of and comply with all relevant federal or provincial legislation, municipal by-laws or other agency approvals, including the Endangered Species Act, 2007. Have the subject lands been screened to ensure that development or site alteration will not have any impact on the habitat for endangered or threatened species further to the provincial policy statement subsection 2.1.7? Yes No
	If no, please explain:



3.	Have the subject lands been screened to ensure that development or site alteration will not have any impact on source water protection? \square Yes \square No			
	If no, please explain:			
	Note: If in an area of source water Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA) A, B or C please attach relevant information and approved mitigation measures from the Risk Manager Official.			
4.	Are any of the following uses or features on the subject lands or within 500 metres of the subject lands, unless otherwise specified? Please check boxes, if applicable.			
	Livestock facility or stockyard (submit MDS Calculation with application)			
	□ On the subject lands or □ within 500 meters – distance			
	☐ On the subject lands or ☐ within 500 meters – distance Active mine site within one kilometre			
	☐ On the subject lands or ☐ within 500 meters – distance Industrial or commercial use (specify the use(s))			
	☐ On the subject lands or ☐ within 500 meters – distance			
	Active railway line ☐ On the subject lands or ☐ within 500 meters – distance			
	Seasonal wetness of lands			
	☐ On the subject lands or ☐ within 500 meters – distance Erosion			
	☐ On the subject lands or ☐ within 500 meters – distance			
	Abandoned gas wells ☐ On the subject lands or ☐ within 500 meters – distance			



F.	Servicing and Access				
1.	Indicate what services are available or proposed: Water Supply				
	Municipal piped water		Communal wells		
	☐ Individual wells		Other (describe below)		
	Sewage Treatment				
	■ Municipal sewers		Communal system		
	☐ Septic tank and tile bed in good working order		Other (describe below)		
	Storm Drainage				
	Storm sewers		Open ditches		
	☐ Other (describe below)				
2.	Existing or proposed access to subject lands:				
	■ Municipal road		Provincial highway		
	☐ Unopened road		Other (describe below)		
	Name of road/street:				
G.	Other Information				
1.	Does the application involve a local business?				
2.	Is there any other information that you think may be application? If so, explain below or attach on a se				



H. Supporting Material to be submitted by Applicant

In order for your application to be considered complete, **folded** hard copies (number of paper copies as directed by the planner) and an **electronic version (PDF) of the properly named site plan drawings, additional plans, studies and reports** will be required, including but not limited to the following details:

- 1. Concept/Layout Plan
- All measurements in metric
- Key map
- 4. Scale, legend and north arrow
- 5. Legal description and municipal address
- 6. Development name
- 7. Drawing title, number, original date and revision dates
- 8. Owner's name, address and telephone number
- 9. Engineer's name, address and telephone number
- 10. Professional engineer's stamp
- 11. Existing and proposed easements and right of ways
- 12. Zoning compliance table required versus proposed
- 13. Parking space totals required and proposed
- 14. All entrances to parking areas marked with directional arrows
- 15. Loading spaces, facilities and routes (for commercial developments)
- 16. All dimensions of the subject lands
- 17. Dimensions and setbacks of all buildings and structures
- 18. Location and setbacks of septic system and well from all existing and proposed lot lines, and all existing and proposed structures
- 19. Gross, ground and useable floor area
- 20. Lot coverage
- 21. Floor area ratio
- 22. Building entrances, building type, height, grades and extent of overhangs
- 23. Names, dimensions and location of adjacent streets including daylighting triangles
- 24. Driveways, curbs, drop curbs, pavement markings, widths, radii and traffic directional signs
- 25. All exterior stairways and ramps with dimensions and setbacks
- 26. Retaining walls including materials proposed
- 27. Fire access and routes
- 28. Location, dimensions and number of parking spaces (including visitor and accessible) and drive aisles
- 29. Location of mechanical room, and other building services (e.g. A/C, HRV)
- 30. Refuse disposal and storage areas including any related screening (if indoors, need notation on site plan)
- 31. Winter snow storage location



- 32. Landscape areas with dimensions
- 33. Natural features, watercourses and trees
- 34. Fire hydrants and utilities location
- 35. Fencing, screening and buffering size, type and location
- 36. All hard surface materials
- 37. Light standards and wall mounted lights (plus a note on the site plan that all outdoor lighting is to be dark sky compliant)
- 38. Business signs (make sure they are not in sight lines)
- 39. Sidewalks and walkways with dimensions
- 40. Pedestrian access routes into site and around site
- 41. Bicycle parking
- 42. Architectural elevations of all building sides
- 43. All other requirements as per the pre-consultation meeting

may also be required as part of the complete application submission:
Zoning Deficiency Form
On-Site Sewage Disposal System Evaluation Form (to verify location and condition)
Architectural Plan
Buildings Elevation Plan
Cut and Fill Plan
Erosion and Sediment Control Plan
Grading and Drainage Control Plan (around perimeter and within site) (existing and proposed)
Landscape Plan
Photometric (Lighting) Plan
Plan and Profile Drawings
Site Servicing Plan
Storm water Management Plan
Street Sign and Traffic Plan
Street Tree Planting Plan
Tree Preservation Plan
Archaeological Assessment
Environmental Impact Study



	Functional Servicing Report
	Geotechnical Study / Hydrogeological Review
	Minimum Distance Separation Schedule
	Noise or Vibration Study
	Record of Site Condition
	Storm water Management Report
	Traffic Impact Study – please contact the Planner to verify the scope required
Site	 e Plan applications will require the following supporting materials: Two (2) complete sets of the site plan drawings folded to 8½ x 11 and an electronic version in PDF format Letter requesting that the Holding be removed (if applicable) A cost estimate prepared by the applicant's engineer An estimate for Parkland dedication by a certified land appraiser Property Identification Number (PIN) printout
	andard condominium exemptions will require the following supporting materials:
	Plan of standard condominium (2 paper copies and 1 electronic copy)
	Draft condominium declaration
	Property Identification Number (PIN) printout

Your development approval might also be dependent on Ministry of Environment and Climate Change, Ministry of Transportation or other relevant federal or provincial legislation, municipal by-laws or other agency approvals.

All final plans must include the owner's signature as well as the engineer's signature and seal.

I. Development Agreements

A development agreement may be required prior to approval for site plan, subdivision and condominium applications. Should this be necessary for your development, you will be contacted by the agreement administrator with further details of the requirements including but not limited to insurance coverage, professional liability for your engineer, additional fees and securities.



J. Transfers, Easements and Postponement of Interest

The owner acknowledges and agrees that if required it is their solicitor's responsibility on behalf of the owner for the registration of all transfer(s) of land to the County, and/or transfer(s) of easement in favour of the County and/or utilities. Also, the owner further acknowledges and agrees that it is their solicitor's responsibility on behalf of the owner for the registration of postponements of any charges in favour of the County.

K. Permission to Enter Subject Lands

Permission is hereby granted to Norfolk County officers, employees or agents, to enter the premises subject to this application for the purposes of making inspections associated with this application, during normal and reasonable working hours.

L. Freedom of Information

For the purposes of the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, I authorize and consent to the use by or the disclosure to any person or public body any

	information that is collected under the authority of the 13 for the purposes of processing this application.	ne <i>Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. P.</i> May 13, 2022			
	Owner/Applicant Signature	Date			
	M. Owner's Authorization				
	If the applicant/agent is not the registered owner of application, the owner(s) must complete the authorize	-			
	I/Weam/are the registered owner(s) of the				
1-0	lands that is the subject of this application.				
JESC	I/We authorize <u>Revera Inc</u> .1000210811 Ontario In	c. to make this application on			
	my/our behalf and to provide any of my/our personal processing of this application. Moreover, this shall be				
authorization for so doing. April 27, 2022					
	Owner	Date			
	Owner	Date			

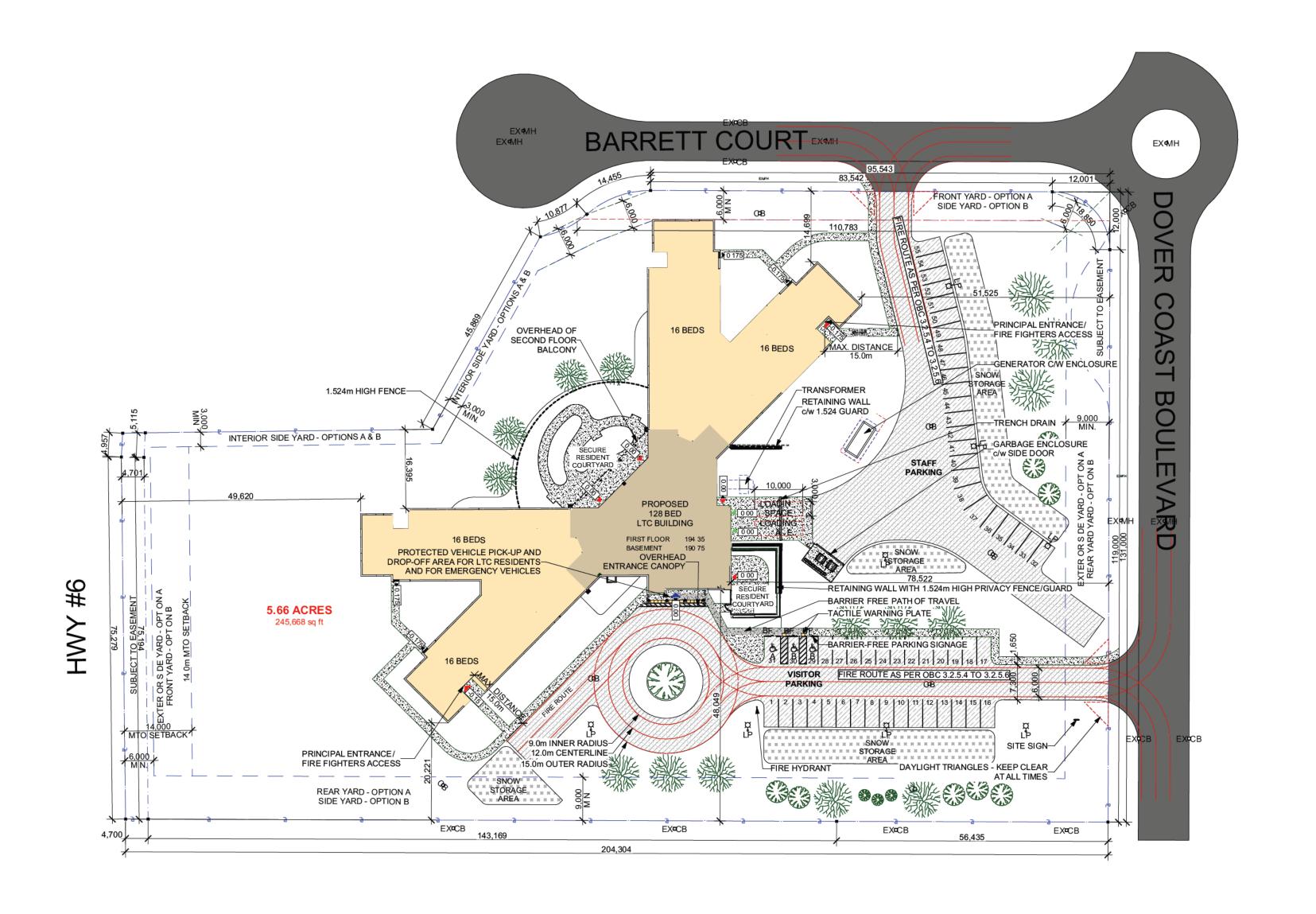


N. C	Declaration		
Ι,	Frank Cerrone	_of _	The City of Toronto
sole	emnly declare that:		
tran beli	of the above statements and the state esmitted herewith are true and I make eving it to be true and knowing that it ler oath and by virtue of <i>The Canada</i>	this so	olemn declaration conscientiously he same force and effect as if made
Dec	clared before me at:		ElevClon
In _	Mississauga		Owner/Applicant Signature
This	s 13th day of May		
A.D	., 20 <u>22</u>		

A Commissioner, etc.

Taylor Lash







OVERALL SITE PLAN

A100 1:625

SITE PLAN NOTES

- CONTRACTOR TO MAKE GOOD ALL EXISTING AREAS (INSIDE OR OUTSIDE THE PROPERTY LINE) DISTURBED OR DAMAGED DURING PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION, WHETHER SHOWN ON DRAWINGS OR NOT.
- SITE PLANS ARE TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH DETAILS AND INFORMATION SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON DRAWINGS. IN THE EVENT OF DISCREPANCIES THE MORE STRINGENT REQUIREMENT SHALL GOVERN.
- ALL EXCAVATION SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PREVENT MOVEMENT WHICH WOULD CAUSE DAMAGE TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES, EXISTING STRUCTURES, UTILITIES, ROADS & SIDEWALS, ETC. AT ALL STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION. EXCAVATIONS THAT EXCEED 1.2 M (4 FT.) IN DEPTH SHALL BE SHORED OR CUT BACK AT THE TOP SO THAT THE ANGLE OF THE CUT DOES NOT EXCEED 1:1 SLOPE. IF SHORING IS TO BE PROVIDED, SUBMIT DRAWINGS WITH DESIGN PARAMETERS CLEARLY STATED AND PREPARED BY P. ENG. (REGISTERED IN ONTARIO) WITH SEAL AND SIGNATURE, FOE APPROVAL UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT APPLICATION.
- DISTANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METERS AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048.
- DO NOT DISTURB OR REMOVE ANY EXISTING VEGETATION (TREES, SHRUBS, GROUND COVER, ETC.) WITHOUT ARCHITECT'S WRITTEN APPROVAL.

MUNICIPAL I	REVIE	CW .	SITE DATA		
PROJECT NO	1822	BARRETT COURT PORT	DOVER ONTARIO CANADA		
DESCRIPTION		2 STOREY, 128 BED LO	2 STOREY, 128 BED LONG TERM CARE FACILITY		
OFFICIAL PLAN		URBAN RESIDENTIAL			
BY LAW		1 Z 2014 & SPECIAL PR	OVISION 14.886 IN 19 Z 2020		
ZONING		URBAN RESIDENTIAL T	YPE 5 ZONE (R5) & SP 14.886		
PERMITTED USES		LONG TERM CARE IN S	PECIAL PROVISION 14.886		
REGULATION		REQUIREMENT ACTUAL			
LOT AREA		540.0 m ²	22,823.0 m ² (5.66 ACRES)		
LOT FRONTAGE		MIN. 30.0 m	110.783 m: OPTION A (BARRETT COURT) 80.236 m: OPTION B (HWY #6)		
LOT COVERAGE		N/A 13.6% (3,106 m²)			
HARDSCAPE AREA		N/A 4,336 m ²			
FRONT YARD		MIN. 6.0 m 6.0 m: BARRETT COURT OPTION A 49.522 m: HWY #6 OPTION B			
REAR YARD MIN. 9.0 m		MIN. 9.0 m	20.211 m: SOUTH SIDE OPTION A 51.525 m: DOVER COAST OPTION B		
SIDE YARD (EXTERI OPTION A	OR)	MIN. 6.0 m	49.522 m: HWY #6 51.525 m: BARRETT COURT		
SIDE YARD (EXTERI OPTION B	OR)	MIN. 6.0 m	NONE		
SIDE YARD (INTERIO	OR)	MIN. 3.0 m	16.396 m: NORTH SIDE OPTION A 16.396 m NORTH & 20.211 m SOUTH OPTION B		
HEIGHT		MAX. 11.0 m [1 Z 2014]	7.78 m (REFER TO ELEVATION DRAWINGS) 2 STOREYS		

MUNICIPAL REVIEW	PARKING DATA		
REGULATION	REQUIREMENT	ACTUAL	
PARKING	ZONING REQUIRES 1 PER 4 BEDS = 32 SPACES	REFER TO PARKING THIS DRAWING	
DRIVING LANE WIDTH	MIN. 7.3 m	7.3 m	
PARKING AISLE WIDTH	MIN. 7.3 m	7.3 m	
PARKING SPACE	3.0 m x 5.8 m MINIMUM	3.0 m x 5.8 m	
ACCESSIBLE PARKING			
TYPE A	3.4 m x 5.8 m MINIMUM	3.4 m x 5.8 m	
TYPE B	2.4 m x 5.8 m MINIMUM	2.4 m x 5.8 m	
LANDSCAPED OPEN SPACE		32.5% (7,448 m²)	
BUILDING AREA		3,111 m ²	
GROSS FLOOR AREA		7,050 m ²	

Building GF	FA
Story	Area
BASEMENT	844.6
FIRST FLOOR	3,111.4
SECOND FLOOR	3,094.4
	7,050.4 m ²

The Contractor shall be fully liable for all costs and any damages incurred as a result of the raising of dust or the erosion, spillage or tracking of soil or other debris from the Lands onto adjacent lands and municipal highways, and will NG TABLE ON indemnify the County against any claim made as a result of such problems. The Contractor shall regularly inspect the property for discarded waste material or items that may accumulate on lands. The Contractor shall collect and dispose of said waste forthwith in an appropriate manner to the satisfaction of the Director of Development Engineering, all to prevent unsightly conditions.

PARKING CALCULATION

PARKING REQUIRED FOR NORFOLK COUNTY LONG TERM CARE FACILITY

1. ZONING REQUIRES 1 SPACE PER 4 BEDS 128 BEDS RESULTING IN 32 SPACES (128 / 4 = 32)

2. BARRIER FREE PARKING FOR 32 TOTAL SPACES = 2 SPACES REQUIRED. 1 TYPE A REQUIRED

3. PARKING PROVIDED 52 STANDARD SPACES. 3 BARRIER FREE SPACES (1 TYPE A/2 TYPE B)

1 TYPE B REQUIRED

TOTAL 55 SPACES

revera

SITE PLAN LEGEND

BASEMENT

PROPOSED BUILDING

PROPOSED BUILDING

LIGHT DUTY ASPHALT

HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT

PROPERTY LINE

CHAIN LINK FENCE

MAIN ENTRANCE / PRINCIPLE ENTRANCE

SERVICE ENTRANCE

ENTRANCE

ENTRANCE BUILDING EXIT

ELEV. (m)

DROP CURB

LOCATION

SNOW STORAGE

XFH EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT

CXCB EXISTING CATCH BASIN

EXISTING MANHOLE

PROPOSED SOFFIT

LIGHT FIXTURE

PROPOSED LIGHT POLE

STALL SIGN

HYDRO POLE

PAINTED LINES AT PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK

NUMBER

AND WIDTH

RWL RAIN WATER LEADER

All applicable signs will be subject to the

provisions of Norfolk County Sign by law

2009 66, as amended, and a separate sign

application will be required through the

- - - - FLUSH CURB

Building Division.

GRAVEL DRIVEWAY

BORE HOLE LOCATION AND

FIRE ROUTE CENTERLINE

MOUNTED LIGHT FIXTURE

PROPOSED WALL MOUNT

BARRIER FREE PARKING

FIRE ROUTE, NO PARKING

HYDRO BRACING POLE

PROPOSED BOLLARD LIGHT FIXTURE

SECONDARY BUILDING

SECONDARY PRINCIPLE

EXTERIOR GRADE ELEV. IN RELATION TO ADJACENT INTERIOR FINISH FLOOR

BARRIER FREE PARKING

CONCRETE SIDEWALK OR

1 IN 12 SLOPE DOWN TO

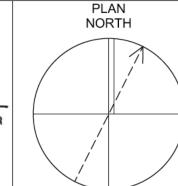


KEY SITE PLAN				
Prints issued to				
Particulars	No.	Date	Ву	
OWNER & CONSULTANTS	1	19/11/19	DDI	
OWNER FOR REVIEW	2	22/01/06	DDI	
OWNER & CONSULTANTS	3	22/01/10	DDI	
OWNER FOR DRAFT SPA	4	22/02/18	DDI	
OWNER FOR SPA	5	22/02/25	DDI	
OWNER FOR SPARESUBMISSION	6	22/12/20	DDI	
OWNER FOR CM RFP	7	23/01/24	DDI	

Brantford Studio 127 Brant Ave., Brantford, ON N3T 3H5 519.756.6331 1.877.789.6662 www.mmmc.on.ca



Revisions to drawing



ONTARIO

No. Date By

All previous issues of this

drawing are superseded.

REVERA LIVING

REVERA DOVER CLIFFS

BARRETT COURT PORT DOVER

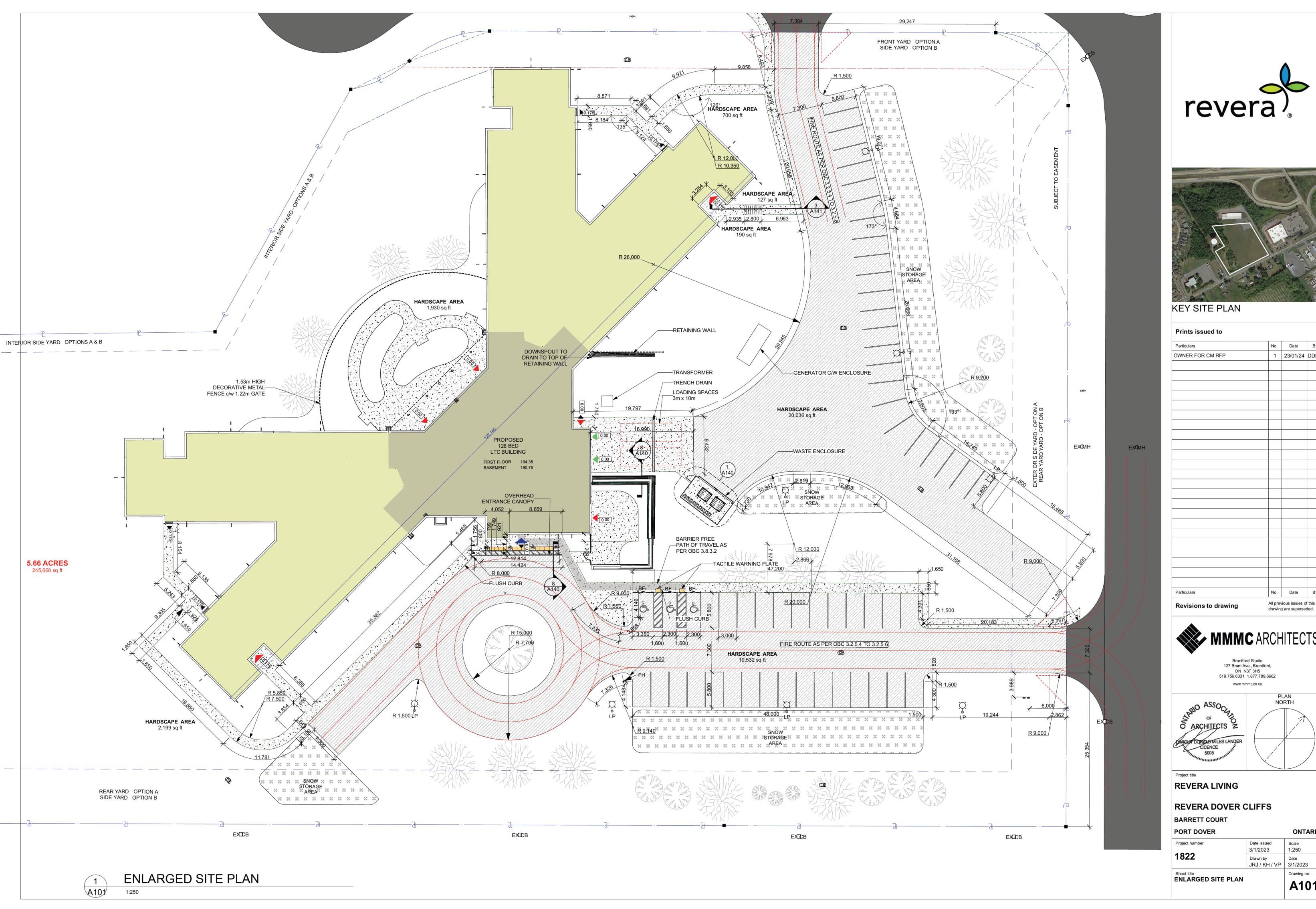
Date issued Project number 3/1/2023 1:500, 1:20, 1:10 1822 JRJ / KH / VP | 3/1/2023

SITE PLAN

Drawing no. A100

- A100

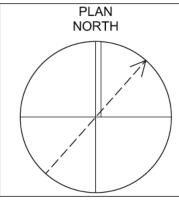
MUNICIPAL REVIEW





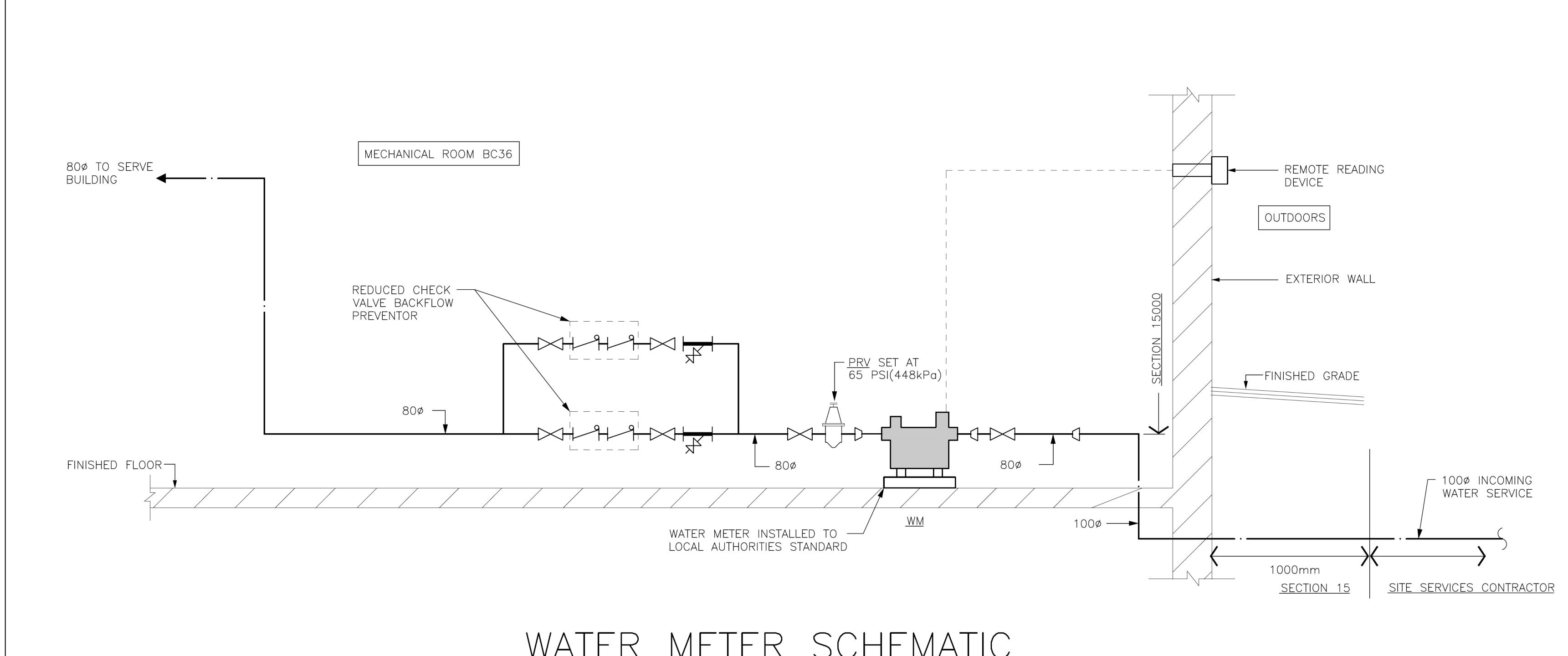


Prints issued to			
Particulars	No.	Date	Ву
OWNER FOR CM RFP	1	23/01/24	DDM
Particulars	No.	Date	Ву



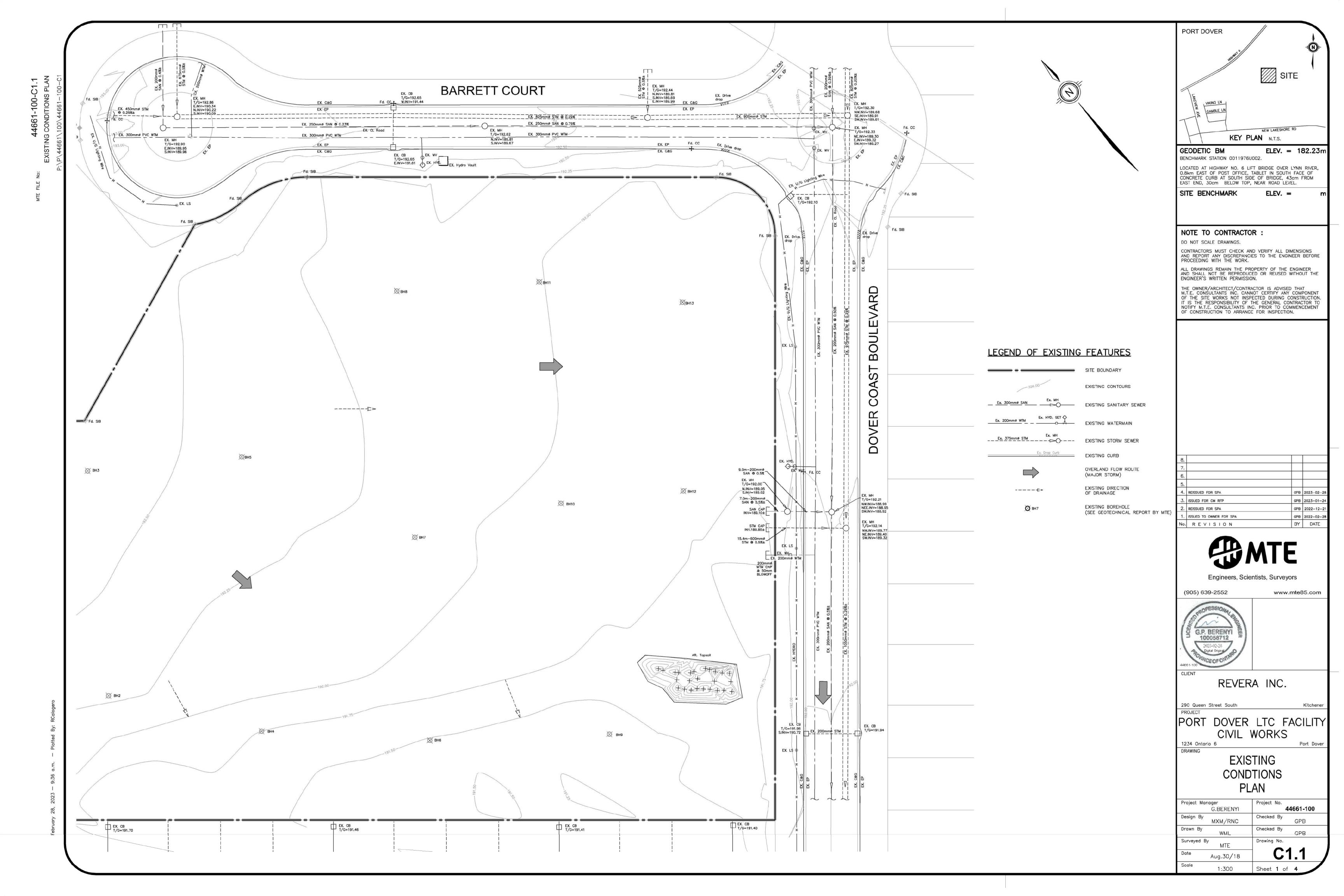
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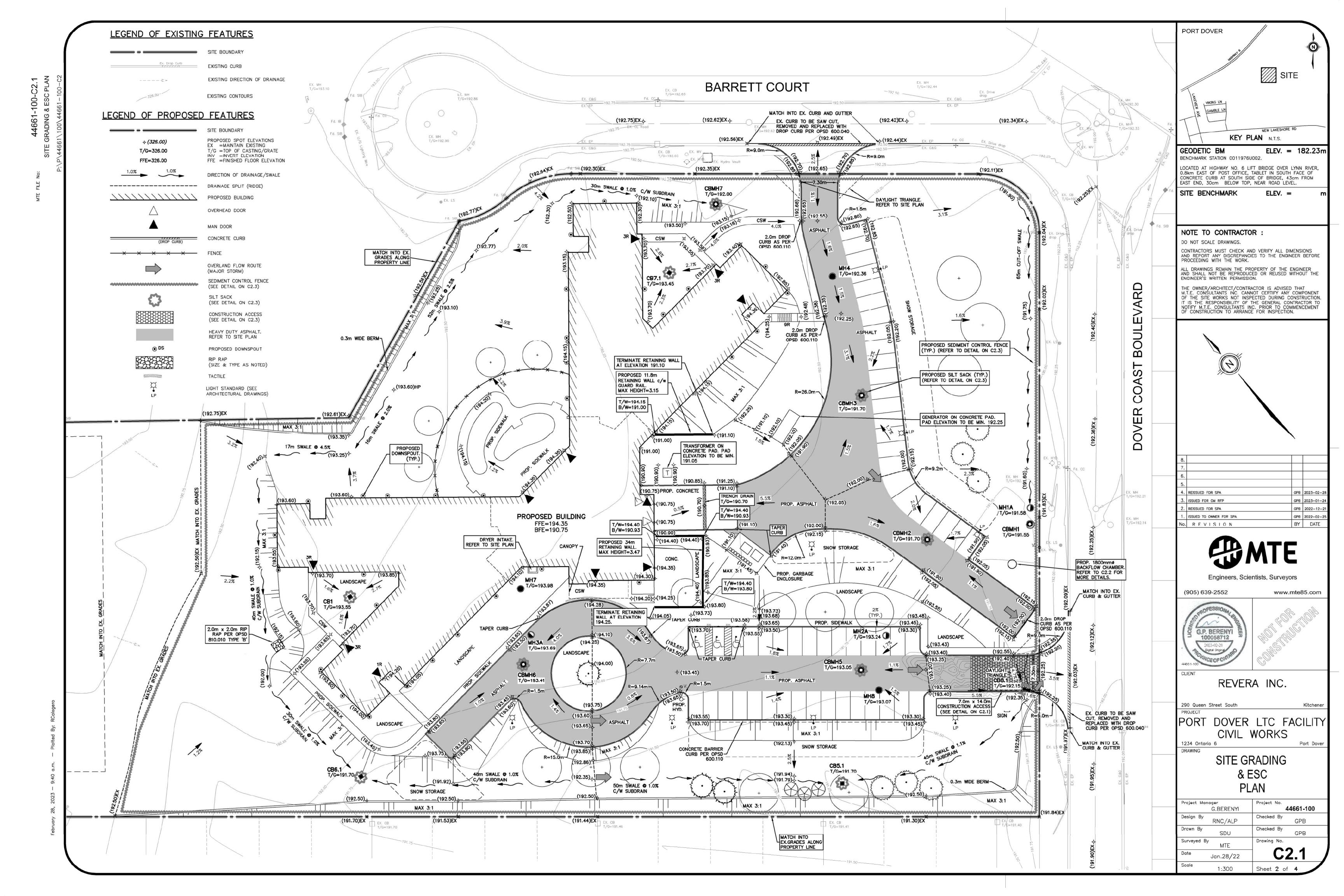
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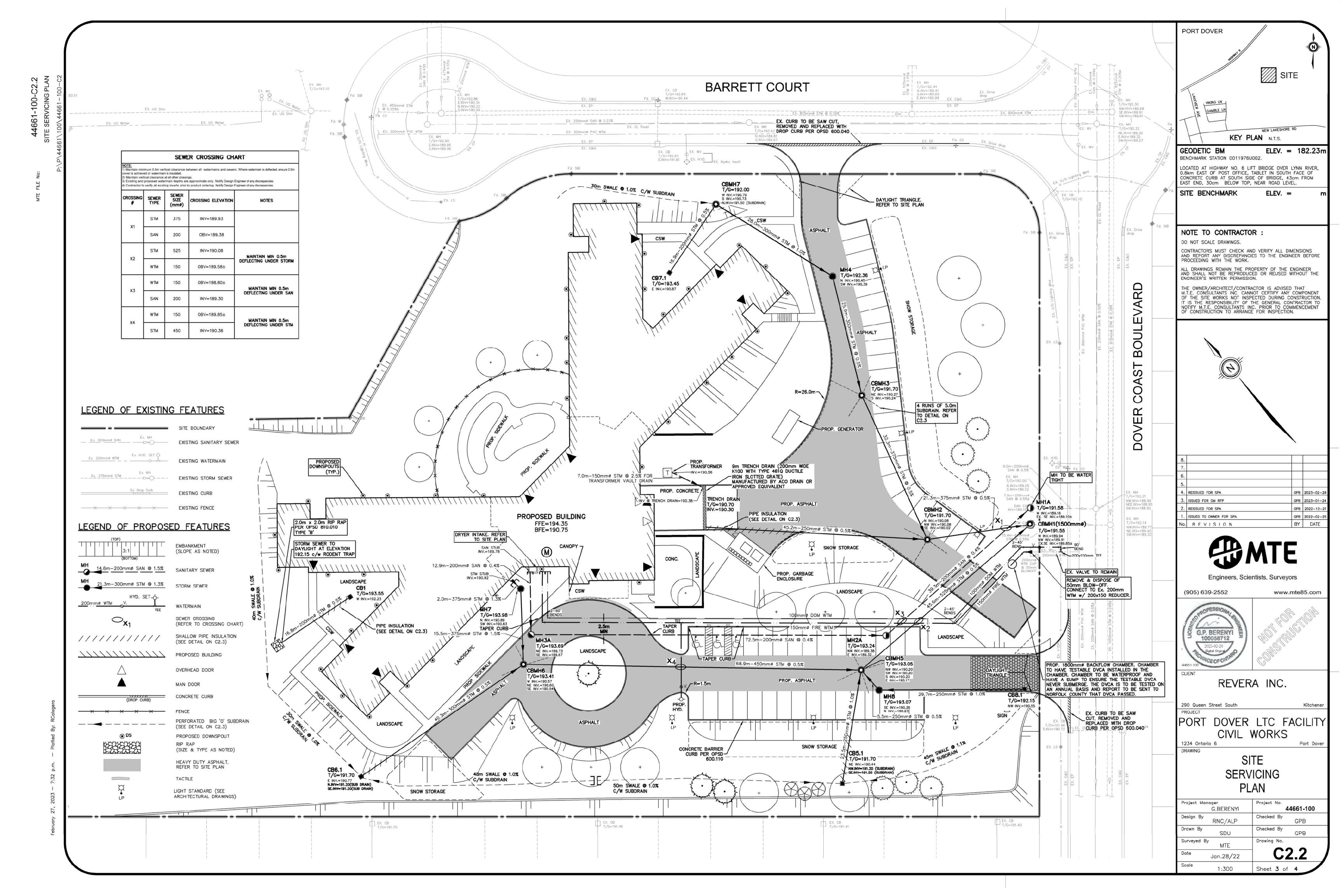


METER SCHEMATIC

N.T.S.







CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

- 1.1. THESE PLANS ARE NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL SIGNED AND SEALED BY ENGINEER AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL
- MUNICIPALITY. 1.2. THESE PLANS ARE TO BE USED FOR SERVICING AND GRADING ONLY; ANY OTHER INFORMATION SHOWN IS FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. THESE PLANS MUST NOT BE USED TO SITE
- 1.3. NO CHANGES ARE TO BE MADE WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER.
- 1.4. THESE PLANS ARE NOT TO BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT THE PERMISSION OF MTE CONSULTANTS INC.
- 1.5. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR MUST:

THE PROPOSED BUILDING.

- 1.5.1. CHECK AND VERIFY ALL EXISTING CONDITIONS, LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS WHICH INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO THE BENCHMARK ELEVATIONS, EXISTING SERVICE CONNECTIONS AND EXISTING INVERTS. REPORT AL DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING.
- 1.5.2. OBTAIN ALL UTILITY LOCATES AND REQUIRED PERMITS AND
- 1.5.3. VERIFY THAT THE FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATIONS AND BASEMENT FLOOR ELEVATIONS (WHICH MAY APPEAR ON THIS PLAN) COMPLY WITH THE FINAL ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.
- 1.5.4. CONFIRM ALL DRAWINGS USED FOR CONSTRUCTION ARE OF THE MOST RECENT REVISION.
- 1.6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING WORKS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR RESTORATION OF ALL DAMAGED AND/OR DISTURBED PROPERTY WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL RIGHT-OF-WAY TO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STANDARDS
- 1.7. ALL WORKS ON A MUNICIPAL RIGHT-OF-WAY WITH THE EXCEPTION OF WATERMAIN TAPPING, TO BE INSTALLED BY TH OWNER'S CONTRACTOR AT OWNER'S EXPENSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY'S "PROCEDURE FOR OFF-SITE WORKS BY PRIVATE CONTRACTOR". THE OWNER AND CONTRACTOR ARE TO ENSURE OFF-SITE WORKS PERMIT IS IN PLACE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR I RESPONSIBLE FOR RESTORATION OF ALL AFFECTED PROPERTY TO ORIGINAL CONDITION. ALL BOULEVARD AREAS SHALL BE RESTORED WITH 150mm TOPSOIL AND SOD.
- 1.8. ALL UNDERGROUND SERVICES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE ONTARIO PROVINCIAL BUILDING CODE (PART 7, PLUMBING), THE ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS (OPSS) AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY AND THE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF WATERLOO; WHICH CODES AND REGULATIONS SHALL SUPERSEDE ALL OTHERS.
- 1.9. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING ENGINEER 48 HRS PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK TO ARRANGE FOR INSPECTION. ENGINEER TO DETERMINE DEGREE OF INSPECTION AND TESTING REQUIRED FOR CERTIFICATION OF UNDERGROUND SERVICE INSTALLATION AS MANDATED BY ONTARIO BUILDING CODE, DIVISION C, PART 1, SECTION 1.2.2, GENERAL REVIEW. FAILURE TO NOTIFY ENGINEER WILL RESULT IN EXTENSIVE POST CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION AT CONTRACTORS EXPENSE.
- 1.10. SANITARY AND STORM SEWERS AND SERVICES TO HAVE A MINIMUM 1.4m COVER TO TOP OF PIPE, WHERE COVER TO TOP OF PIPE IS DEFICIENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL SHALLOW BURIED PIPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE "SEWER PIPE INSULATION DETAIL" INDICATED IN DRAWING DETAILS. CONTACT DESIGN ENGINEER FOR "SEWER PIPE INSULATION DETAIL" IF
- 1.11. PLAN TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH SWM REPORT AND DRAWINGS C2.1 AND C2.2 PREPARED BY MTE CONSULTANTS INC. AND LANDSCAPE PLAN.
- 1.12. SITE PLAN INFORMATION TAKEN FROM PLAN PREPARED BY MMMC ARCHITECTS RECEIVED DECEMBER 20, 2022.
- 1.13. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC AND LEGAL INFORMATION TAKEN FROM PLAN PREPARED BY MTE, DATED AUGUST 27, 2017. MTE ASSUMES THAT ALL TOPOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION IS AN CCURATE REPRESENTATION OF CURRENT CONDITIONS.
- 1.14. CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNER PRIOR TO ENTERING UPON NEIGHBOURING LANDS TO UNDERTAKE ANY WORK, COPIES OF THESE LETTERS OF CONSENT SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO ANY WORK BEING PERFORMED. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE ABOVE IS AT CONTRACTOR'S OWN RISK.
- 1.15. RETAINING WALLS TO BE DESIGNED BY OTHERS. FOR WALLS EXCEEDING 1.0m IN HEIGHT, SHOP DRAWINGS MUST E SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL AND BUILDING PERMI MUST BE OBTAINED. WALLS OVER 0.6m IN HEIGHT REQUIRE HIGH SIDE OF RETAINING WALLS TO BE BACKFILLED WITH FREE DRAINING MATERIAL.
- 1.16. ALL RETAINING WALLS 1.0m IN HEIGHT AND OVER MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CBO. ALL RETAINING WALLS LESS THAN 1.0m IN HEIGHT MUST BE APPROVED BY PLANNING.
- 1.17. SITE SERVICING CONTRACTOR TO TERMINATE ALL SERVICES 1 METRE FROM FOUNDATION WALL.
- 1.18. FILTER FABRIC TO BE TERRAFIX 200R OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- 1.19. MAXIMUM GRASSED SLOPE TO BE 3:1. SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1 TO BE LANDSCAPED WITH LOW MAINTENANCE GROUND
- 1.20. SIDE SLOPES OF ALL STOCKPILES OR EXTRACTION FACES TO BE MAINTAINED AT 70 DEGREES OR LESS DETWEEN EARLY APRIL AND LATE AUGUST TO DETER BANK SWALLOWS FROM NESTING.
- 1.21. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL TRAFFIC AND SAFETY MEASURES DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD INCLUDING THE SUPPLY. INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL OF ALL NECESSARY SIGNALS, DELINEATORS, MARKERS, AND BARRIERS, ALL SIGNS, ETC. SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS OF THE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY AND THE MTO MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 1.22. THE POSITION OF POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMAINS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND, WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INFORM HIMSELF OF THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND SHALL ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.
- 1.23. CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN A 'CONFINED TRENCH CONDITION' IN ALL SEWER AND SERVICE TRENCHES.
- 1.24. FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF PROPOSED WORKS AND PRIOR TO OCCUPANCY INSPECTION, ALL STORM AND SANITARY SEWERS ARE TO BE FLUSHED. AND ALL CATCHBASIN AND CATCHBASIN MANHOLE SUMPS ARE TO BE CLEANED OF DEBRIS AND SILT.

2. STORM SEWERS

- 2.1. PIPE BEDDING FOR RIGID PIPE TO BE CLASS "B" AS PER OPSD 802.030, 802.031, OR 802.032. PIPE BEDDING FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE TO BE AS PER OPSD 802.010. BEDDING MATERIAL AND COVER MATERIAL TO BE GRANULAR "A". TRENCH BACKFILL TO BE NATIVE MATERIAL REPLACED IN 300mm LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.
- 2.2. STORM SEWERS 200mmø TO 375mmø SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE DR35 ASTM-D3034 OR RIBBED PVC SEWER PIPE CSA B182 4-M90 ASTM-F794 WITH INTEGRAL BELL AND SPIGOT UTILIZING FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC SEALS. RIBBED PVC NOT TO BE USED WITHIN RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 2.3. STORM SEWERS, 450mmø AND LARGER, SHALL BE CONCRETE PIPE, CSA-A257.2 65-D WITH RUBBER GASKET JOINT OR

- RIBBED PVC SEWER PIPE CSA B182.4-M90 ASTM-F794 WITH INTEGRAL BELL AND SPIGOT UTILIZING FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC RIBBED PVC NOT TO BE USED WITHIN RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 2.4. FACTORY FABRICATED WYES SHALL BE USED FOR ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS.
- 2.5. MANHOLES AND MANHOLE CATCHBASINS TO BE 1200mmø PRECAST WITH ALUMINIUM STEPS AT 300mm CENTRES AS PER OPSD 701.010 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- CATCHBASINS TO BE 600mm SQUARE PRECAST AS PER OPSD

CATCHBASIN MANHOLES AND CATCHBASINS TO HAVE A MINIMUM

- 600mm DEEP SUMP. WHEN THE STRUCTURE INCLUDES THE INSTALLATION OF A SNOUT (OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT) THE SUMP DEPTH TO BE MIN 2.5 TIMES THE OUTLET PIPE DIAMETER
- 2.8. MANHOLE AND CATCHBASIN, FRAMES, GRATES, CASTINGS AND LIDS TO BE QUALITY GREY IRON ASTM A48 CLASS 30B.
- STORM MANHOLE LIDS TO BE PER OPSD 401.010 TYPE 'B' CATCHBASIN AND CATCHBASIN MANHOLE GRATES TO BE PER OPSD 400.100. DITCH INLET CATCHBASIN GRATES TO BE PER
- 2.10. STORM STRUCTURES TO HAVE A MAXIMUM OF THREE ADJUSTMENT UNITS (300mm MAXIMUM TOTAL) AND A MINIMUM OF ONE RISER.
- 2.11. STORM SEWERS AND SERVICES TO HAVE MINIMUM 1.4m COVER TO TOP OF PIPE. WHERE COVER TO TOP OF PIPE IS DEFICIENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL SHALLOW BURIED SEWER PIPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE "SEWER PIPE INSULATION DETAIL" INDICATED IN DRAWING DETAILS. INSULATION SHALL BE RIGID EXTRUDED POLYSTYRENE (EPS) BOARD, WITH A THICKNESS SUFFICIENT TO PROVIDE AN RSI-1.76 (R10) INSULATING FACTOR (TYPICALLY 50-65mm). INSULATION BOARD WIDTH SHALL BE 1.8m FOR UP TO 200mm NOMINAL PIPE DIAMETER, 2.4m FOR 201mm-800mm DIAMETER AND 3.0m FOR 801mm-1400mm. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE TIGHTLY BUTTED TOGETHER (TAPE OR OTHERWISE SECURE JOINTS TO RESIST MOVEMENT DURING BACKFILL COVER). RIGID EPS BOARD SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 140kPa (20psi) AND A MAXIMUM WATER ABSORPTION RATE OF 2.0% BY VOLUME. ACCEPTABLE PRODUCTS ARE DOW STYROFOAM-SM OF -HI (FULL LINE), OWENS CORNING FOAMULAR (200, 250, OR HIGHER), PLASTISPAN HD-M28 OR OTHER ENGINEER-APPROVED
- 2.12. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE BUILDING FOUNDATION DRAINS BE CONNECTED DIRECTLY TO THE STORM SEWER
- 2.13. ALL WEEPING TILE DRAINAGE TO BE PUMPED TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM.

- PIPE BEDDING FOR RIGID PIPE TO BE CLASS "B" AS PER OPSD 802.030. PIPE BEDDING FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE TO BE AS PER OPSD 802.010. BEDDING MATERIAL AND COVER MATERIAL TO BE GRANULAR "A". TRENCH BACKFILL TO BE NATIVE MATERIAL REPLACED IN 300mm LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.
- SANITARY SEWERS 150mmø AND SMALLER SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE DR28 ASTM-D3034 WITH INTEGRAL BELL AND SPIGOT UTILIZING FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC SEALS.
- SANITARY SEWERS 200mmø TO 600mmø INCLUSIVE SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE DR35 ASTM-D3034 WITH INTEGRAL BELL AND SPIGOT UTILIZING FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC
- MANHOLES TO BE 1200mmø PRECAST WITH ALUMINIUM STEPS AT 300mm CENTRES AS PER OPSD 701.010 UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 3.5. MANHOLES TO BE BENCHED PER OPSD 701.021.
- 3.6. SANITARY MANHOLE LIDS TO BE PER OPSD 401.010 TYPE 'A'.
- 3.7. MANHOLE FRAMES, CASTINGS AND LIDS TO BE QUALITY GREY
- 3.8. SANITARY STRUCTURES TO HAVE A MAXIMUM OF THREE ADJUSTMENT UNITS (300mm MAXIMUM TOTAL) AND A MINIMUM OF ONE RISER.
- 3.9. FACTORY FABRICATED WYES SHALL BE USED FOR ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS.
- 3.10. SANITARY SEWERS AND SERVICES TO HAVE MINIMUM 1.4m COVER ON TOP OF PIPE. WHERE COVER TO TOP OF PIPE IS DEFICIENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL SHALLOW BURIED PIPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE "SEWER PIPE INSULATION DETAIL" INDICATED IN DRAWING DETAILS. INSULATION SHALL B RIGID EXTRUDED POLYSTYRENE (EPS) BOARD, WITH THICKNESS SUFFICIENT TO PROVIDE AN RSI-1.76 (R10) INSULATING FACTOR (TYPICALLY 50-65mm), INSULATION BOARD WIDTH SHALL BE 1.8m FOR UP TO 200mm NOMINAL PIPE DIAMETER. 2.4m FOR 201mm-800mm DIAMETER AND 3.0m FOR 801mm-1400mm. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE TIGHTLY BUTTED TOGETHER (TAPE OR OTHERWISE SECURE JOINTS TO RESIST MOVEMENT DURING BACKFILL PLACEMENT). RIGID EPS BOARD SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 140kPa (20psi), AND A MAXIMUM WATER ABSORPTION RATE OF 2.0% BY VOLUME. ACCEPTABLE PRODUCTS ARE DOW STYROFOAM-SM OR -HI (FULL LINE), OWENS CORNING FOAMULAR (200, 250, OR HIGHER), PLASTISPAN HD-M28 OR OTHER ENGINEER-APPROVED
- 3.11. PVC FORCEMAIN SHALL HAVE TWU STRANDED COPPER, AWG8 TRACER WIRE STRAPPED TO TOP AT 5 METRE INTERVALS.
- 3.12. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR TESTING OF SANITARY SEWERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 410.

- PIPE BEDDING FOR RIGID PIPE TO BE CLASS "B" AS PER OPSD 802.030. PIPE BEDDING FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE TO BE AS PER OPSD 802.010, BEDDING MATERIAL AND COVER MATERIAL TO BE GRANULAR "A". TRENCH BACKFILL TO BE NATIVE MATERIA REPLACED IN 300mm LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.
- 4.2. WATERMAINS 100mmø AND LARGER SHALL BE PVC C900 CLASS 150 INSTALLED WITH MINIMUM 2.0 METRES OF COVER. FITTINGS 100mmø AND LARGER SHALL BE PVC CLASS 150 (DR18) CSA
- 4.3. WATERMAIN FITTINGS TO BE SUPPLIED WITH MECHANICAL JOINT RESTRAINTS. FOR WATERMAIN PIPE SIZES 150mmø OR LESS ALL PIPE JOINTS TO BE RESTRAINED WITHIN 5.0m FROM ALL FITTINGS, IN EACH DIRECTION, UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS. FOR WATERMAIN PIPE SIZES GREATER THAN 150mmø ALL PIPE JOINTS TO BE RESTRAINED WITHIN 10.0m FROM ALL FITTINGS, IN EACH DIRECTION, UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS. ALL TEES TO HAVE MINIMUM 2.0m SOLID PIPE LENGTH ON EACH RUN OF THE TEE, OR PROVIDE A THRUST BLOCK PER OPSD 1103.010.
- 4.4. ALL METALLIC FITTINGS (EXCLUDING CURB/MAIN STOP AND BRASS FITTINGS) AND APPURTENANCES INCLUDING SADDLES, VALVES, TEES, BENDS ETC ARE TO BE WRAPPED WITH AN APPROVED PETROLATUM SYSTEM CONSISTING OF PASTE, MASTIC AND TAPE. PARTICULAR ATTENTION SHALL BE PAID TO ANODE INSTALLATION. CONTRACTOR TO REFER TO THE MOST RECENT EDITION OF THE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY AND AREA MUNICIPALITIES DESIGN GUIDELINES AND SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR MUNICIPAL SERVICES.
- WATERMAIN VALVES 100mmø AND LARGER SHALL BE AS PER AWWA C509 - MUELLER A2360-23 OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT (OPEN LEFT) INCLUDING VALVE BOX AND 2.3Kg ANODE INCLUDING ANODE PROTECTION INSTALLED PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STANDARDS.
- PVC WATERMAIN SHALL HAVE TWU STRANDED COPPER, AWG8 TRACER WIRE STRAPPED TO TOP AT 5 METRE INTERVALS. TRACER WIRE SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE SURFACE AT ALL

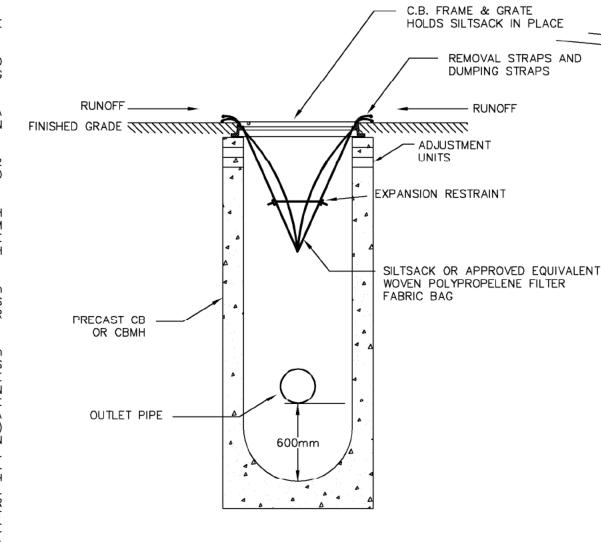
- HYDRANTS AND CAD WELDED TO THE LOWER FLANGE OF THE
- 4.7. HYDRANTS SHALL BE CANADA VALVE "CENTURY" OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT WITH 2-64mm HOSE CONNECTIONS INCLUDING 5.5Ka ANODE.
- MAIN STOPS, CURB STOPS AND COUPLINGS SHALL BE AWWA C-800 COPPER TO COPPER FLANGED OR COMPRESSION FINISHED GRADE CONNECTION OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT.
- SERVICE BOXES TO BE FERGUSON ECLIPSE TYPE FIGURE 222 SIZE NO. 9 OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT COMPLETE WITH ROD
- 4.10. WATER CONNECTIONS MAY BE PLACED IN THE SAME TRENCH WITH A STORM OR SANITARY CONNECTION ONLY IF A MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 500mm IS MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE WATER SERVICE AND ANY OTHER PIPE. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 7.3.5.7.(2)(a)(i) OF THE ONTARIO BUILDING CODE.
- 4.11. ALL WATERMAINS AND SERVICES TO HAVE MINIMUM 2.0m COVER ON TOP OF PIPE. WHERE COVER TO TOP OF PIPE IS DEFICIENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT DESIGN ENGINEER FOR WATER PIPE INSULATION DETAIL
- 4.12. ALL WATERMAINS AND SERVICES TO HAVE MINIMUM 2.0n COVER ON TOP OF PIPE. WHERE COVER TO TOP OF PIPE IS DEFICIENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL SHALLOW BURIED PIPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE "WATER PIPE INSULATION DETAIL" INDICATED IN DRAWING DETAILS, INSULATION SHALL BE RIGID EXTRUDED POLYSTYRENE (EPS) BOARD, WITH THICKNESS SUFFICIENT TO PROVIDE AN RSI-3.52 (R20) INSULATING FACTOR (TYPICALLY 100-130mm). INSULATION BOARD WIDTH SHALL BE 2.4m FOR UP TO 200mm NOMINAL PIPE DIAMETER. 3.0m FOR 201mm-305mm DIAMETER. INSULATION BOARD SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH MINIMUM2-LAYERS, OVERLAPPED MINIMUM 300mm AT ALL JOINTS. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE TIGHTLY BUTTED TOGETHER (TAPE OR OTHERWISE SECURE JOINTS TO RESIST MOVEMENT DURING BACKFILL PLACEMENT). RIGID EPS BOARD SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 140kPa (20psi), AND A MAXIMUM WATER ABSORPTION RATE OF VOLUME.ACCEPTABLE PRODUCTS ARE DOW STYROFOAM-SM OR -HI (FULL LINE). OWENS CORNING FOAMULAR (200. 250. OR HIGHER), PLASTISPAN HD-M28 OR OTHER ENGINEER-APPROVED
- 4.13. ALL WATERMAIN TO BE PRESSURE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 441. DISINFECT ALL WATERMAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C 651-99 INCLUDING CHLORINATION, BACKFLOW PREVENTOR AND 24 HOUR DUPLICATE SAMPLING. ALL TESTING AND DISINFECTION TO BE COMPLETED UNDER THE SUPERVISION THE ENGINEER. (CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT WATER ANY WATERMAIN WORK).
- 4.14. PRIOR TO OCCUPANCY, CONTRACTOR MUST COMMISSION FIRE FLOW TEST FOR PRIVATE ON-SITE HYDRANT. PROVIDE RESULT TO DESIGN ENGINEER.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

- CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTAIN IN GOOD CONDITION UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND ALL DISTURBED GROUND SURFACES HAVE BEEN RESTABILIZED EITHER BY PAVING OR RESTORATION OF VEGETATIVE COVER.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCING TO BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY AREA GRADING, EXCAVATING OR DEMOLITION COMMENCING.
- EROSION CONTROL FENCING TO BE INSTALLED AROUND BASE OF ALL STOCKPILES. ALL STOCKPILES TO BE KEPT 2.5m MINIMUM FROM PROPERTY LINE.
- 5.4. EROSION PROTECTION TO BE PROVIDED AROUND ALL STORM AND SANITARY MHs AND CBs.
- CONSTRUCTION ACCESS (MUD MAT) TO BE PROVIDED ON-SITE AT ALL LOCATIONS WHERE CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES EXIT THE SITE. CONSTRUCTION ACCESS (MUD MAT) SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 3.0m WIDE, 15.0m LONG (LENGTH MAY VARY DEPENDING ON SITE LAYOUT) AND 0.3m DEEP AND SHALL CONSIST OF 200mm CLEAR STONE MATERIAL OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT, PROPOSED EROSION FENCING TO TIE INTO MUD MAT. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE ALL VEHICLES LEAVE THE SITE VIA THE MUD MAT AND THAT THE MAT IS MAINTAINED IN A MANNER TO MAXIMIZE EFFECTIVENESS AT ALL TIMES.
- ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED AS SITE DEVELOPMENT PROGRESSES. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALL ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES.
- 5.7. EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL DISTURBED GROUND SURFACES HAVE BEEN RESTABILIZED.
- NO ALTERNATE METHODS OF EROSION PROTECTION SHALL BE PERMITTED UNLESS APPROVED BY THE ENCINEER AND THE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY'S DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
- 5.9. CONTRACTOR TO CLEAN ROADWAY AND SIDEWALKS OF SEDIMENTS RESULTING FROM CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC FROM THE SITE EACH DAY.
- 5.10. CONTRACTOR MUST REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION FENCING PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF PROJECT. CONTRACTOR TO HAVE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION FENCE INSPECTED WHEN VEGETATION HAS ESTABLISHED, BUT PRIOR TO FENCE BECOMING OVERGROWN. ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO DETERMINE IF VEGETATION HAS REACHED THE CRITICAL POINT AND WILL THEN INSTRUCT CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE FENCE.

MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

- REMOVE SEDIMENT AND CONTAMINANTS ANNUALLY AND REINSTATE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY ACCORDING TO
- THE DESIGN OUTLINED ON THIS PLAN. 6.2. EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES TO BE MONITORED REGULARLY AND ANY DAMAGE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY. SEDIMENTS TO BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATIONS REACH A MAXIMUM OF 1/3 THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE.
- OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO MONITOR EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES TO ENSURE FENCING IS INSTALLED AND MAINTENANCE IS PERFORMED TO CITY REQUIREMENTS.
- THE PROPOSED STORMCEPTOR(STC) WILL REQUIRE REGULAR ANNUAL MAINTENANCE. OWNER TO ENTER INTO A MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT WITH A SUITABLE CONTRACTOR TO COMPLETE THIS
- THE PROPOSED SNOUT/S WILL REQUIRE REGULAR MAINTENANCE DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS OUTLINED IN SNOUT BEST MANAGEMENT PRODUCTS INC. DOCUMENT, THIS INCLUDES BU' IS NOT LIMITED TO REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT FROM THE SUMP, REMOVAL OF FLOATABLES AND TRASH AND ANNUAL INSPECTION OF THE ANTI-SIPHON VENT, ACCESS HATCH AND TRASH SCREEN. OWNER TO ENTER INTO A MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT WITH A SUITABLE CONTRACTOR TO COMPLETE THIS WORK.



MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

-INSPECT AFTER EVERY MAJOR RAIN EVENT. -INSPECT EVERY 3 WEEKS MINIMUM. -SILTSACK SHOULD NEVER BE OVER HALF FULL -FULL BAG CAN BE REMOVED, DUMPED, CLEANED AND REUSED (TO REMOVE INSERT 25mm REBAR INTO REMOVAL FLAP POCKETS

(TO DUMP INSERT 25mm REBAR INTO BOTH DUMPING STRAPS)

COMMISSIONING PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH DGSSMS. THIS PLAN MUST BE APPROVED BY THE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PRIOR TO TEMPORARY SILTSACK SILTATION CONTROL IN CB

-| |-- 600mm min

DETAIL A

curb with gutter.

curb or curb with gutter

A All dimensions are in millimetres unless otherwise shown.

ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARD DRAWING

INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND

APARTMENT ENTRANCES

Dropped curb

DRIVEWAY DIMENSIONS

Light Industrial.

-See Table ---

3.0m min
 if required

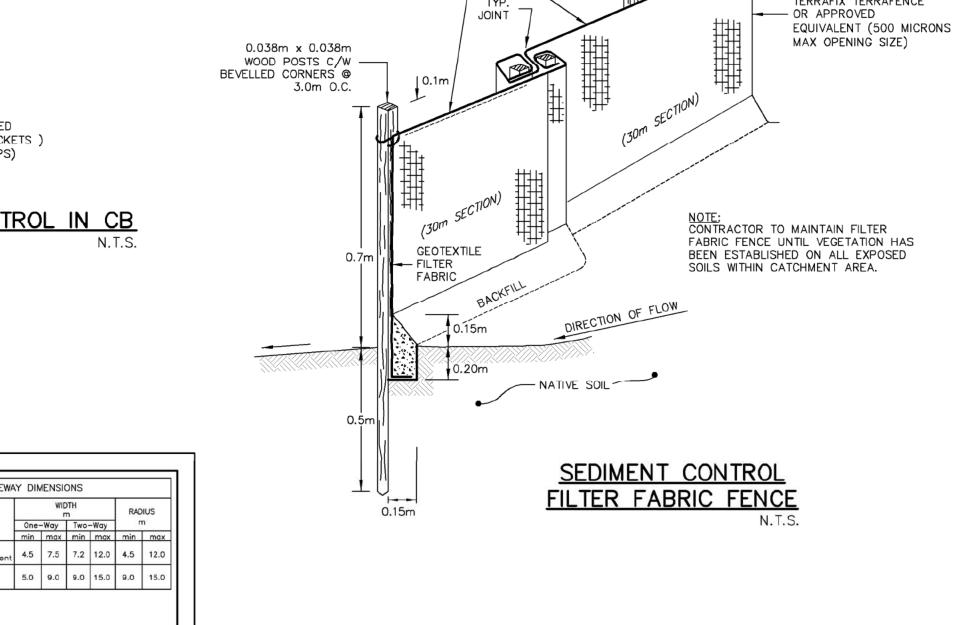
ne-Way Two-Way

Sidewalk

See table for driveway radius

Nov 2018 Rev 2

OPSD 350.010



PROBLEMS.

COUNTY'S CHIEF BUILDING OFFICIAL

NOTE: INSTALLATION OF SUB-DRAIN AT DIRECTION

0.55m MIN. TRENCH

PERFORATED SUB-DRAIN DETAIL

FLOW

TERRAFIX 200R OR

(OVERLAPPED)

APPROVED EQUIVALENT

19mmø CLEAR STONE

PERFORATED DRAINAGE PIPE (PERFORATIONS DOWN)

CONNECTED TO STORM SEWER SYSTEM.

OF ENGINEER. SUB-DRAIN TO BE

TERRAFIX TERRAFENCE

11 POSTS PER 30.0m

PREASSEMBLED

ROLLED SECTION

DESIGNATED ACCESS FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.

INSTALL 'MUD MAT', AS PER DETAIL BELOW, PRIOR TO ANY

OTHER CONSTRUCTION. MAT TO BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD

WORKING ORDER UNTIL GRADING WORKS ARE COMPLETED

7 x 14m

- 150-200mmø CLEAR STONE

AND GRANULAR "A" & "B" HAVE BEEN PLACED.

FILTER FARRIC

BENEATH STONES

<u>CONSTRUCTION ACCESS DETAI</u>

PORT DOVER SITE GAMBLE LN NEW LAKESHORE RD **KEY PLAN** N.T.S.

GEODETIC BM

BENCHMARK STATION 0011976U002. OCATED AT HIGHWAY NO. 6 LIFT BRIDGE OVER LYNN RIVER, D.8km EAST OF POST OFFICE, TABLET IN SOUTH FACE OF CONCRETE CURB AT SOUTH SIDE OF BRIDGE, 43cm FROM EAST END, 30cm BELOW TOP, NEAR ROAD LEVEL.

ELEV. = 182.23 m

ELEV. =

SITE BENCHMARK

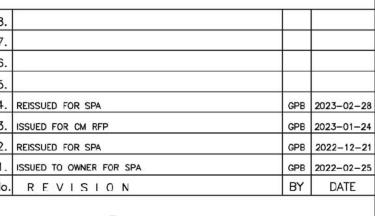
NOTE TO CONTRACTOR:

DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.

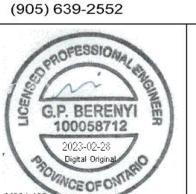
CONTRACTORS MUST CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.

ALL DRAWINGS REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE ENGINEER AND SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED OR REUSED WITHOUT THE ENGINEER'S WRITTEN PERMISSION. THE OWNER/ARCHITECT/CONTRACTOR IS ADVISED THAT

M.T.E. CONSULTANTS INC. CANNOT CERTIFY ANY COMPONENT THE SITE WORKS NOT INSPECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION. F IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR TO NOTIFY M.T.E. CONSULTANTS INC. PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION TO ARRANGE FOR INSPECTION.







CLIENT

DRAWING



www.mte85.com

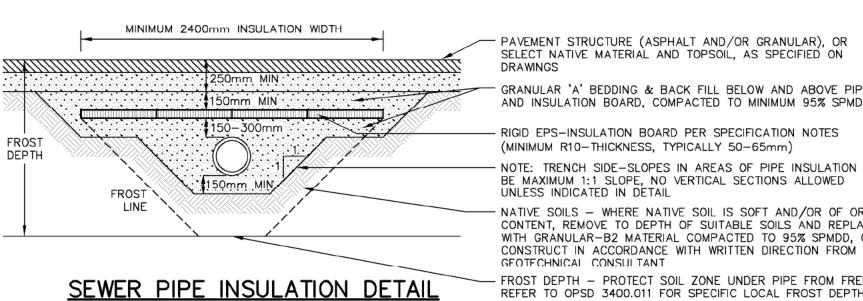
REVERA INC.

290 Queen Street South PROJECT

PORT DOVER LTC FACILITY CIVIL WORKS 1234 Ontario 6

> NOTES & **DETAILS PLAN**

Project Manager Project No. 44661-100 G.BERENYI Checked By Design By **GPB** RNC/ALP Drawn By Checked By SDU GPB Surveyed By Drawing No. Jan.28/22 1:300



FOR SEWER PIPES HAVING LESS THAN 1400mm

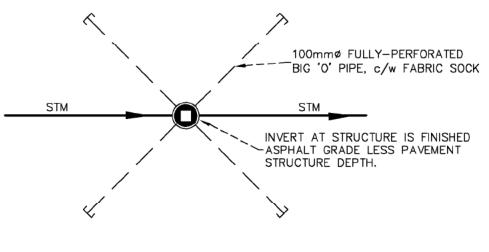
COVER AND MINIMUM 615mm COVER N.T.S.

PAVEMENT STRUCTURE (ASPHALT AND/OR GRANULAR), OR SELECT NATIVE MATERIAL AND TOPSOIL, AS SPECIFIED ON

GRANULAR 'A' BEDDING & BACK FILL BELOW AND ABOVE PIPE AND INSULATION BOARD, COMPACTED TO MINIMUM 95% SPMDD RIGID EPS-INSULATION BOARD PER SPECIFICATION NOTES

NOTE: TRENCH SIDE-SLOPES IN AREAS OF PIPE INSULATION TO BE MAXIMUM 1:1 SLOPE, NO VERTICAL SECTIONS ALLOWED UNLESS INDICATED IN DETAIL NATIVE SOILS - WHERE NATIVE SOIL IS SOFT AND/OR OF ORGANIC CONTENT, REMOVE TO DEPTH OF SUITABLE SOILS AND REPLACE WITH GRANULAR-B2 MATERIAL COMPACTED TO 95% SPMDD, OR

FROST DEPTH - PROTECT SOIL ZONE UNDER PIPE FROM FREEZING REFER TO OPSD 3400.011 FOR SPECIFIC LOCAL FROST DEPTH



THE OWNER SHALL AGREE TO BE FULLY LIABLE FOR ALL COSTS AND ANY DAMAGES INCURRED AS A RESULT OF THE RAISING OF DUST OR THE

INDEMNIFY THE COUNTY AGAINST ANY CLAIM MADE AS A RESULT OF SUCH

DISCARDED WASTE MATERIAL OR ITEMS THAT MAY ACCUMULATE ON LANDS. THE OWNER SHALL COLLECT AND DISPOSE OF SAID WASTE FORTHWITH IN AN

EROSION, SPILLAGE OR TRACKING OF SOIL OR OTHER DEBRIS FROM THE LANDS ONTO ADJACENT LANDS AND MUNICIPAL HIGHWAYS, AND WILL

THE OWNER SHALL AGREE TO REGULARLY INSPECT THE PROPERTY FOR

APPROPRIATE MANNER TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE DIRECTOR OF

DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING, ALL TO PREVENT UNSIGHTLY CONDITIONS.

THE OWNER SHALL INSTALL AT THE OWNER'S COST, ANY FIRE HYDRANT

REQUIRED BY THE ONTARIO BUILDING CODE TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE

PAVEMENT SUBDRAIN DETAIL TYPICAL PLAN VIEW



Port Dover LTC Facility

Functional Servicing & Stormwater Management Report

Project Location:

1234 Ontario 6, Port Dover, ON

Prepared for:

Revera Inc. 290 Queen Street South, Kitchener, ON

Prepared by:

MTE Consultants 1016 Sutton Drive, Unit A Burlington, ON L7L 6B8

February 28, 2022

Revised: February 28, 2023

MTE File No.: 44661-100





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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Overview

MTE Consultants Inc. were retained by Revera Inc. to complete the site grading, servicing, and stormwater management design for the proposed development located at the intersection of Barrett Court and Dover Coast Boulevard in Port Dover, Ontario (hereon in referred to as the "subject site"). Refer to Figure 1 for Location Plan. This report will outline a functional servicing and stormwater management strategy for the proposed development.

The subject site is a parcel of land comprised of an open field with a total area of approximately 2.3 ha on a vacant lot. The site is bounded by existing residential properties to the west and south, future commercial property to the easy, and Highway 6 to the north. The proponent plans to construct a 128 bed, two storey, long-term care (LTC) facility with associated surface parking and landscape areas. Existing municipal storm and combined sewers and watermain services are located on the abutting right-of-way's which will be utilized to service the proposed development.

The functional servicing described in this report will provide additional detailed information on the proposed servicing scheme for the site. Please refer to the site plan and the enclosed MTE drawings for additional information.

1.2 Background Information

The following documents were referenced in the preparation of this report:

- Ref. 1: Port Dover Revera Long Term Care Water Model by R.V. Anderson Associates Limited (2022)
- Ref. 2: Fire Underwriters Survey (2020)
- Ref. 3: Norfolk County Design Criteria (2017).
- Ref. 4: Dover Coast Developments by Development Engineering Limited (2017).
- Ref. 5: Ontario Building Code (2012).
- Ref. 6: Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems, Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (2008).
- Ref. 7: Design Guidelines for Sewage Works, Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (2008).
- Ref. 8: Erosion & Sediment Control Guideline for Urban Construction (December, 2006).



2.0 Stormwater Management

2.1 Existing Conditions

Under existing conditions, the site consists of an undeveloped green field. Based on the topographic survey for the site and the Dover Coast subdivision drawings by Development Engineering, there is an existing 1050mm diameter storm sewer within Dover Coast Boulevard draining southwest and a 600mm diameter storm stub provided to the subject site at the Dover Coast property line. The site generally drains from north to south (towards Dover Coast Boulevard).

The site is part of the overall Dover Coast Development which will consist of the subject site, residential blocks, a retirement home, a hotel, commercial blocks, municipal roadways, an 18-hole golf course and stormwater management (SWM) facilities all of which will be located south of Highway 6.

Development Engineering (London) Limited were retained to complete the engineering design for the proposed Dover Coast Development including Phase 2 to 4 and have prepared a SWM report for Phase 2 of the Dover Coast Development dated December 2015. The report reviews the design of Phase 1 completed by Vallee Consulting dated 2009 and provides SWM design details for SWM B and C. Note that the 2009 Vallee SWM report also included SWMF "A", however Development Engineering has proposed this facility be converted to a passive golf course with the developed drainage area diverted to SWMF B for attenuation and treatment. The subject site, noted as Proposed Commercial Block 2 (Sub-catchment area B400) in the 2015 Development Engineering report will drain to SWMF B.

The SWM strategy for the Dover Coast Development as documented in the 2015 Development Engineering report is to provide attenuation through over-control of minor flow conveyance via storm sewers and major overland flow routes with release to the Ellwanger Drain. Additionally, Development Engineering has designed SWMF B to provide an 80% Total Suspended Solids (TSS) removal efficiency for quality control and control post-development peak flows for the 2 to the 100-year strom events to pre-development levels for all upstream drainage areas. Please refer to the SWM report and design drawings by Development Engineering for additional information.

As shown on the Master Storm Area Plan (Drawing M1) by Development Engineering, the subject site is labeled as Catchment A32 (Future Retirement Home) with a total area of 2.208ha and a run-off coefficient "C" of 0.73.

2.2 Proposed Conditions

Under proposed conditions, the proponent plans to construct a 128 bed, two storey, long-term care (LTC) facility with associated surface parking and landscape areas. Proposed catch basins will be installed in the parking lot and landscaped areas to pick up drainage, which will convey run-off to the 600mm diameter storm service stub for the site via a network of proposed site storm sewers.

2.3 Water Quantity

The proposed development will have a footprint of approximately 2.0ha within the total subject lands area of 2.208ha. There is 0.76ha of impervious cover proposed within the site which will consist of associated surface parking, sidewalks and building. When calculated over the total site, the following can be determined:

- i. Under existing conditions, the site is approximately 0% impervious.
- ii. Under proposed conditions, the site is approximately 34% impervious.

The following is known about the proposed development:

- 1) The subject site is part of the upstream catchment area of the aforementioned SWM Facility B which forms part of the overall Dover Coast Development.
- 2) The SWM Facility B and municipal storm sewer system has been designed with adequate capacity to service the site area (total area of 2.208ha) with a composite run-off coefficient of 0.73.
- 3) Under post development (proposed) conditions, the site area (total area of 2.0 ha) will drain to SWM facility B at a run-off coefficient of 0.44.

Given that the subject site under post development conditions has a composite run-off coefficient less than what the downstream SWM facility and municipal storm sewer system has been designed for, no stormwater quantity controls are proposed for the subject property.

2.4 Water Quality Control

Stormwater quality control for the subject site is being provided in the downstream receiving stormwater management pond (SWMF B). This pond has been designed to provide the MOECC's Level 1 (Enhanced or 80% SS Removal Rate) water quality protection for the subject site. Given that the subject site under post development conditions has a run-off coefficient less than that of the drainage area for which the SWM facility has been designed for, no stormwater quality controls are proposed for the subject property.

2.5 Sediment and Erosion Control

Sediment and erosion control measures will be implemented on site during construction and will conform to the Erosion & Sediment Control Guideline for Urban Construction (Ref 6) and Norfolk County Standards.

Sediment and erosion control measures will include:

- Installation of silt control fencing at strategic locations around the perimeter of the site where feasible.
- Preventing silt or sediment laden water from entering inlets (catch basins / catch basin manholes) by wrapping their tops with filter fabric or installing silt sacks.
- Construction of 7m x 14m mud mat at the exit from the site to Dover Coast
 Boulevard to mitigate the transportation of sediments to the surrounding roads.
- Maintaining sediment and erosion control structures in good repair (including periodic cleaning as required) until such time that the Engineer or Norfolk County approves their removal. Erosion control measures to be inspected daily and after any rainfall event.

3.0 Sanitary Sewer Servicing

3.1 Existing Conditions

Currently, the area of the proposed development does not generate sanitary flows. There is an existing 200mm diameter sanitary sewer at 0.4% slope within Dover Coast Boulevard and a 200mm diameter sanitary stub at 0.5% slope provided for the site off Dover Coast Boulevard. The full-flow capacity of the existing 200mm diameter sewer within Dover Coast Boulevard at a 0.4% slope is approximately 20.7 L/s.

3.2 Sanitary Demands

The anticipated sanitary discharge from the proposed development was estimated using the average daily flows for a LTC facility as specified in the Norfolk Design Criteria Section 9 (refer to Appendix B). Table 3.1 provides an estimate of the residential population and the number of units in each type of building. The sanitary sewer discharge rates from the development are summarized in Table 3.2 and detailed calculations are found in Appendix B.

Table 3.1 - Population Estimate

Unit Types	Total Number of Units ^A	Residents ^B	Staff ^C	Incremental Population (people) ^D
Long-Term Care				
1 bedroom units	128	128	64	192
		Total Estima	ated Population	192

A# of beds taken from site plan by MMMC Architects dated 2022/01/10

Table 3.2 - Sanitary Sewer Discharge from Site

Land Use	Population (people)	Average Flow (L/s)	Peak Flow (L/s)
Long-Term Care Units	192 ^A	0.67 ^B	2.77 ^C
Total Peak Sanitary Demand for Site (with infiltration allowance)			3.33 ^D

A Population Estimate: see Table 3.1

 $PF = 1 + [14/(4 + 0.192^{0.5})] = 4.15$

Peak Flow = (Avg. Flow) x (PF) = (0.67 L/s) x (4.15) = 2.77 L/s

^B Population based on occupant load of 1 persons/bed from OBC 3.1.17.1.c.i

^C Staff population assumed to be 2 residents to every 1 staff

D Total population = Residents + Staff

^B Average flow based on 300 L/ca/day (Long-term Care sanitary sewage flow based on Dover Coast Development Plan (2017)). Avg Flow = 300*192/(24*60*60) = 0.67 L/s

^C Peak flow based on a Harmon Peaking Factor (PF) = 1 + [14 / (4 + P0.5)] where P = cumulative population in thousands

D Total Peak flow with infiltration = Total Peak flow + infiltration allowance = 2.77 + 0.560 = 3.33 L/s Where infiltration is based on 0.40 l/s/ha. Area reflects site area (1.8 ha), I = 0.28*2.0 = 0.560 L/s

3.3 Proposed Sanitary Servicing Plan and Capacity Analysis

As calculated in Table 3.2, the total peak sanitary discharge from the site is 3.33 L/s.

The proposed building will be serviced by a 200mm diameter sanitary service at 0.4% slope (full flow capacity = 20.7 L/s) that will connect to the existing 200mm diameter sanitary stub on the Dover Coast property line (see Drawing C1.2). The calculated sanitary discharge rate of 3.33 L/s (per Table 3.2) is less than the capacity of the existing 200mm diameter sewer (20.7 L/s) and represents 16% of the total sewer capacity. Given that the estimated flow is well below the full flow capacity of the sewer main, and the Dover Coast subdivision design (sanitary sewer design sheet and drainage area plan M2) has allotted a total population of 240 people for the site, there is not expected to be any sanitary capacity issues. Refer to Appendix B for the sanitary design sheet and drainage plan M2.

4.0 Domestic and Fire Water Supply Servicing

4.1 Existing Conditions

The existing municipal water distribution system around the site consists of a 300mm diameter watermain within Barret Court and Dover Coast Boulevard. An existing fire hydrant exists on the south-west side of Barret Court as well as on the west side of Dover Coast Boulevard. Hydrant flow testing was conducted for the hydrant located on Dover Coast Boulevard as well as the hydrant on Barrett Court in September 2018. Results of hydrant flows tests can be found in Appendix C.

4.2 Domestic Water Demands

The expected domestic water demands for the proposed development was estimated using the Norfolk County Design Criteria Section 10 (2017). Table 4.1 summarizes the domestic water demand requirements for the Average Day, Maximum Day and Peak Hour demand scenarios and detailed calculations are provided in Appendix C. It should be noted that average day peak factor is 1.0, the max day peak factor is 2.25 and the peak hour factor is 4.0 in accordance with City of Hamilton standards.

Table 4.1 - Domestic Water Demands

Apartment Demands				
Population:	192 people (see Table 3.1)			
Average Day Demand:	450 L/c/d x 192 people =	1.00 L/s		
Maximum Day Demand:	2.25 x 1.00 L/s =	2.25 L/s		
Peak Hour Demand:	4.0 x 1.00 L/s =	4.00 L/s		

4.3 Fire Flow Demands

Fire flow demand for the proposed development was also determined using the methodology outlined in Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS), 2020). The fire flow for the proposed building was evaluated. The fire demand is summarized in Table 4.2 and detailed calculations are provided in Appendix C.

Table 4.2 - FUS Fire Flow Requirement

Building	Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Flow Rate
LTC Facility	116.7 L/s (7,000 L/min)

4.4 Proposed Water Servicing Plan and Analysis

Water servicing for the site will include the installation of a 150mm diameter fire service that will connect to the existing 200mm diameter watermain stub, which is located at the Dover Coast property line. The proposed 100mm domestic service will tee off the existing 200mm water service before property line. Please refer to Drawing C1.2 for further details.

R.V. Anderson Associates Limited has conducted an analysis of the impact of the proposed Revera Long Term Care on the water distribution system in Port Dover, as requested by Norfolk County. The results from the analysis determined that there is approximately 120 L/s available fire flow for the development, which is higher than the required 116.7 L/s. Therefore, there is sufficient capacity to support the fire flow demand for the proposed development.

In addition, as part of the Norfolk County Water Supply Operational Strategy report by WSP dated January 2021, there are plans to improve the water supply and provide adequate pressure within Port Dover. Our understanding is the planned upgrades will be completed prior to building occupancy and will address system pressure and supply. There are plans to improve the water supply and pressure within the Port Dover Coast Development.

Furthermore, at the building permit stage, a sprinkler consultant will prepare a detailed sprinkler design in accordance with applicable codes and regulations.

5.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the information provided herein, it is concluded that the development can be constructed to meet the requirements of the Norfolk County. Therefore, it is concluded that:

- Under proposed conditions, the composite run-off coefficient is less than what the downstream SWM facility and municipal storm sewer system has been designed for. Therefore, no stormwater quantity controls are proposed.
- ii. Stormwater quality controls for the subject site is being provided in the downstream receiving stormwater management pond (SWMF B). Therefore, no additional stormwater quality controls are proposed for the subject property.

Additionally, it is recommended that:

- iii. Erosion and sediment controls be installed as described in Section 2.5 of this report.
- iv. Sanitary servicing for the development be installed as described in Section 3.3 of this report.
- V. Water servicing for the development be installed as described in Section 4.4 of this report.

We trust the information enclosed herein is satisfactory. Should you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact our office.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

MTE Consultants Inc.

G.P. BERENYI TOOOS8712
2023-02-28
Bigital Original
WOE OF ONTHER

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RNC:gpb

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Appendix A

Stormwater Management



Scheduler – Run Design & Layout

Free Public Access Software

Run Name: TD-1 Total Length: 9 m

Project Details

Name: Port Dover LTC
Address: Port Dover

City: Port Dover

Country: Canada

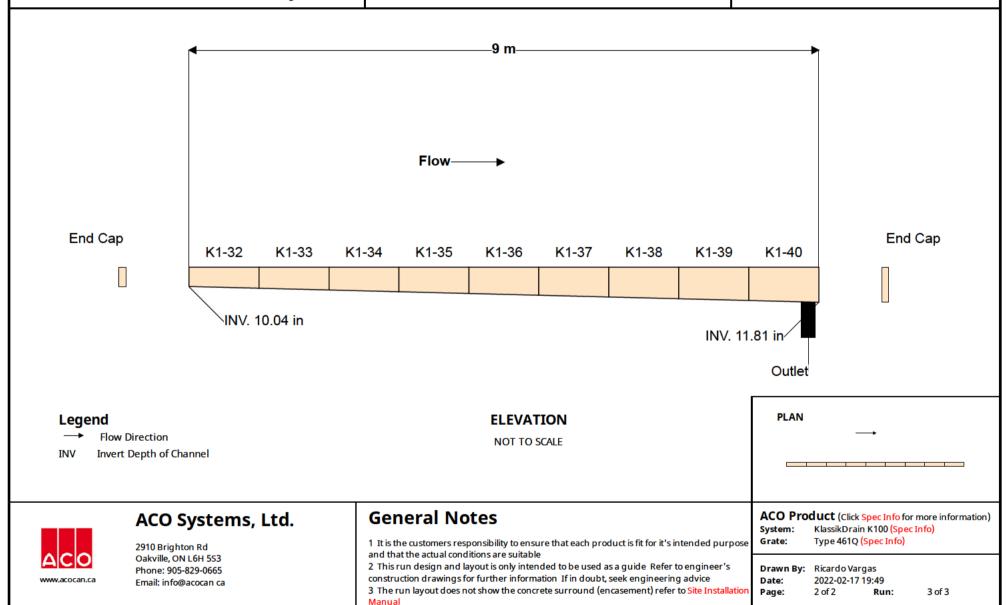
Drawn By

Name: Ricardo Vargas
Company: ACO Systems Ltd

Phone:

State/Region: ON

Email: Ricardo Vargas@aco com



Scheduler – Run Design & Layout

Free Public Access Software

Run Name: TD-1 Total Length: 9 m

Project Details

Name: Port Dover LTC
Address: Port Dover

City: Port Dover

Country: Canada

Drawn By

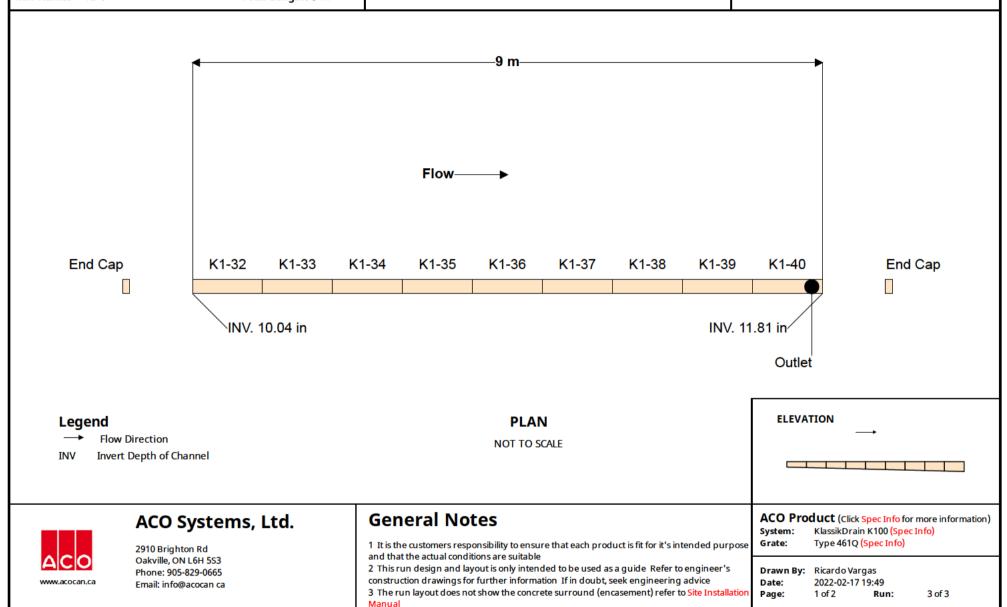
Name: Ricardo Vargas

Company: ACO Systems Ltd

Phone:

State/Region: ON

Email: Ricardo Vargas@aco com



KlassikDrain - K100 Galvanized steel edge rail channel system

One meter channel 39.37" (1 meter) 5.12" (130mm) 3.94" (100mm) 12.60" (320mm) 13.74" (95mm) 19.69" (0.5 meter) 19.69" (0.5 meter)

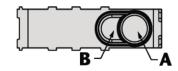
19.69" (0.5 meter)

6.69" (170mm) K1-0103

8.66" (220mm) K1-0203

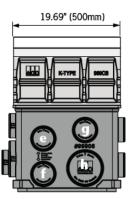
10.63" (270mm) K1-0303

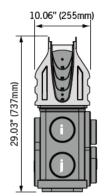
12.60" (320mm) K1-0403

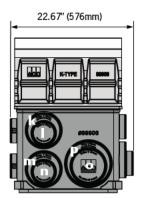


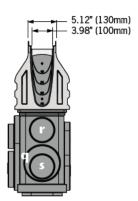
Type K901G In-line catch basin

Knock-outs included on every 5th channel







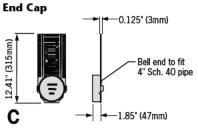


Total capacity = 10.49 gallons

Outlet flow rates

Outlet	Product	Outlet size (Sch. 40)	Invert Depth	GPM	CFS
a	Bottom outlet - K00	4" round	3.94"	108	0.24
a	Bottom outlet - K40	4" round	11.81"	187	0.42
ь	Bottom outlet - K00	6" oval	3.94"	177	0.39
b	Bottom outlet - K40	6" oval	11.81"	306	0.68
c	End outlet - K20	4" round	7.87"	132	0.00
Č	End outlet - K40	4" round	11.81"	171	0.23
ď	K1-308-6 6" outlet cap	6" oval	9.84"	233	0.52
d	K1-408-6 6" outlet cap	6" oval	11.81"	264	0.59
e	Type K1-901G	4" round	20.68"	235	0.52
f	Type K1-901G	4" round	27.17"	226	0.50
_	Type K1-901G	4" round		265	0.59
g	Type K1-901G		18.99"		0.59
h		6" round	27.17"	263	
!	Type K1-901G	4" round	19.30"	222	0.49
	Type K1-901G	4" round	25.67"	586	1.30
k	Type K1-901G	6" round	19.99"	269	0.60
1	Type K1-901G	4" round	19.36"	227	0.51
m	Type K1-901G	6" round	27.30"	604	1.35
n	Type K1-901G	4" round	26.43"	505	1.12
0	Type K1-901G	6" round	26.43"	593	1.32
Р	Type K1-901G	8" round	27.30"	1051	2.34
q	Type K1-901G	6" round	25.85"	273	0.61
r	Type K1-901G	4" round	18.56"	235	0.52
s	Type K1-901G	4" round	25.30"	224	0.50

Note: These are the pipe flow rates at the specified outlet, NOT channel flow rates. Catch basin flow rates are without trash bucket - using trash bucket reduces flow.





ion Inform

Specifica

KlassikDrain - K100 Galvanized steel edge rail channel system



		lanca					Inv	ort	
Description	Part	Inve		Weight	Description	Part			Weight
•	No.	Inches®	mm ²	Lbs.	•	No.	Inches®	mm [©]	Lbs.
K1-00 Neutral channel - 39.37" (1m) ³	74041	3.94	100	28.1	K1-28 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74028	9.45	240	49.8
K1-1 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74001	4.13	105	28.1	K1-29 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74029	9.65	245	50.6
K1-2 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74002	4.33	110	28.9	K1-30 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) [©]	74030	9.84	250	51.4
K1-3 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74003	4.53	115	29.7	K1-030 Neutral channel - 39.37" (1m) ³	74047	9.84	250	51.4
K1-4 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74004	4.72	120	30.5	K1-0303 Neutral channel - 19.69" (0.5m) ^D	74048	9.84	250	24.0
K1-5 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) ©	74005	4.92	125	31.3	K1-31 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74031	10.04	255	52.2
K1-6 Sloped channel - 39.37* (1m)	74006	5.12	130	32.1	K1-32 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74032	10.24	260	53.0
K1-7 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74007	5.31	135	32.9	K1-33 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74033	10.43	265	53.8
K1-8 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74008	5.51	140	33.7	K1-34 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74034	10.63	270	54.6
K1-9 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74009	5.71	145	34.5	K1-35 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) [©]	74035	10.83	275	55.4
K1-10 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) [©]	74010	5.91	150	35.3	K1-36 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74036	11.02	280	56.2
K1-010 Neutral channel - 39.37" (1m) ^D	74043	5.91	150	35.3	K1-37 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74037	11.22	285	57.0
K1-0103 Neutral channel - 19.69" (0.5m) [®]	74044	5.91	150	17.0	K1-38 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74038	11.42	290	57.9
K1-11 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74011	6.10	155	36.1	K1-39 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74039	11.61	295	58.7
K1-12 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74012	6.30	160	36.9	K1-40 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) [©]	74040	11.81	300	59.5
K1-13 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74013	6.50	165	37.7	K1-040 Neutral channel - 39.37" (1m) ³	74049	11.81	300	59.5
K1-14 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74014	6.69	170	38.5	K1-0403 Neutral channel - 19.69" (0.5m) [©]	74050	11.81	300	27.5
K1-15 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) [©]	74015	6.89	175	39.3	K1-901G In-line catch basin - 19.69* (0.5m) ⁵⁾	94608	28.81	701.9	52.6
K1-16 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74016	7.09	180	40.1	K1-621G catch basin - 19.69" (0.5m)®	94617	28.84	732.5	55.8
K1-17 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74017	7.28	185	40.9	K1-631G catch basin - 19.69" (0.5m)®	94631	40.84	1037.4	65.8
K1-18 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74018	7.48	190	41.7	K1-Series 600 Optional plastic riser	99902	-	-	10.0
K1-19 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74019	7.68	195	42.5	Foul air trap - fits both 900 & 600 series basins	90854	-	-	1.2
K1-20 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) ^D	74020	7.87	200	43.4	K1-304-6 6" Inlet Cap	96839	9.84	250	5.2
K1-020 Neutral channel - 39.37" (1m) [®]	74045	7.87	200	43.4	K1-308-6 6" Outlet Cap	96840	9.84	250	5.0
K1-0203 Neutral channel - 19.69" (0.5m)	74046	7.87	200	20.5	K1-404-6 6" Inlet Cap	96834	11.81	300	6.0
K1-21 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74021	8.07	205	44.2	K1-408-6 6" Outlet Cap	96836	11.81	300	5.8
K1-22 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74022	8.27	210	45.0	Universal end cap	96822	11.81	300	0.4
K1-23 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74023	8.46	215	45.8	Debris strainer for 4" bottom knockout	93488	-	-	0.2
K1-24 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74024	8.66	220	46.6	4" Oval to 6" round outlet adapter	95140	-	-	1.1
K1-25 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m) [©]	74025	8.86	225	47.4	K1-Installation device	97477	-	-	2.8
K1-26 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74026	9.06	230	48.2	Grate removal tool	01318	-	-	0.3
K1-27 Sloped channel - 39.37" (1m)	74027	9.25	235	49.0	K1-QuickLok locking bar	02899	-	-	0.1

Notes:

- 1. This channel offers a bottom knockout feature; 4" round/6" oval.
- Inverts shown are for the male end; for female invert depth subtract 5mm (≈0.2") from the male invert (except for neutral channels, where it will be same as male invert).
 To calculate the overall channel depth add 20mm (≈0.8") to invert depth.
- 3. This catch basin kit includes a polymer concrete top, removable Quicklok locking bar, trash bucket and plastic base. Select an appropriate grate.
- 4. This catch basin kit includes a polymer concrete top, removable Quicklok locking bar, deep trash bucket, plastic riser and plastic base. Select an appropriate grate.

Specifications

General

The surface drainage system shall be ACO Drain K100 complete with gratings secured with 'QuickLok' locking as manufactured by ACO, Inc. or approved equal.

Materials

The trench system bodies shall be manufactured from polyester polymer concrete with the minimum properties as follows:

Compressive strength: 14,000 psi Flexural strength: 4,000 psi Water absorption 0.07%
Frost proof YES
Salt proof YES
Dilute acid and alkali resistant YES

The nominal clear opening shall be 4" (100mm) with overall width of 5.12" (130mm). Pre-cast units shall be manufactured with either an invert slope of 0.5% or with neutral invert and have a wall thickness of at least 0.50" (13mm). Each unit will feature a partial radius in the trench bottom and a male to female interconnecting end profile. Units shall have horizontal cast in anchoring keys on the outside wall to ensure maximum mechanical bond to the surrounding bedding material and pavement surface. The galvanized steel edge rail will be integrally

cast in by the manufacturer to ensure maximum homogeneity between polymer concrete body and edge rail. Each edge rail shall be at least 3/32" (2.5mm) thick.

Grates

Grates shall be specified. See separate ACO Spec Info grate sheets for details. After removal of grates and 'QuickLok' bar there shall be uninterrupted access to the trench to aid maintenance.

Installation

The trench drain system shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations.

ACO, Inc.

Northeast Sales Office 9470 Pinecone Drive Mentor, OH 44060 Tel: (440) 639-7230 Toll free: (800) 543-4764 Fax: (440) 639-7235

West Sales Office 825 W. Beechcraft St. Casa Grande, AZ 85122 Tel: (520) 421-9988 Toll Free: (888) 490-9552 Fax: (520) 421-9899

Southeast Sales Office 4211 Pleasant Road Fort Mill. SC 29708

Toll free: (800) 543-4764 Fax: (803) 802-1063

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Type 461Q Ductile iron slotted grate







Product Features

- Certified to EN 1433 Load Class E 135,000 lbs 2,788 psi
- Uses 'QuickLok' boltless locking system
- Suitable for use with K100, KS100, H100-8, H100-10, H100K-8 H100KS-8, and NW100 channels



Specifications

The surface drainage system shall be ACO Drain K100, KS100, H100-8, H100-10, H100K-8, H100KS-8, and NW100 channels* complete with ACO Type 461Q Ductile iron slotted grate with 'QuickLok' locking as manufactured by ACO, Inc. or similar approved.

The covers shall be manufactured from ductile iron and have minimum properties as follows:

- . Independently certified to meet Load Class E to EN 1433 - 135,000 lbs - 2,788 psi
- Ductile iron to ASTM A 536-84 Grade 65-45-12
- Intake area of 34.88 sq. in. (225 cm²) per half meter of grate

The overall width of 4.84" (123mm) and overall length of 19.69" (500mm). Slots measure at a maximum of 3.95" (100.2mm).

Installation

The trench drain system and grates shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations.

* delete as appropriate

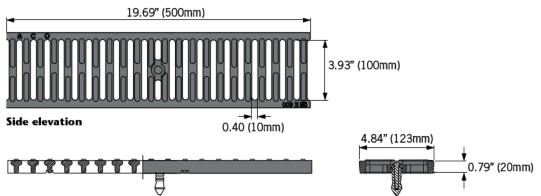




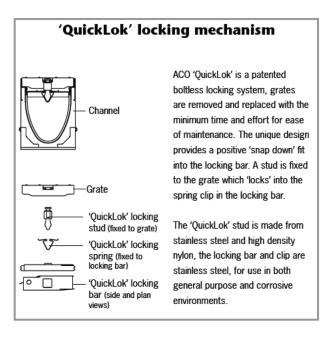








Description	Part No.	Length inches (mm)	Width inches (mm)	Weight lbs.
QuickLok grate Type 461Q Ductile iron slotted grate QuickLok locking bar QuickLok grate removal tool	96752	19.69 (500)	4.84 (123)	10.2
	02899	-	-	0.1
	01318	-	-	0.3



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Southeast Sales Office

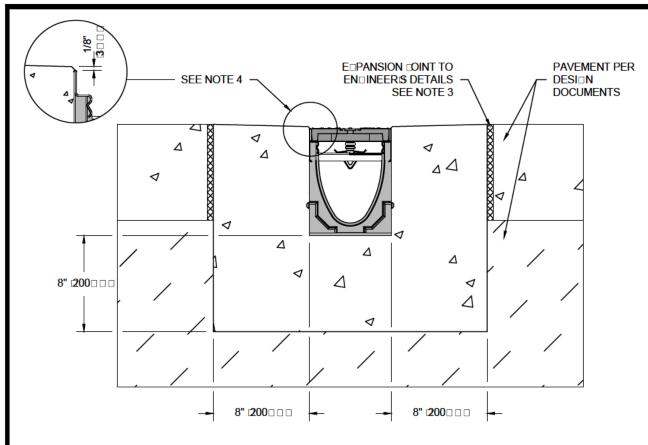
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NOTES

- 1. IT IS NECESSAR□ TO ENSURE MINIMUM DIMENSIONS SHO□ N ARE SUITABLE FOR E□ISTIN□ □ ROUND CONDITIONS. ENGINEERING ADVICE MAY BE REQUIRED.
- 2. MINIMUM CONCRETE STRENUTH OF 4:000 PSI IS RECOMMENDED. CONCRETE SHOULD BE VIBRATED TO ELIMINATE AIR POCUETS.
- 3. E□PANSION AND CONTRACTION CONTROL □OINTS AND REINFORCEMENT ARE RECOMMENDED TO PROTECT CHANNEL AND CONCRETE SURROUND. ENGINEERING ADVICE MAY BE REQUIRED.
- 4. THE FINISHED LEVEL OF THE CONCRETE SURROUND MUST BE APPROD. 1/8" (3 🗆 🗆 ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHANNEL ED 🗆 E.
- 5. CONCRETE BASE THIC ONESS SHOULD MATCH SLAB THIC ONESS. EN ONE ADVICE MAD BE REQUIRED TO DETERMINE PROPER LOAD CLASS.
- 6. REFER TO ACO'S LATEST INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

SPECIFICATION CLAUSE

K100 KLASSIKDRAIN - LOAD CLASS E

GENERAL

THE SURFACE DRAINA = S STEM SHALL BE
POL MER CONCRETE = 100 CHANNEL S STEM = ITH
ALVANI ED STEEL ED E RAILS AS MANUFACTURED
B ACO POL MER PRODUCTS INC.

MATERIALS

CHANNELS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM POLDESTER RESIN POLDMER CONCRETE DITH AN INTEDRALL CASTON DALVANIDED STEEL EDDE RAIL. MINIMUM PROPERTIES OF POLDMER CONCRETE DILL BE AS FOLLODS

 COMPRESSIVE STREN□TH□
 14 000 PSI

 FLE□URAL STREN□TH□
 4 000 PSI

 TENSILE STREN□TH□
 1 500 PSI

 □ ATER ABSORPTION□
 0.07 □

 FROST PROOF
 □ ES

 DILUTE ACID AND AL□ALI RESISTANT
 □ ES

 B117 SALT SPRA□ TEST COMPLIANT
 □ ES

THE SOSTEM SHALL BE 4" (10000) NOMINAL INTERNAL DIDTH DITH A 5.1" (13000) OVERALL DIDTH AND A BUILT DITH SLOPE OF 0.500. CHANNEL INVERT SHALL HAVE DEVELOPED "V" SHAPE. ALL CHANNELS SHALL BE INTERLOCOINODITH A MALE/FEMALE DIDIT.

THE COMPLETE DRAINA E SUSTEM SHALL BE BU ACO POLUMER PRODUCTS INC. AND DEVIATION OR PARTIAL SUSTEM DESIUN AND/OR IMPROPER INSTALLATION UILL VOID AND AND ALL ARRANTIES PROVIDED BU ACO POLUMER PRODUCTS INC.

CHANNEL SHALL | ITHSTAND LOADIN | TO PROPER LOAD CLASS AS OUTLINED B | EN 1433. | RATE T | PE SHALL BE APPROPRIATE TO MEET THE S | STEM LOAD CLASS SPECIFIED AND INTENDED APPLICATION. | RATES SHALL BE SECURED USIN | IDUIC | LO | BOLTLESS LOC | IN | S | STEM. CHANNEL AND | RATE SHALL BE CERTIFIED TO MEET THE SPECIFIED EN 1433 LOAD CLASS. THE S | STEM SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE | ITH THE MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

K1-E-ECP ACO DATE:08/24/15

100 DLASSIDRAIN LOAD CLASSE

Exposed Con rete Pave ent

INSTALLATION DRA□ IN□ □ACO DRAIN

ACO Polymer Products, Inc.

9470 Pine one Dr. Mentor OH 44060 Te 440639 7230 Fax 440 639 7235

4211 Pleasant Rd. Fort Mill SC 29708 Tell 440 639 7230 Fax 803 802 1063

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South Carolina Tel: 800-543-4764

PROJECT No.: **DEL13-124**DATE: **DECEMBER 2015**

PREPARED FOR:

DOVER COAST CONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT - PHASE 2





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Appendices

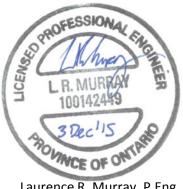
Appendix A	Background Information – 2009 Vallee SWM Report Excerpts & Drawing
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Appendix D Post Development SWMM5 Hydrologic SWM Model Output & Schematic



REPORT PREPARED BY:



Laurence R. Murray, P.Eng. SWM/Project Engineer

REPORT REVIEWED BY:



Les Janos, P.Eng. Review Engineer

Note: This Stormwater Management Report has been prepared on behalf of Dover Coast Developments (2079095 Ontario Ltd.), to support the engineering design for the proposed Dover Coast Phase 2 Vacant Land Condominium Development. This report has been prepared for the sole use of Dover Coast Developments (the Client) and any reliance upon this information by any third party is made at the risk of that party. Development Engineering (London) Limited assumes no liability for any injury, loss or damage suffered by any third party based upon decisions made or actions that arise due to that party's reliance upon or interpretation of the contents of this report.

1. Introduction

1.1 DOVER COAST CONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT

Development Engineering (London) Limited has been retained to undertake the engineering design for the proposed Dover Coast Development including Phases 2 to 4 residential vacant land condominiums and future retirement home, long-term care, commercial and Hotel Blocks (refer to Figure A, Appendix B). These lands form Part of Lot 14, Concession 1, geographic township of Woodhouse, in the County of Norfolk, located between New Lakeshore Road and Highway 6 (east of Lakeview Ave.) in Port Dover. The subject development area (formerly agricultural lands) covers approximately 36 Ha, with approximately 8.5ha of external drainage area to the north including a portion of Highway 6.

Phase 1 of the Dover Coast development was designed by G.D. Vallee Engineering Ltd. (Vallee) and constructed in 2011-2012. Stormwater Management/Irrigation Wet Pond Facilities (SWMF), identified as SWMF D & E in the (2009) Vallee Stormwater Management Report (ref. excerpts in Appendix A), have been constructed. The balance of the site development requires the construction of two (2) additional SWMF's (B&C) shown in Figure B, Appendix B. SWMF C will operate in series with the existing downstream pond D and E (as originally designed by Vallee) discharging to Ellwanger Municipal Drain 7. SWMF B will operate independently with a sewer outfall to the Ellwanger Municipal Drain (Branch No. 1). The proposed major overland flow (spill) routes for both SWMF's will be to the southeast per existing conditions, however, the ponds are oversized and therefore major spill is not anticipated under normal conditions. An approximate breakdown of the overall drainage area is as follows:

SWMF B (east) – Outlet to Ellwanger Municipal Drain Main Branch No.1 (total drainage area 28.29ha)

- 1.90 Ha External Drainage (C=0.28 Agricultural lands and Highway 6 ROW);
- 2.64 Ha Nursing Home Block (C=0.73);
- 4.35 Ha Commercial Block/Long-Term Care Facility (C=0.73);
- 2.44 Ha Hotel Block (C=0.73);
- 1.35 Ha Condominium Residential Area (C= 0.51 incl. 15 to 23 metre wide ROWs);
- 9.58 Ha Condominium Residential and Municipal Right-of-ways (C=0.51);
- 6.02 Ha Condominium SWM block/Golf Course (C=0.36).

SWMF C (west) – Outlet to existing SWMF D (total drainage area 16.23ha)

- 6.57 Ha External drainage (C=0.28 Agricultural lands and Highway 6 ROW);
- 3.64 Ha Condominium Residential (C=0.51 incl. 15 to 23 metre wide ROWs) and;
- 6.02 Ha Condominium SWM block/Golf Course (C=0.30)

The 2009 Vallee SWM report also included SWMF 'A', which is proposed to be converted to a passive golf course/irrigation feature, and the proposed developed drainage area diverted to SWMF B for attenuation and treatment. The proposed development lands will be serviced by both private and municipal storm sewers. Golf course cart/pedestrian path linkage is proposed jointly with maintenance access to the SWMF's. The SWM system will provide storage for approximately 8.5ha (total) of external undeveloped lands and a portion of Highway 6 to the north of the subject development lands.



1.2 SITE CONSTRAINTS

The Dover Coast development lands are bound by Highway 6 to the north, existing residential lots (on Lakeview Ave.) to the west, Dover Coast (Phase 1)/New Lakeshore Road to the south and golf course lands to the east. The site topography under current conditions effectively sheds runoff in a southeasterly direction toward the Ellwanger Drain, which ultimately discharges to Lake Erie south of New Lakeshore Road. Geodetic elevations range between 192 m in the northwest corner of site to 186.5 m at the Ellwanger Drain Main Branch (outlet). The primary SWMF/development constraints affecting the design are noted as follows:

- Ellwanger Drain Main Branch No.1 topographic elevation (outlet for SWMF B);
- Existing Ellwanger Drain No.7 pipe invert elevations (inlet to SWMF C from Hwy 6);

Modifications to the upper branches of both Municipal Drains are proposed, concurrent and in conjunction with the proposed development; this is further discussed under section 3.2 of this report.

1.3 PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this Stormwater Management Report is to:

- Identify existing site characteristics including any external drainage conditions;
- Design a stormwater conveyance and detention system to accommodate both minor and major stormwater runoff from the subject site development area while incorporating appropriate Best Management Practices for controlling erosion and sedimentation;
- Design a stormwater management system that can attenuate the post-development flows to pre-development rates or lower for storm events up to the 100-year event; has regard for existing capacity constraints and; provides the required level of quality control (Enhanced) prior to releasing the runoff.

This report was prepared to supplement the Proponent's E.C.A. application to Ministry of Environment and Climate Change (MOECC) under Section 53, <u>Ontario Water Resources Act</u>. It should be noted that this report has been prepared to essentially match or improve peak flows for SWM as originally noted in the 2009 Vallee SWM Report (excerpts enclosed in appendix A).

1.4 KEY PROJECT REFERENCES & GUIDELINES

Related planning level and background reports previously prepared in support of The Dover Coast development include the following:

- Geotechnical Investigation, Soil Engineers Ltd. (March 2006);
- Dover Coast (Phase 1) SWM Report, Vallee (June 2009);
- Ellwanger Municipal Drain No. 7 Report, Vallee (July 2011, rev. Aug. 2011)
- Preliminary SWM Servicing Design Brief, Development Engineering (February 2015)

An updated Ellwanger Drainage Report will be prepared by Spriet Assocaites (forthcoming December 2015) to document changes to the Municipal Drains. It is anticipated that the Subdivision Agreement will identify the need for SWMF monitoring and maintenance by the Condominium Board(s). The Operation and Maintenance manual for the pond will be prepared (under separate cover) with due regard for County standards as typically required pursuant to MOE approval conditions.



2. GEOTECHNICAL (SOIL) CONDITIONS

A geotechnical investigation was completed for the site by Soil Engineers Ltd. in March 2006 and a supplemental native soils review completed by Vallee as part of their 2009 SWM Report. The lands are situated within the Haldimand Clay plain physiographic region, consistently described as firm to stiff silty clay with occasional loose and wet sandy silt deposits, (SCS hydrologic soil group 'C' – CN 82). Topsoil depth averages 250mm to 560mm across the site based upon fourteen (14) borehole logs.

Geotechnical analysis across the site indicates presence of groundwater conditions generally between 2.1m and 4m in depth. Groundwater seepage is anticipated to be low (clay) to moderate (sandy silt), and no requirement for groundwater control is anticipated. All residential basements should include sump pits and ejector pumps with discharge to either the storm sewer system or surface sufficiently away from the backfill envelope to prevent short circuiting to the footing drains.

In view of the underlying clay aquitard across the subject lands ($k = 10^{-5}$ to 10^{-8}), a water balance analysis is not considered critical to subdivision design as the impervious native subsoils are not conducive to groundwater recharge at this site. As such, low impact development (LID) stormwater recharge applications are not recommended for the subject lands on the basis of subsoil conditions. The underlying sandy silt (pockets) and clay subsoils are, however, considered appropriate for the excavation of the SWM pond facilities near the east and west limits of the site.

3. SWM FACILITY DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 SWM STRATEGY

The SWM strategy for the proposed development as originally developed by Vallee is to provide attenuation through over-control of minor flow conveyance via storm sewers and major overland flow routes with release to the Ellwanger Drain as noted. Additionally, the SWMF's are oversized to provide irrigation drawdown above the permanent pool elevation, below the extended detention/active control stages.

The proposed 2.03 ha (SWMF B) and 1.28 ha (SWMF C) SWM Block areas, shown in Figure B, have been integrated with the surrounding golf course areas to provide aesthetic benefits to encourage local enjoyment. Golf course walking/cart paths are also integrated with the SWM Block maintenance accesses where required. SWMF B will outlet directly to the Ellwanger Drain No.1 Main Branch channel while SWMF C will discharge through a storm sewer outfall to the southeast into SWMF D (with in-series outlet to SWMF E ultimately discharging to the Ellwanger Drain). The proposed major overland flow system is also generally to the southeast, where SWMF B discharges over the golf course (via a defined flow route and an in-series irrigation pond) and ultimately to the Ellwanger Drain. SWMF C outlets over the Regatta Drive extension (Dover Coast Phase 2) maintaining all flow to SWMF D.

The overall servicing and grading design for the proposed Phase 2 condominium development is premised upon separation of the minor and major drainage systems for conveyance into the respective SWMF's which will serve to over-control storm runoff. Major inflow routes are provided into the main cell of each SWMF per typical design practice.



3.2 MUNICIPAL DRAINS

Spriet Associates have been appointed by Norfolk County to complete the proposed Municipal Drain changes through the Municipal Drain Act, concurrent and in conjunction with the subject development design. Refer to Figures 1 to 6 in Appendix B for an outline of existing conditions, proposed changes and associated drainage areas. Both the MTO and County have been consulted and the servicing strategy approved, with detailed design under review. A summary of the proposed updates to the Drainage Engineer's reports (forthcoming December 2015) under the Drainage Act are as follows:

- Reassessment of the Ellwanger Drain Main Branch No. 1 & No. 7 and M schedules to reflect the new tax roll representing Dover Coast Phase 2 lots;
- Abandonment of portions of the Ellwanger Drains No. 1, Branch 1 and No. 7 once they can be intercepted/diverted by the Phase 2 storm sewer system into SWMF's B and C;
- Reassessment of the Ellwanger Drain schedules to reflect the new tax roll representing Dover Coast Phase 2 lots, MTO Highway 6 and the diversion of runoff to/from the golf course;

Diversion of the upper portion of Ellwanger Drain No.1 into SWMF B and No. 7 into SWMF C will result in a significant increase in flood storage on the subject lands (based upon cut and fill differential) relative to current conditions.

3.3 SWMF OUTFALLS

As shown in Figure 1, Drawings 11 and 12 in Appendix B, the proposed SWMF B sewer outfall is to the Ellwanger Branch No. 1 Main Drain (525mm dia. pipe) with new junction 1200mm manhole structure, and SWMF C is proposed to incorporate a 750mm pipe connected to an existing 900mm pipe with headwall to the southeast into SWMF D (with in-series outlet to SWMF E and ultimately to the Ellwanger Drain).

3.4 MINOR AND MAJOR STORMWATER FLOWS

A system of sewers for minor stormwater conveyance has been designed to convey runoff from both the subject and upstream external lands tributary to both SWMF's. The design of the sewer network has been completed via a storm area plan & design sheet on the Subdivision Engineering plans (ref. Municipal works drawings 1, 4, 5, 9). Refer to Phase 2 works sheets 4 to 7 for storm sewer profiles. County design standards dictate that storm sewers be designed for a 5 year return period storm event. Based on this, the downstream most section of trunk sewers are:

- SWMF B 1200mm sewer @ 0.40% 2,466 L/s uniform capacity has been sized to convey the total 5-year peak flow of 2,235 L/s (Rational Method Sewer Design Sheet) into the forebay area;
- SWMF C 675mm sewer @ 0.65% 678 L/s uniform capacity has been sized to convey the total 5-year peak flow of 343 L/s (Rational Method Sewer Design Sheet) into the forebay area.

Cross referencing the SWMM5 modelling output for the equivalent 5-year event runoff for SWMF B – 3,395 L/s and SWMF C - 928 L/s, these peak flows are higher than the above noted design sheet peak flows, however, they include direct surface runoff (golf course areas) to the SWMF's, and are un-routed through the developed portion of the development (i.e. hydrograph lag through local/trunk the sewers). Consequently, these are more conservative for the purposes of SWMF sizing. The golf course area (and some minor portions of the residential rear yards) will discharge directly to SWMF's via surface sheet



flow and are not to be collected by the storm sewer system. All major storm flow will be contained within the road allowances (<0.30m) and proposed drainage easements dedicated for storm runoff conveyance, where not directly tributary overland to the SWMF's. The SWMF's have been designed such that all first flush flows will enter the quality cell of the pond (forebay). Wherever practical, major overland routes have been directed to the SWM pond away from the sediment forebay.

4. HYDROLOGY

4.1 HYDROLOGIC PARAMETERS

The 4-hour Chicago design storms with return periods of 2, 5, 10, 25, 50 and 100 years were applied in the hydrologic modelling for this development over a fairly modest urban catchment of 44.5 ha. The Norfolk County rainfall hyetograph parameters used in the modeling are reproduced in Table 1 below:

					` ,		
	2 yr	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr	
Α	529.711	583.017	670.324	721.533	766.038	801.041	
В	4.501	3.007	3.007	2.253	1.898	1.501	
С	0.745	0.703	0.698	0.679	0.668	0.657	

Table 1 - Rainfall Intensities for Design Storm Events (mm/hr) = $\frac{A}{(t+B)^c}$

4.2 MODEL CATCHMENT PARAMETERS

The hydrologic response of the lands under intense rainfall events was simulated using the SWMM5 hydrologic/hydraulic model developed by the US EPA. The SWMM5 hydrologic modelling program is recognized as being appropriate for generating runoff hydrographs for both urban and rural catchments and to assess the performance of SWM detention storage facilities including pipe hydraulic calculations. The model catchment values typically include the SCS Curve Number for tributary land use and soil conditions in consideration of antecedent moisture, degree of imperviousness (total and directly connected) initial abstraction, overland flow lengths, ground slopes, and Mannings surface roughness coefficient under sheetflow conditions. It is noted, SWMM5 does not use traditional catchment 'time of concentration' parameter input values, as the hydrograph response time is generated based on subcatchment area, width, slope and roughness parameters.

The total and directly connected impervious parameters (expressed 'Pervious' and 'Impervious' routing) associated with the proposed Phase 2 development were calculated for a typical residential lot and roadway area (ref. Figure 2 Appendix B). Non-residential land use values (Highway 6 and High density blocks) were assigned select calculated impervious values.

As noted in Section 2, the SCS (Soil Conservation Service) Curve Number Infiltration method was used for calculating net effective rainfall for the pervious fractions using the model, (CN=82) as per the 2009 Vallee SWM Report for typical type C soils. A CN value of 98 is automatically applied to impervious



surfaces under the SWMM5 model. The event based model also uses Depression Storage (DS), otherwise known as Initial Abstraction (IA), for both pervious and impervious areas that must be satisfied along with infiltration. A conservative DS value of 2mm was used for the pervious grassed areas and 1mm on the impervious surfaces. Refer to Appendix C for details.

4.3 2009 VALLEE TARGET DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS

The Vallee SWM design, included in their 2009 Report, was premised on post-to-pre development attenuation control utilizing a system of 5 ponds (A to E). This design approach is maintained, but as only SWMF B & C are under detailed design review, the post development rates as calculated by Vallee for these two SWMF's will be taken as the target values for each respective rainfall event in Table 2.

SWMF	2 yr	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr
A&B	148	209	264	333	368	428
С	44	65	85	113	134	170

Table 2 – Vallee SWMF Peak Target Discharge Rates (L/s)

Note: Vallee SWMF's A & B are proposed to be combined into one proposed SWMF 'B'

4.4 PROPOSED (POST-DEVELOPMENT) PHASE 2 CONDITIONS

In reference to Figure B (Appendix B) which identifies the post-development catchments, the proposed wet pond SWMF's are to be located in topographic low areas on the subject development lands. Appendix C provides a detailed breakdown of tributary drainage area for each SWMF. It is noted the overall external drainage areas (north of Highway 6) may be eliminated (redirected) in future should these lands develop privately. It is assumed these would drain north instead with storm sewer servicing.

In regards to the commercial/high-density apartment blocks draining to SWMF B, the runoff coefficient (% impervious) values listed and modelled are the maximum allowable for quantity/quality control when merging development drainage for the former Vallee SWMF A. Should site plan applications be submitted in the future for development of these blocks with higher intensification, on-site SWM control would be required to account for the difference; i.e. some peak flow damping and quality roughing (surface oils/courser sediment removal) upstream of SWMF B.

5. SWM WET DETENTION POND FACILITY DESIGNS

5.1 SWMF DESIGN CRITERIA

As previously noted, the stormwater management strategy for the Phase 2 SWMF's is to essentially match Vallee peak outflow rates and irrigation drawdown buffer. In addition, the following criteria were applied in designing the grading scheme and SWM facility:



- Minimize surface grading in consideration of natural topography, required roadway, lot and golf course grading;
- Apply side slopes between 3-to-1 and 5-to-1 with a 2m aquatic safety bench around the perimeter of the pond near permanent pool stage;
- Provide a facility footprint that complements the golf course as an amenity feature and serves as a buffer function to the adjacent condominium residences;
- Establish suitable permanent pool elevation in order to intercept the Ellwanger Municipal Drains (No. 1/B1 & 7) as required;
- Provide the required permanent pool storage for water quality control based upon 'Enhanced' Level 1 treatment (MOE 2003);
- Provide the required active storage for extended detention with concurrent capability for downstream erosion protection;
- Limit maximum water depth within the facility to approximately 3.0 m during the 100-year event;
- Provide a design that balances the operational and functional objectives of the SWM facility while mindful of the economic considerations for site servicing costs and;
- Provide a perimeter maintenance access for operations staff.

5.2 SWMF STORAGE ANALYSIS

The proposed SWM facilities B & C have been sized to provide detention of their respective developed catchment areas based upon an <u>average</u> % imperviousness. This includes the proposed residential, golf course, commercial (to SWMF B only) and external areas. Tables 3 summarizes the tributary area and % impervious for each SWM facility.

Golf Residential & Commercial/ Total External Avg. % **SWMF** Course/ ROW's Apartment (incl. Hwy 6) Area (ha) Imp SWM Block В 10.93 6.02 9.44 1.90 28.29 48 C 3.64 6.02 16.23 20 6.57

Table 3 – Summary Drainage Areas and % Imperviousness

Refer to Figure C in Appendix B and Summary tables in Appendix C for more information. To provide an enhanced level of quality treatment, the storage volumes provided for the permanent pool and extended detention active (erosion control) exceed the minimum storage requirements obtained from typical MOE event-based drawdown criteria. The calculated required and design SWMF storage volumes are summarized in Tables 4 and 5 below:



Table 4: SWMF B - Facility Target Storage Volumes

Storage Volume (m³)

	Required	Provided
Permanent Pool *	3,748	16,874
Irrigation Buffer (Min.)	-	7,089
Extended Detention (active) **	4,163	-6,170
Quantity Control Storage (incl. Ext. Det.)***	13,824	16,241
Extra (freeboard above emergency spillway)	-	5,394
Total (Perm. Pool + Active)	17,572	45,598

Notes: * Based upon Level 1 control wet pond;

For SWMF B, a minimum of 3,748 m³ storage in the permanent pool and the greater of the extended detention storage (1,131 m³) or the erosion control discharge constraint (4,163 m³), as derived from the 25mm-4 hour storm runoff volume is to be provided (pro-rated 14.7mm over 28.29ha). The SWM Facility is configured to yield a 1.70 metre deep permanent pool with a proposed volume of 16,874 m³.

Table 5: SWMF C - Facility Target Storage Volumes

Storage Volume (m³)

	Required	Provided
Permanent Pool *	1,623	-7,314 ← 5,830
Irrigation Buffer (Min.)	-	-4,488 ← 3,775
Extended Detention (active) **	1,581	2,370 ← 4,213
Quantity Control Storage (incl. Ext. Det.)***	6,665	7,000 ← 6,973
Extra (freeboard above emergency spillway)	-	-6,102 <4,518
Total (Perm. Pool + Active)	8,288	24,90 4 21,099

Notes: * Based upon Level 1 control wet pond;

For SWMF C, a minimum of 1,623 m³ storage in the permanent pool and the greater of the extended detention storage (649 m³) or the erosion control discharge constraint (1,581 m³), as derived from the 25mm-4 hour storm runoff volume is to be provided (pro-rated 9.7mm over 16.23ha). The SWM Facility is configured to yield a 1.25 metre deep permanent pool with a proposed volume of 7,281 m³. Refer to Appendix C for calculation details.



^{**} Pro-rated runoff vol. from 25mm-4hr Chicago Event.

^{***} Based on max. storage vol. utilized under 100yr event (from SWMM5)

^{**} Pro-rated runoff vol. from 25mm-4hr Chicago Event.

^{***} Based on max. storage vol. utilized under 100yr event (from SWMM5)

5.3 SWMF DESIGN ELEVATIONS

As illustrated in the engineering plans and model results in Appendix D, the proposed SWM pond elevations are summarized below:

SWMF B

- Base of SWMF Stage = 186.50 m (forebay) / 186.50 m (quantity cell)
- Permanent Pool Stage = 188.20 m (approx. 1.8 m below grade; 1.7m forebay depth)
- Inlet Storm Sewer (1200mm dia.) Headwall Invert = 188.50 m
- Irrigation Buffer = 188.70 (approx. 0.5m deep zone for drawdown)
- Outlet-1 Quality/Ext. Detention Control Lid = 188.10 m (600x600mm DICB w/ 450mm reverse slope pipe inv. 187.33)
- Outlet -2 Quantity Control Lid = 189.30 m (600x600mm DICB w/ 450mm pipe inv. 188.43m)
- Storm Sewer Outfall (1500 MH) Invert = 188.35 m, control MH structure with:
 - 450mm PVC reverse pipe with 375mm orifice plate for Extended Detention/Quality
 Orifice Control from Outlet-1, Invert = 188.70 m
 - o 450mm PVC pipe for active quantity control stage from Outlet-2, Invert = 188.35m
 - 525mm outlet pipe to Ellwanger Drain No. 1 downstream of MH; pipe capacity (340 L/s) governs when combined peak discharge from Outlets 1 & 2 exceeds this value.
- Emergency Spillway Stage = 189.70 m (10m wide trapezoidal weir with 12:1 sideslopes)
- Perimeter Grades = 190.00m (Top of SWMF B)

SWMF C

- Base of SWMF Stage = 187.25 m (forebay) / 187.25 m (quantity cell)
- Permanent Pool Stage = 188.50 m (approx. 1.75 m below grade; 1.25m forebay depth)
- Inlet Storm Sewer (675mm dia.) Headwall Invert = 188.70 m
- Irrigation Buffer = 189.00 (approx. 0.5m deep zone for drawdown)
- Outlet-1 Quality/Ext. Detention/Active Quantity Control Lid = 188.40 m (600x600 mm DICB w/ 375mm reverse slope pipe inv. 187.73)
- Outlet -2 Overflow Control Lid = 189.70 m (1200x600 mm DDICB w/ 525mm pipe inv. 188.63)
- Storm Sewer Outfall (1500 MH) Invert = 188.35 m, control MH structure with:
 - 375mm PVC reverse pipe with 280mm orifice plate for Extended Detention/Quality /Active Quantity Orifice Control from Outlet-1, Invert = 189.00 m
 - 525mm PVC pipe for overflow control stage from Outlet-2, Invert = 188.61m
- Emergency Spillway Stage = 190.70 m (4m wide asphalt maintenance pathway)
- Perimeter Grades = 190.25m (Top of SWMF C)

The inlet sewer to both SWMF's B & C are set such that the maximum active pond water elevation would impose minor submergence of the inlet sewers at the headwall under 5 year storm conditions. Conveyance complications under minor storm conditions are not anticipated as the runoff (peak inflow) hydrograph time to peak is expected to occur on the order of 3 hours in advance of the maximum 5 year pond stage (storage hydrograph) in both SWMF's B & C.



5.4 SWMF CONTROLS & OUTLET DESIGN

Functional design details of the proposed outlet works are shown on the Engineering Drawings 11, 12 & 15 (Appendix B). The stage/storage outlet control is proposed as described in the SWMF B & C rating tables in Appendix C.

SWMF B

The first stage Outlet-1 (quality and erosion control volumes outlet) is proposed to consist of a reverse sloped 450mm diameter pipe and the 375mm orifice plate inside the control maintenance structure located along the south of the facility. The 375mm diameter orifice plate (inv.) will be set at the top of the irrigation level (elev. 188.70m), above the permanent pool elevation (elev. 188.20m). This stage is configured to detain and release the extended detention volume for a period of between 24 and 48 hours. Under such a configuration, the pipe intake is submerged under the permanent pool with a ditch inlet catchbasin (DICB; sill = 188.10m, inv. = 189.30m) such that floating debris/free oil may be captured in the pond during operation and maintenance activities. This also protects the minor outlet from clogging during storm events and winter ice buildup.

The quantity control Outlet-2 is proposed to incorporate a positively sloped 450mm pipe from a ditch inlet catchbasin (DICB) in the upper southeast slope of SWMF B with sill at 189.30m and pipe invert 188.43m. Outlet-2 will restrict outflow at the mid to upper range of the active storage. A 10 metre wide rip-rap lined emergency spillway (with 12:1 sideslopes) is proposed on the east embankment of SWMF B as an emergency bypass at elevation 189.70m. This weir will facilitate the discharge of major flows that exceed the typical operating range active storage volumes (i.e. >100 year event). The design active storage provided (13,977 m³) amounts to approximately 508 cubic metres per hectare at the spillway stage, not including freeboard. The overflow weir structure would not typically be operational under normal storm conditions (as modelled) provided the other two outlet pipes are functioning.

SWMF C

As previously noted, the lower stage Outlet-1 will control quality, erosion control and peak flow volumes utilizing a 280mm diameter orifice (inv.) set at the top of the irrigation level (elev. 189.00m), above the permanent pool elevation (elev. 188.50m). This dual stage is configured to detain and release the extended detention volume for a period of between 24 and 48 hours as well as quantity peak flows above this up to and including the 100 year event. Outlet-1 is proposed to consist of a reverse sloped 375mm diameter pipe with the 280mm orifice plate at the control maintenance structure (ST-31) located in the southwest corner of the facility. Under such a configuration, the pipe intake is submerged under the permanent pool with a ditch inlet catchbasin (DICB; sill = 188.40m, inv. = 187.73m) such that floating debris/free oil may be captured in the pond during operation and maintenance activities. This also protects the minor outlet from clogging during storm events and winter ice buildup. The design active storage provided (6,975 m3) amounts to approximately 430 cubic metres per hectare, not including freeboard above this.

Outlet-2 is an overflow control, proposed to incorporate a positively sloped 525mm pipe with a double ditch inlet catchbasin (DDICB) adjacent to Outlet-1, (sill = 189.70, pipe invert 188.63m). The overflow outlet control will provide relief above the upper range of active storage, or in the case of Outlet-1 blockage. Under normal conditions, Outlet-2 will not be utilized.



5.5 SWMF QUALITY AND EROSION CONTROL

The quality storage requirements are based on the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) March 2003 Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual for an Enhanced level of protection (Level 1). In view of the receiving system, the design objective proposed herein is to achieve a minimum 80% Total Suspended Solids removal in the proposed SWM Facility as noted under Section 5.2 to provide the required level of quality treatment, Refer to calculations in Appendix C. Temporary sediment control measures are discussed in Section 7 of this report.

5.6 IRRIGATION DRAWDOWN BUFFER

Both proposed SWMF's have a 0.5m deep irrigation drawdown buffer above the respective permanent pool elevations comprising approximately 7,089 m³ (SWMF B) and 3,775 m³ (SWMF C). It is understood a valved gravity drawdown system will be implemented to recharge SWMF's D & E which supply the irrigation suction system. The irrigation drawdown buffer/controls will be independent of the SWMF's outlet controls and should have no impact to the operation to the ponds quantity/quality performance.

5.7 SWMF QUANTITY CONTROL

Post-Development quantity control targets for the SWMF's B & C are based on control such that post-development peak flows for the 2 to the 100 year storm events do not exceed pre-development conditions per the Vallee SWM Report.

Peak flows from the Dover Coast Phase 2 development at SWMF B & C are summarised in Table 6. For each storm event simulation, the storage (node) routing and outlet pipe (link) drawdown was calculated by SWMM5 software to determine peak active storage/outflow used for the outlet configuration described by the rating table (Appendix C).

Table 6: Summary of Peak SWMF Outflows (L/s)

SWMF	2 yr	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr
В	123	162	188	246	296	340
С	41	64	78	94	104	119

Note: Outlet from SWMF B to Ellwanger Drain No. 1, SWMF C to SWMF D (Phase 1).

From Table 6 the following is noted:

- All events are below target Post-development peak flow rates as set by Vallee (ref. Table 2) to the respective outlet location; as such quantity control criteria is met;
- The outlet to SWMF B is a 525mm pipe (0.5%) which has a uniform flow (unsurcharged) capacity of approximate 340 L/s. During larger rainfall events (>25yr), this pipe capacity (tailwater condition) begins to govern over of the combined peak discharge rates of Outlets 1 & 2.



Reference should be drawn to the plans and figures in Appendix B which describe the proposed SWMF's B &C. Operations and Maintenance of the SWM pond facilities will become the ultimate responsibility of the Condominium Board upon assumption, as discussed further under section 7.

6. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Mitigation of impacts to adjacent lands is proposed with strategic alignment of sediment barriers along down-gradient property boundaries and regular monitoring through the construction period. Protection of the existing Dover Coast Phase 1 to guard against excessive mud tracking onto the road should be a key objective during construction. To facilitate control of stormwater runoff during construction, it is critical that effective sediment controls be implemented and maintained throughout the work zone. It is recommended that the following measures be implemented to mitigate the release of impaired storm runoff during construction phase:

- Installation of silt fence, rock check dams, diversion swales, sediment basins or other similar temporary facilities throughout the site during construction in order to reduce overland flow velocities and trap coarse sediment on-site;
- Prevent silt or sediment laden runoff from entering inlets (catchbasins / catchbasin manholes) by wrapping their tops with filter fabric (or commercial equivalents) and incorporating straw bale filters (flow checks);
- Sod any proposed swales where feasible immediately following construction to reduce runoff velocities
 and mitigate erosion. In general, minimizing the duration of soil exposure in erosion prone areas by
 implementing vegetation coverage (i.e. hydro seeding) is recommended;
- Maintenance of sediment and erosion control structures (including periodic cleaning as required) until
 such time as the Engineer or the Municipality approves their removal. The Contractor should maintain an
 inspection log to track important site observations, effectiveness of controls after 12mm (or greater)
 rainfall events, remedial measures undertaken, maintenance operations, decommissioning dates and any
 other pertinent site activity;
- Installation of temporary measures at the site construction entrance to minimize tracking of mud and debris onto adjacent roads;

The proposed strategy for erosion and sediment control is expected to apply the concept of multiple barrier controls, which are intended to work concurrently at source, within the conveyance system, and at down-gradient flow confluences to protect receivers.

7. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

The proposed SWMF's will have ongoing maintenance requirements related to sediment accumulations, erosion monitoring and vegetation control. The design described in this report provides for a wet detention pond function with extended detention storage to promote sediment accumulation. The SWM facility configuration has regard for the length to width ratios recommended by the 2003 MOE Design Guidelines to promote the target Enhanced level of suspended solids settlement under first flush (quality) storm events.



Based on conservative annual sediment loading estimates in the order of 1.25-1.90 m³/ hectare (MOE Table 6.3), sediment removal is expected to be required at approximately 20 year intervals. It is recommended that sediment removal be completed utilizing a long reach excavator along the east shoreline fringe zones, or within a dewatered forebay cell. Dedicated maintenance access ramps are to be provided to both pond cells adjacent to the forebay berm for equipment access to the pond floor.

The SWM facility should be inspected at the onset of each season (i.e. a minimum four (4) times per year). These facilities should also be inspected following each significant rainfall event to ensure that the pond features (i.e. inlet, outlet, spillway etc.) are in good physical and operating condition. The following items should be checked with each inspection:

- Obstructions, dead vegetation or refuse at the inlet, outlet, diversion structure, or spillways;
- Evidence of oil/grease contamination, pollutant/hydrocarbon spills (e.g. gasoline), and/or unnatural odour in the pond;
- Accumulation of algae and/or other form of choking vegetation;
- Sediment accumulation or erosion around pond features;
- Effectiveness of installed erosion control measures;
- Evidence of significant disruptive animal activity such as burrowing or damming;
- Evidence of seepage through berms or hydraulic malfunctioning such as frequent overtopping of the high water levels following significant rainfall events;
- Evidence of fish stocking, community activities, vandalism, or encroachment;
- Evidence of ice damage;
- Status of the pond's safety features and grading (e.g. fencing, slopes, safety grates, retaining walls);
- Evidence of prolonged drawdown (over 4 days) of the extended detention storage component.

A detailed Operations and Maintenance manual for the facility can be prepared concurrent with the SWM design submission to the MOE, to guide future Condominium Operations/Maintenance staff and to supplement agency approvals as required. As a standard condition of MOE approval, this O&M manual would be prepared with regard for the County standards, to include consideration for:

- Baseline conditions prior to construction;
- Phased Implementation (where applicable);
- During Construction function of various controls;
- After Construction SWMF function prior to Condominium Board assumption;
- Water quality considerations;
- Hydrologic operating regimes, under varying levels of catchment development.

8.1 Post-Construction Operations and Maintenance

During phased development build-out and prior to Condominium Board assumption, the Developer is typically responsible for such things as road maintenance, sewer flushing, sediment removal, pond monitoring and repair, landscape maintenance, and trash removal. Although these are to be covered in



more detail in the Operation and Maintenance Plan, several of the more common considerations are listed below for cursory review:

Detention Pond SWMF Drawdown Monitoring

The proposed SWM facilities will require regular monitoring and maintenance to verify they operate with the intended efficiencies and to monitor sediment accumulation both in the forebay and the main basin. The SWM facilities will serve as wet detention ponds with extended detention storage to promote sediment accumulation and to reduce downstream outflow rates for flood and erosion protection. The SWM facilities configuration satisfies the length to width ratios (MOE Guidelines, 2003) to promote the required level of suspended solids settlement under a quality storm event.

It is estimated that the drawdown times of the quality and erosion control volume is between 64 and 68 hours. If drawdown times were found to typically exceed this range, the outlet structure should be examined for blockage. A water level gauge is proposed (ref. Drawings 11, 12 & 15 Appendix B) with 100mm increment markings.

• Catchbasin/Maintenance Hole Sump and Orifice Inspection

Semi-annual inspection and/or sediment removal at all catchbasin and manhole sumps may be warranted to prevent excess buildup of sediment levels and subsequent passage downstream with scour. Additionally, visual inspection of the quality outlet structure for signs of damage or plugging will be periodically required to maintain the design outflow characteristics. These structures are located as shown in the Engineering Plans (Appendix B).



8. Conclusions & Recommendations

Based on the information provided herein, it is concluded that:

- The SWM control approach for the subject Dover Coast Phase 2 works meets the various objectives and constraints, and should responsibly manage storm runoff with due regard for adjacent and downstream interests. SWMF's B & C provide service to ±8.5ha of external lands, however this area may decrease in the future with potential private development north of Highway 6;
- The total active storage available in the wet ponds SWMF B (574 m³/ hectare) and SWMF C (430 m³/ hectare) has capacity to safely detain up to the 100 year (4-hour) storm runoff with controlled release to the Ellwanger Drain Branch No. 1 and SWMF D respectively, at no greater than the equivalent pre-development flows as established by Vallee Engineering (2009);
- The various quality control design considerations, in conjunction with responsible operation and maintenance activities, should provide an effective means of managing water quality impacts;
- All sewers constructed within future municipal road allowances under s.53 of the <u>Ontario Water</u>
 <u>Resources Act</u>, are proposed to be assumed ultimately by Norfolk County, subject to the
 provisions of the Dover Coast Development agreement.
- Reassessment of Ellwanger Drain Schedules with the Norfolk County Drainage Superintendent, including portions to be abandoned/replaced;

The information enclosed herein, supplementing the Dover Coast Development Phase 2 Engineering Drawings, is submitted in support of <u>OWRA</u> approval for the SWMF works described herein. This SWM Design Report has been prepared on behalf of Dover Coast Developments, based upon currently available information, to overview the servicing strategy for Phase 2 works. Specifically, submission of this report is intended to support Agency approvals.





Appendix A

Background Information – 2009 Vallee SWM Report Excerpts



Storm Water Management Report Dover Coast Development South of Highway No. 6

Port Dover - Norfolk County - Ontario



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Table 3 Post Development Sub Catchments							
Area	Total Area (ha)	Residential Unit Area (ha)	SWM/ Golf Course (ha)	Commercial/High Density Residential (ha)			
Area A	16.31	5.52	8.50	2.28 (Commercial)			
Area B	18.41	7.29	6.36	3.26 (Commercial) 1.50 (Apartments)			
Area C	9.90	3.30	6.60				
Area D	14.20	9.80	4.40				
Area E	14.20	8.90	4.00	1.30 (Apartments)			

Post development, impervious land areas will be introduced to each of these areas to differing degrees. For commercial and high-density residential areas it has been assumed that 95% of the area associated with these uses will be impervious with 85% of the total area directly connected to storm sewer systems.

For the residential unit area the following assumptions have been made with respect to impervious surfaces introduced post development.

•	Assumed Roof Area per Dwelling Unit	185m ²
•	Assumed Driveway Area per Dwelling Unit	45 m ²
•	Road Area per metre of Length (includes sidewalk one side) (Road area considered directly connected to storm sewers)	11m²/m

The following summarizes the anticipated impervious areas for each of the sub catchment areas of the overall site.

99

Area A

Number of Units

	ranibol of office	
•	Length of Road	1,150m
•	Impervious Area Associated with Units	3.54 ha (1.27 ha directly connected)
•	Impervious Area Associated with Commercial	2.17 ha (1.94 ha directly connected)

Area B

•	Number of Units	103
	Length of Road	1,445m
	Impervious Area Associated with Units	3.96 ha (1.59 ha directly connected)
	Impervious Area Associated with Commercial	3.10 ha (2.77 ha directly connected)
•	Impervious Area Assoicated with High Density	1.43 ha (1.28 ha directly connected)

Area C

•	Number of Units	58
	Length of Road	690m
•	Impervious Area Associated with Units	2.09 ha (0.76 ha directly connected)



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Area D

Number of Units	158
Length of Road	1,412m

Impervious Area Associated with Units
 5.19 ha (1.55 ha directly connected)

Area E

•	Number of Units	164
•	Length of Road	1,795m
	Impervious Area Associated with Units	5.75 ha (1.97 ha directly connected)

Impervious Area Associated with High Density
 1.24 ha (1.11 ha directly connected)

These five (5) areas represent the portion of the entire site that will be developed for residential or commercial purposes. There remains an area (Area F) of 43.72 ha that will be golf course only with no residential units proposed and therefore no significant increase in impervious surfaces.

Minor and major storm drainage systems will convey the runoff from each of these five (5) areas to their SWM Facility. The minor system is to be made up of the storm sewer system and is designed for the 5-year, 15 min. inlet time storm for Simcoe and will discharge to the proposed storm water detention pond(s).

The major system is made up of overland flow routes that will occur as a result of the grading of overall site and the road profiles. Typically these routes will follow the proposed roadways and ultimately end at the proposed SWM facilities.

Discharge to Storage Relationship

To determine the required level of storage for a storm water detention pond, the post-development conditions were modeled, again using the SWMHYMO computer model. In order for the computer model to determine the storage volume required the relationship between the storage volume of the pond and the discharge must be defined and is referred to as the pond rating curve. This rating curve is determined by calculating volume of the proposed pond facility up to a proposed contour elevation and then calculating the expected discharge from the facility based on the water level at this contour elevation and the proposed outlet control configuration.

In this case discharge is controlled from each of the five (5) ponds by a weir. Each weir will be located on the side of a catch basin structure at the outlet end of the pond. The elevation and width of the weir will vary from pond to pond and the discharge of each weir can be defined by:

•
$$Q = 1.67 * w * h^{3/2}$$

where: w = width of weir (m)
h = height of water above weir, (m)

Table 4 summarizes the weir configuration for each of the five (5) ponds.



Table 4 Weir Configurations					
Pond	Width of Weir (m)	Weir Elevation (m)			
Pond A	0.25	189.50			
Pond B	0.25	188.70			
Pond C	0.25	189.00			
Pond D	0.25	187.00			
Pond E	0.25	187.00			

The rating curve for each of the ponds is appended to this report as Appendix B.

Post Development Outlet Configuration

As is noted on Figure 1, the five (5) pre development sub-catchment areas all outlet to different conveyance systems ultimately to Lake Erie. Generally the post development sub catchment areas will follow the pre development areas with some overlap. Typically, in a case such as this it would be the intention to utilize the pre-development outlets as the outlets for the various SWM facilities.

However, since it is the intention of the proposed SWM facilities to also address operational and maintenance needs of the proposed golf course, there is desire to have these facilities connected in some way. This will allow some flexibility in controlling water level in the SWM facilities to maximize the amount of water that is available for irrigation.

Finally, the Environmental Impact Study completed by Niblett Environmental Associates Inc. identified the existing ravine at the southeast corner of the site as an area that should be maintained in its current form and capacity. This area currently serves as the outlet for the pre-development area PRE5, the largest of the pre-development areas. This ravine was identified as the water source for downstream fish habitat. The EIS therefore recommended that flows to this ravine be maintained at the existing flow regime or slightly enhanced.

Therefore, it seems logical to combine or share outlets from the proposed facilities to aid with the operation and maintenance of the golf course and also direct these outlets to the existing ravine located at the southeast corner of the property. The combined post development discharge to this ravine will therefore be limited to the pre-development regime for the area PRE5 (reference Table 2).

Post Development Model

Figure 3 provides a schematic of the post development SWMHYMO model. This figure summarizes the overall site along with the facilities that flow into each other as well as those that share an outlet. In general, Pond A and B share an outlet and discharge into the receiving ravine at its north end. Pond C discharges into Pond D which then shares an outlet with Pond E and discharges to the receiving ravine midway along its length.

Table 5 summarizes the post development conditions for the storm events analyzed. In all cases the post development flows are less than the pre-development conditions. The output file generated by SWMHYMO is appended to this report for all of the storm events analyzed.



Table 5 Post Development – Storm Water Runoff					
Storm Event	Outlet Ponds A & B (m3/s)	Outlet Ponds C, D & E (m3/s)	Golf Course (m3/s)	Total Site (m3/s)	Pre- Development (m3/s)
2-year	0.148	0.172	0.477	0.793	0.809
5-year	0.209	0.249	0.687	1.138	1.165
10-year	0.264	0.320	0.872	1.449	1.478
25-year	0.333	0.418	1.111	1.853	1.884
50-year	0.368	0.491	1.325	2.180	2.245
100-year	0.428	0.612	1.628	2.663	2.759

For all storm events the post development discharge from the site to the ravine has been reduced to less than pre development values.

4.0 Proposed Detention Pond

The Ministry of the Environment's document titled <u>Stormwater Management Practices Planning and Design Manual</u> (March 2003) was used in conjunction with requirements of Norfolk County to determine the design for the storm water ponds for Dover Coast development. The following summarizes the design guidelines presented by the manual along with the corresponding value for the proposed facility.

a) <u>Storage Sizing:</u> Table 3.2 of the MOE design manual provides levels of storage volume required dependent on the percent impervious land area. Table 6 summarizes the calculation for each of the five (5) ponds.

Table 6 Water Quality Storage Requirements – MOE Guidelines					
Item	Pond A	Pond B	Pond C	Pond D	Pond E
Contributing Area (ha)	16.31 ha	18.41 ha	9.90 ha	14.20 ha	14.20 ha
Impervious Land Area (ha)	5.71 ha or 35%	8.48 ha or 46%	2.09 ha or 21%	5.19 or 37%	6.96 ha or 49%
Storage Requirement (m³/ha)	140 m³/ha	167.5 m³/ha	105 m³/ha	145 m³/ha	175 m³/ha
Permanent Pool Required (m³)	1,631 m ³	2,347 m ³	644 m³	1,491m³	1,917m³
Permanent Pool Provided (m³)	15,730 m ³	4,895m³	4,050 m ³	3,702 m³	5,210 m ³
Extended Detention Required (m³)	652 m³	736 m³	396 m³	568 m ³	568 m³
Extended Detention Provided (m³)	3,310 m ³	3,516 m ³	1,507 m ³	2,531m ³	2,706 m ³



	Dover C		ole 9 nt SWM Facility S	ummary	
Item	Pond A	Pond B	Pond C	Pond D	Pond E
Pond Bottom	187.75m	186.95m	187.25m	185.25m	185.25m
Top Slope	190.50m	189.70m	189.70m	188.00m	188.00m
Permanent Pool	189.00m	188.20m	188.50m	186.50m	186.50m
Irrigation Buffer	189.50m	188.70m	189.00m	187.00m	187.00m
Forebay Vol	1,652m3	232 m3	580 m3	252 m3	296 m3
Perm. Pool Vol	15,730 m3	4,895m3	4,050 m3	3,702 m3	5,210 m3
Irrigation Vol	8,512 m3	3,208m3	2,732 m3	2,514 m3	3,521 m3
Max Storage	8,640 m3	8,912 m3	4,070 m3	6,644 m3	6,772 m3
Req'd	(Elev 189.95m)	(Elev 189.51m)	(Elev 189.55m)	(Elev 187.92m)	(Elev 187.70m)
Discharge Control	0.25m wide weir at 189.50m	0.25m wide weir at 188.70m	0.25m wide weir at 189.00m	0.25m wide weir at 187.00m	0.25m wide weir at 187.00
Outlet	19				

6.0 Erosion and Sediment Control

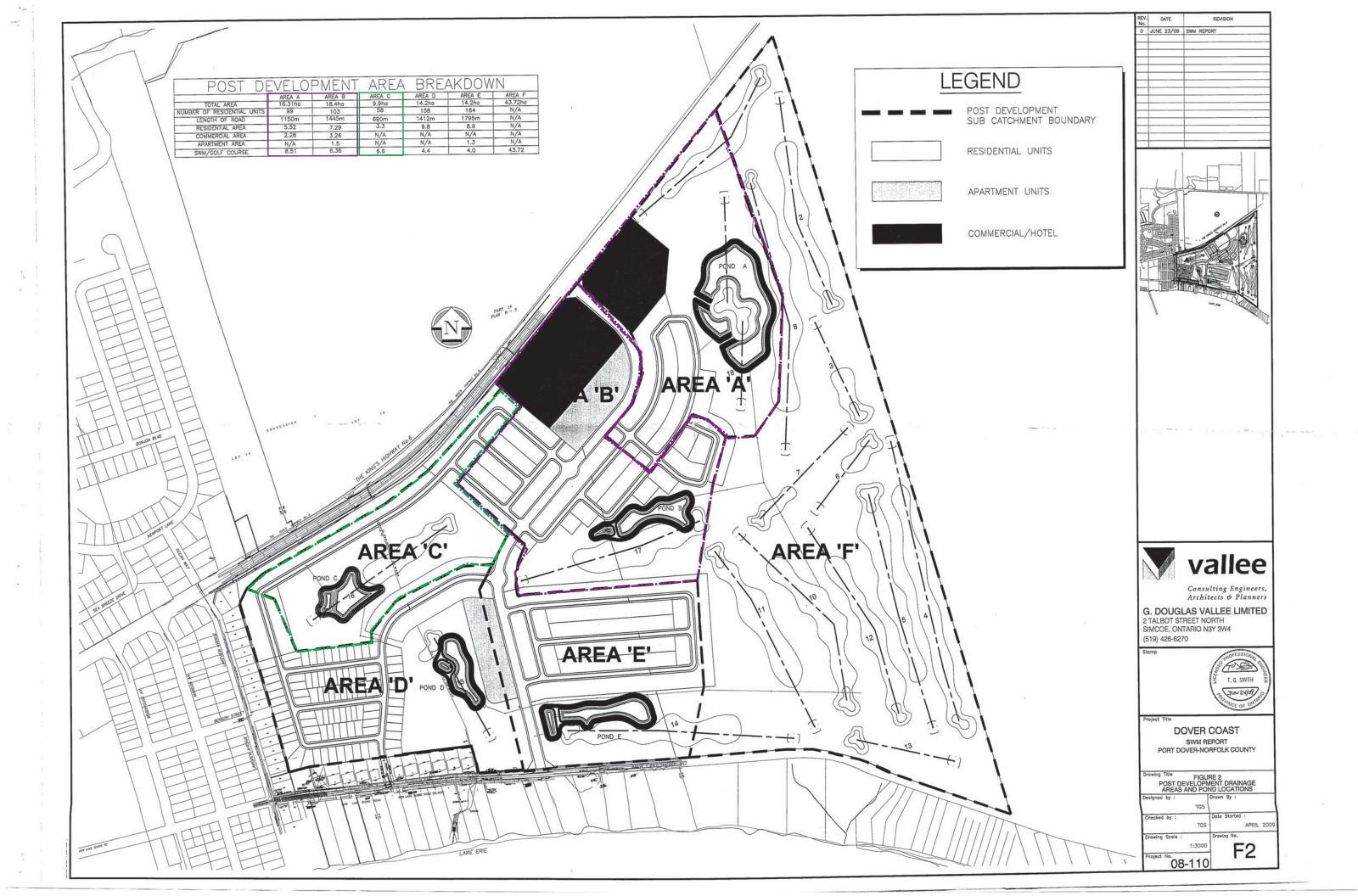
A copy of the Environmental Protection specification for this project is appended to this report. During construction, the contractor is required to protect the work site and all adjacent lands from sediment and erosion regardless of the source to the satisfaction of all applicable parties. The measures installed by the contractor are to remain in place until such time as there is no further threat of damage.

7.0 Irrigation Buffer

As was mentioned, the intention is to integrate the proposed SWM ponds within the proposed golf course to address the playing and operational needs of the golf course. During the summer months the demand for the irrigation water would be at it highest while the generation of source water for the ponds, surface runoff from the development, would be the lowest. Therefore it is proposed to provide an irrigation buffer within each pond. This buffer would be defined by the depth from the top of the permanent pool up to the proposed outlet control weir in each pond. In all of the ponds this depth has been set at 0.5m. Table 10 summarizes the volume of runoff that would be available for irrigation purposes.

	Table 10 Buffer Volumes
Pond	Volume (m³)
Pond A	8,512
Pond B	3,208
Pond C	2,732
Pond D	2,514
Pond E	3,521



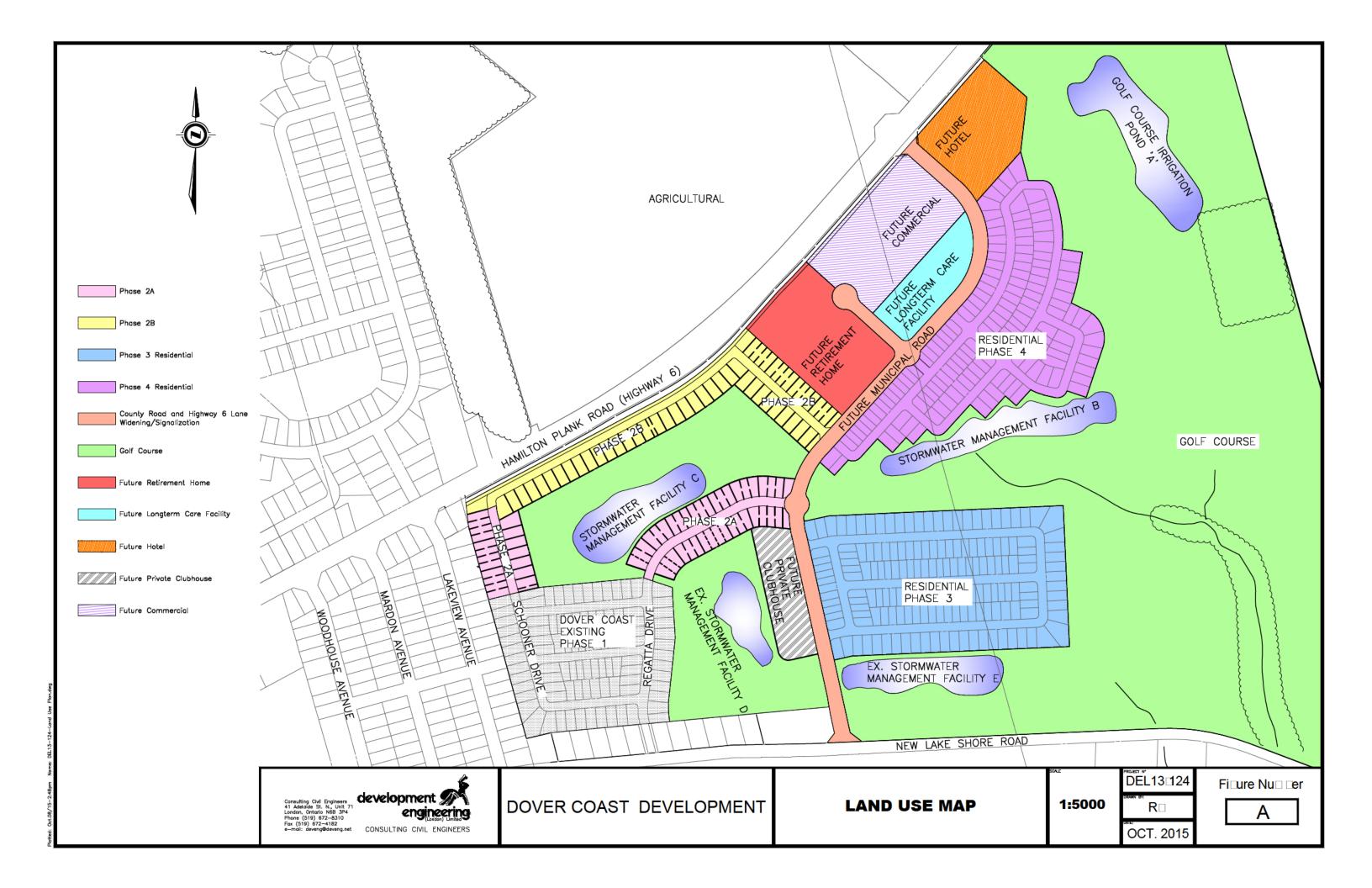


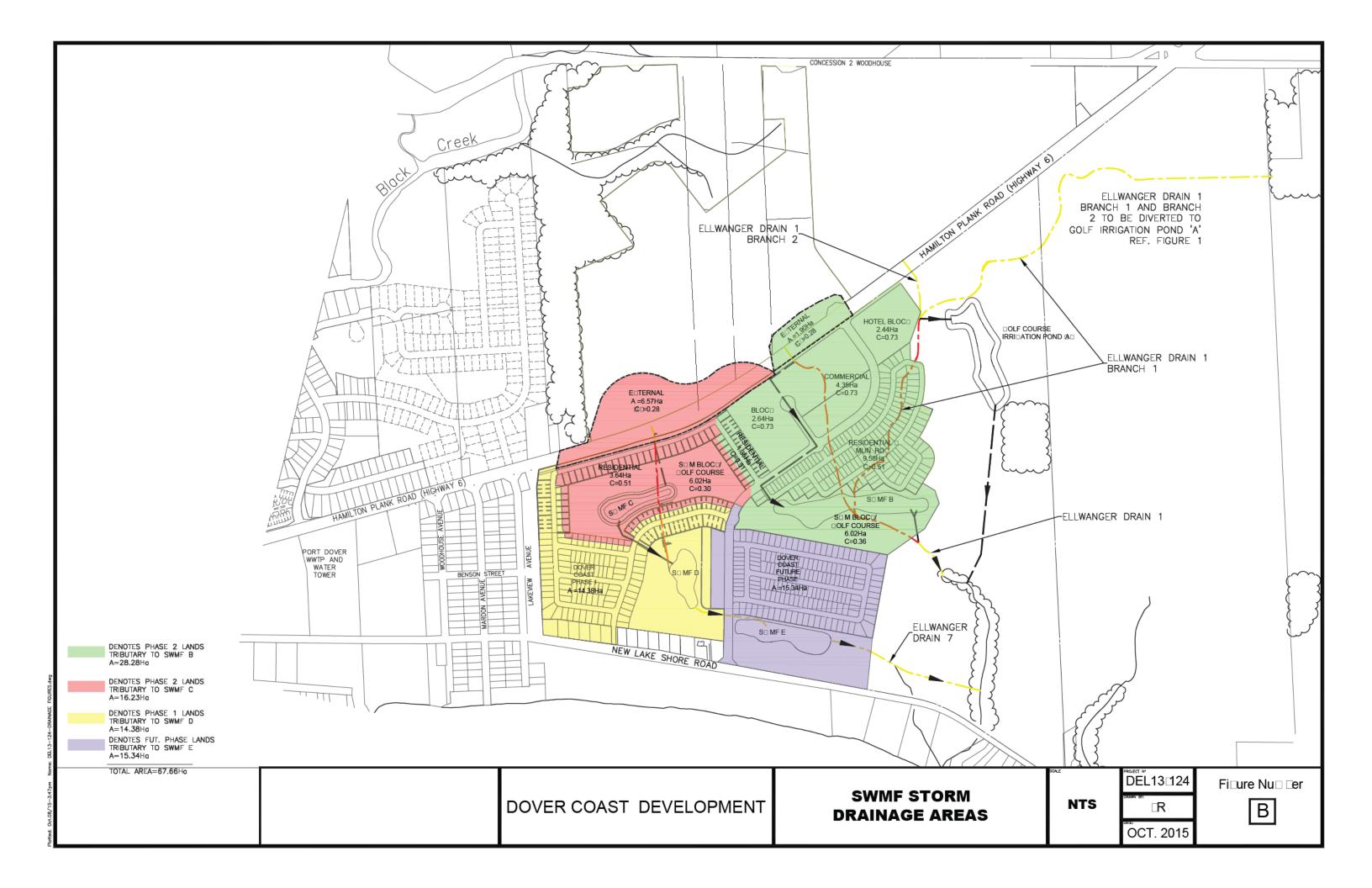


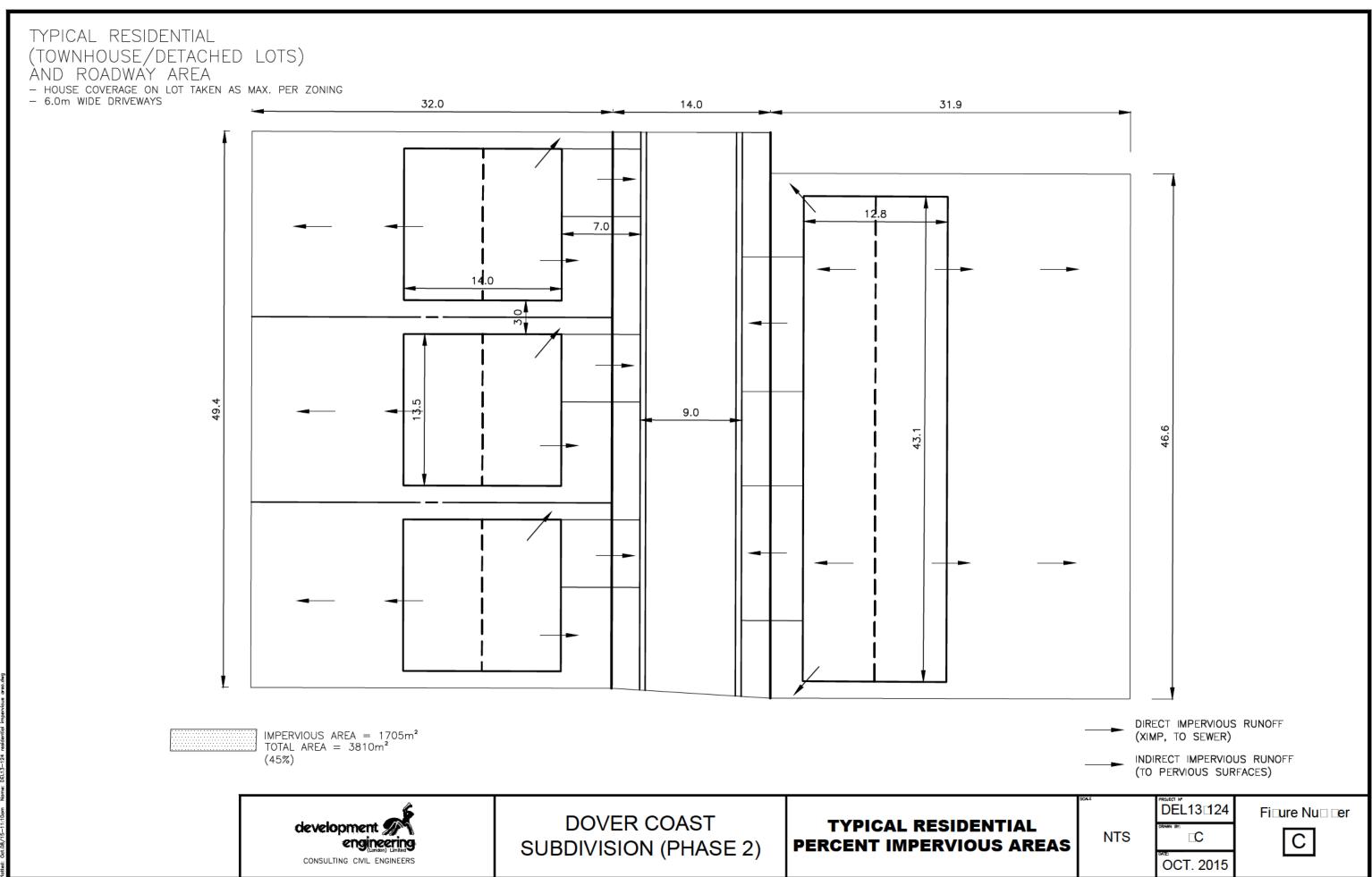
Appendix B

SWM Figures

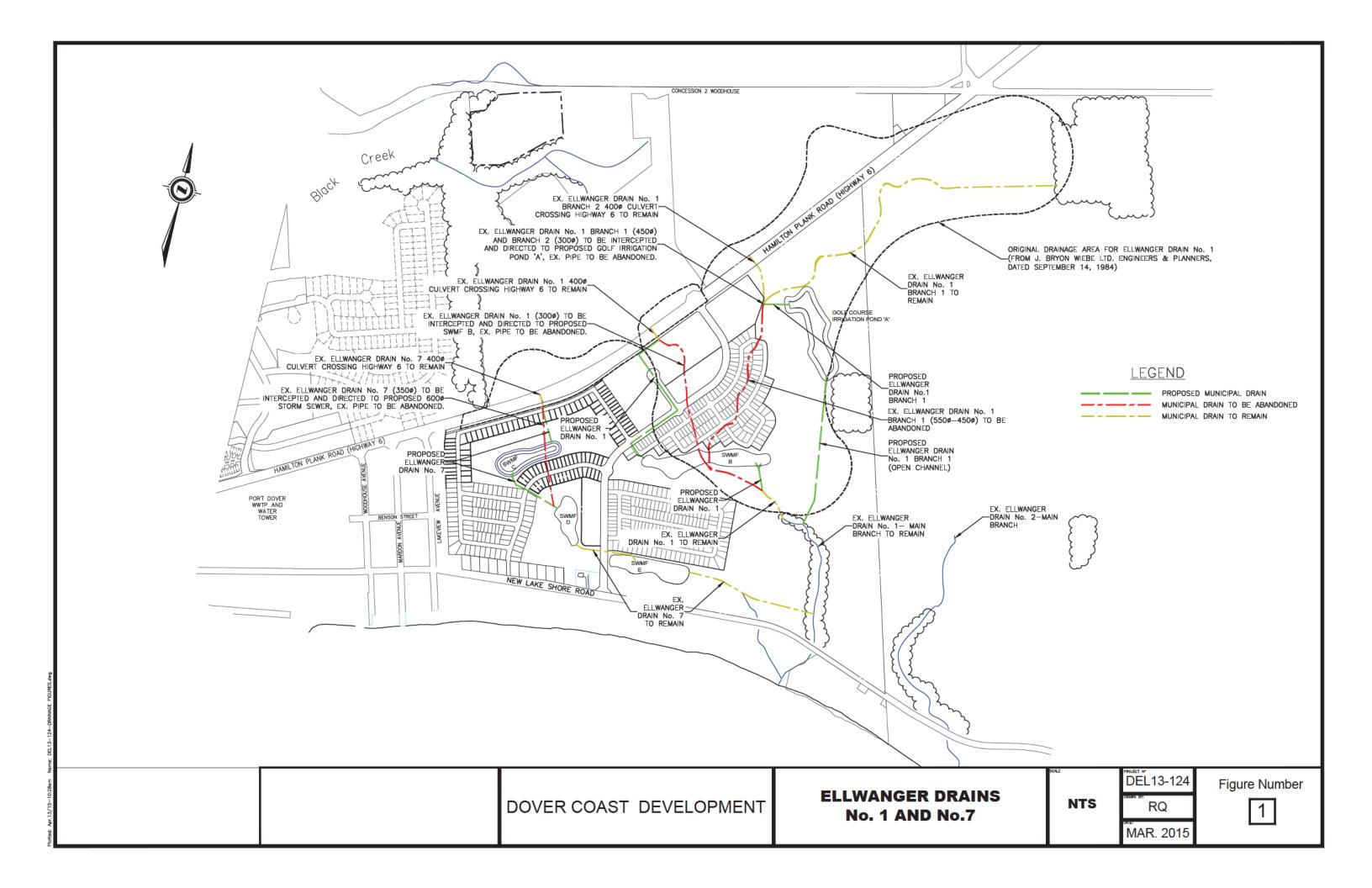
Figure A – Land Use Map
Figure B – Storm Drainage Areas
Figure C – Typical Residential % Imp.
Figures 1-6 Ellwanger Municipal Drain Changes
Drawings 11, 12 & 15 - SWMF B & C

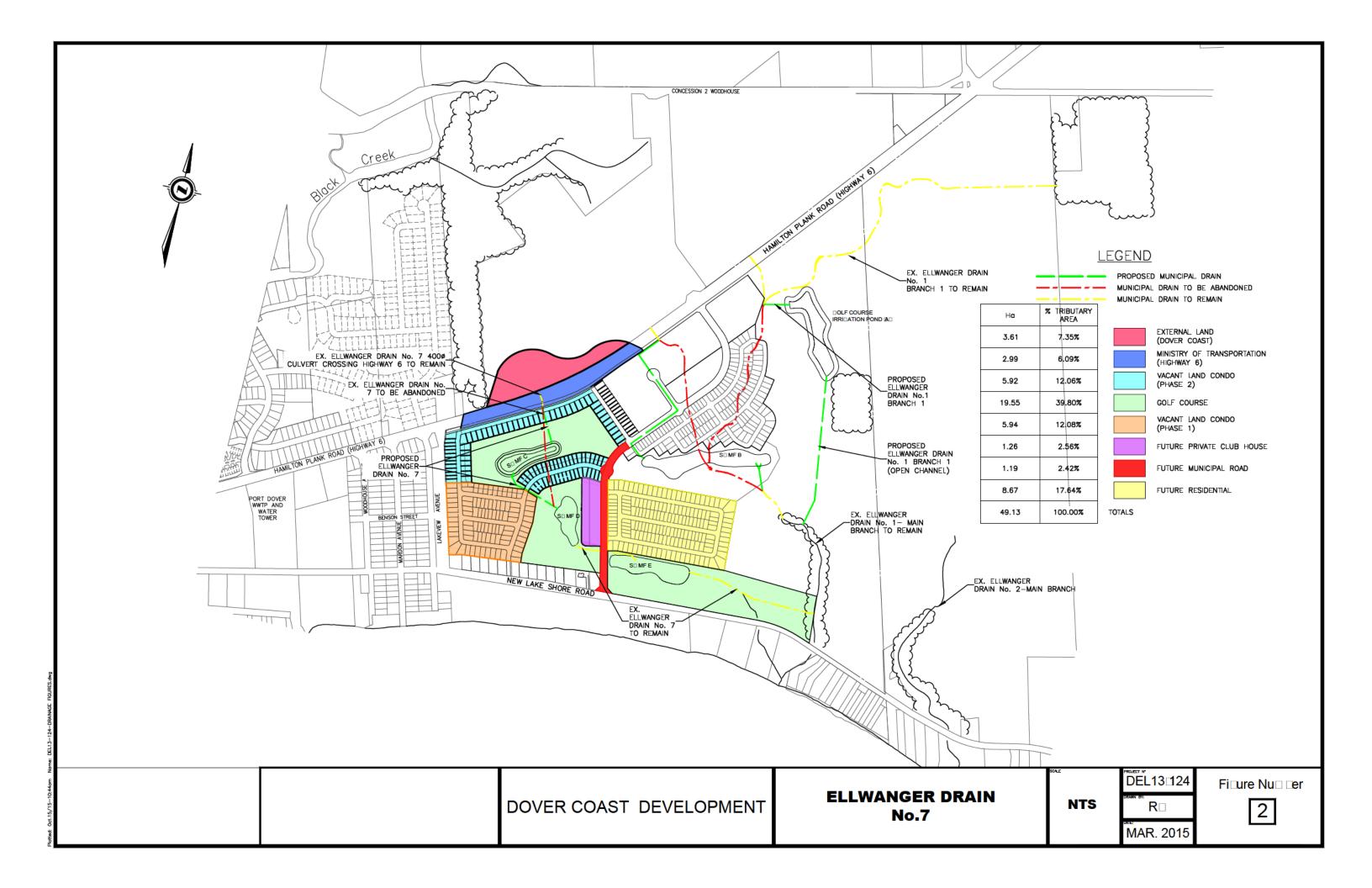


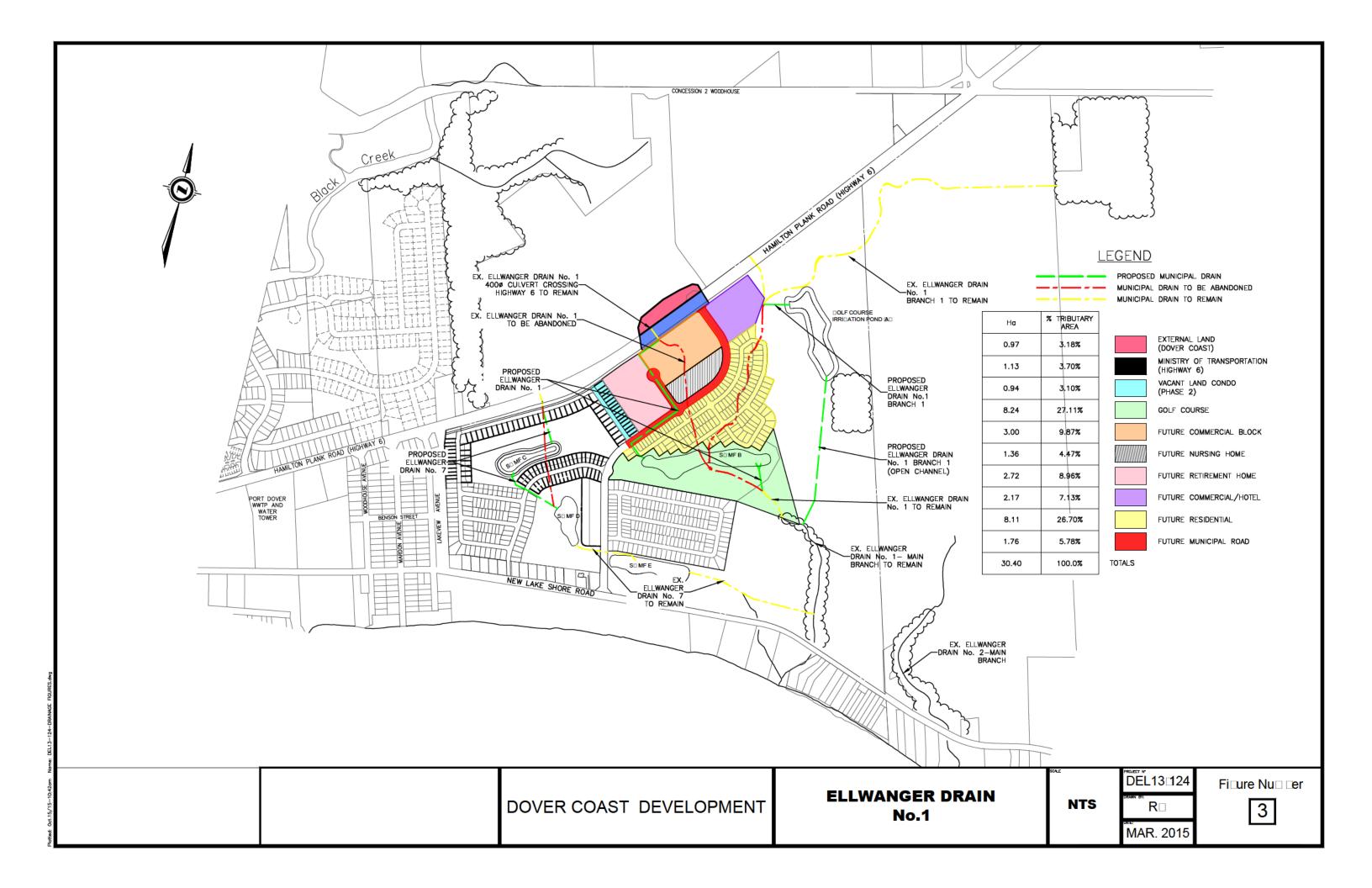


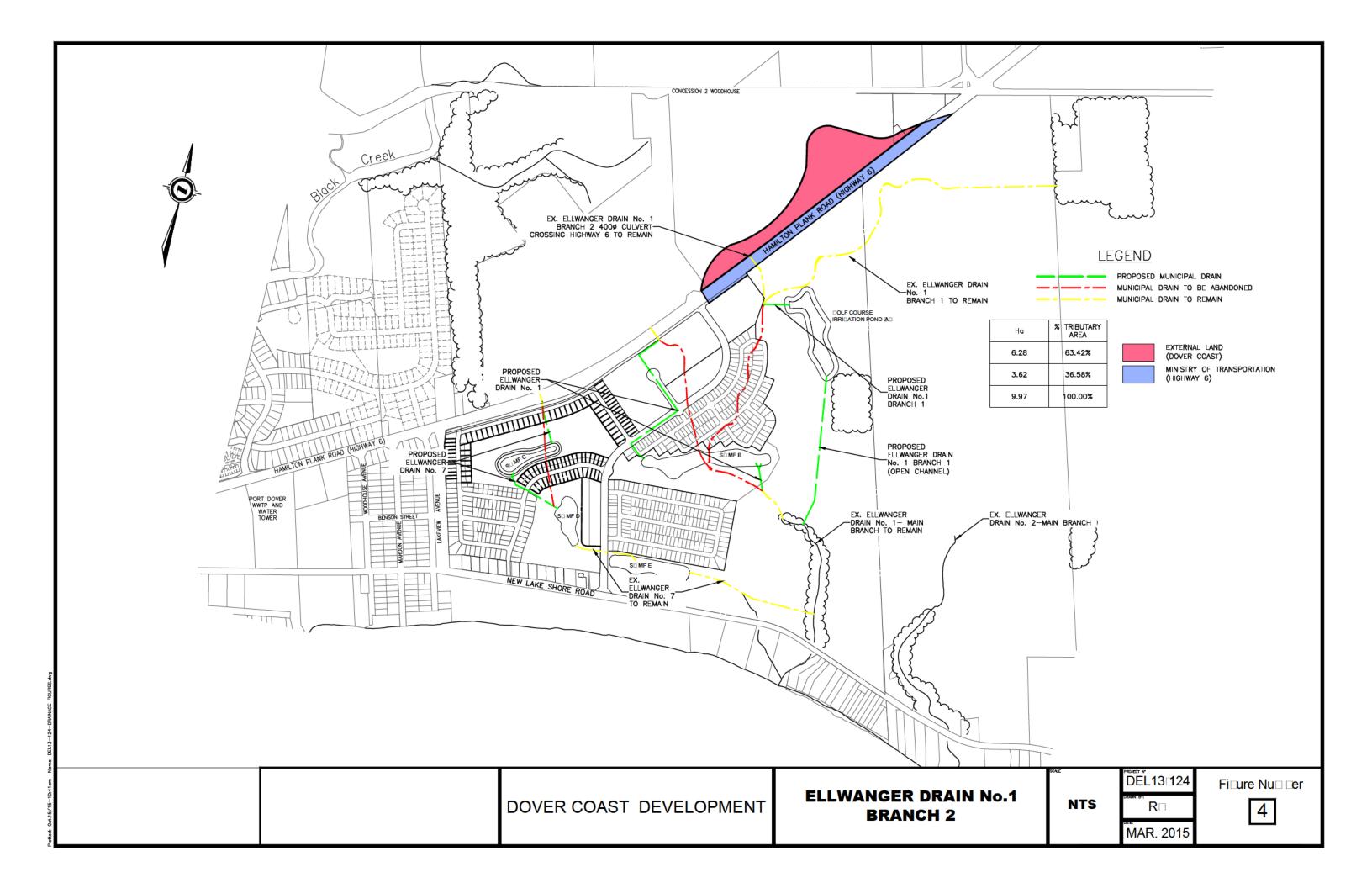


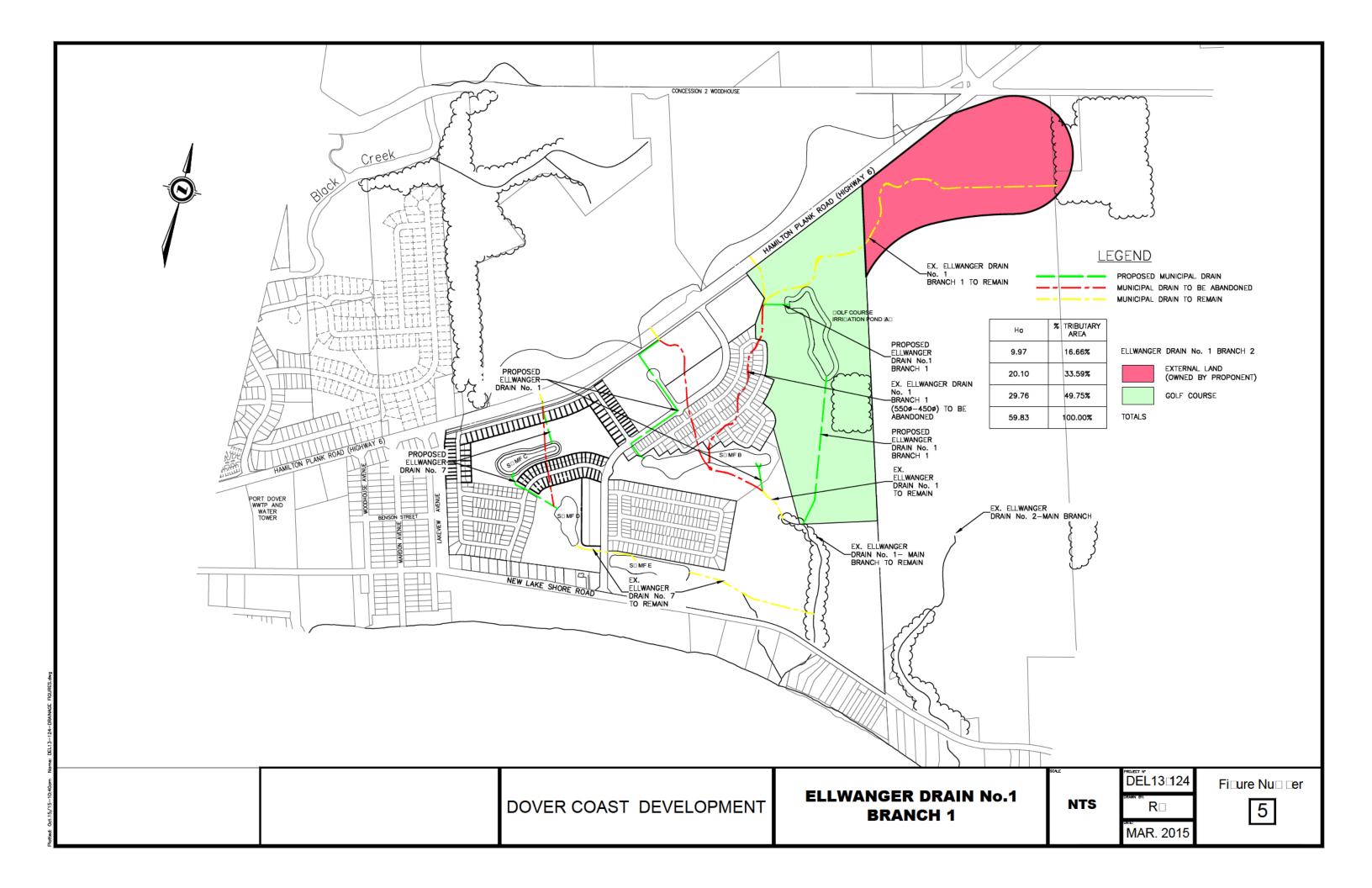
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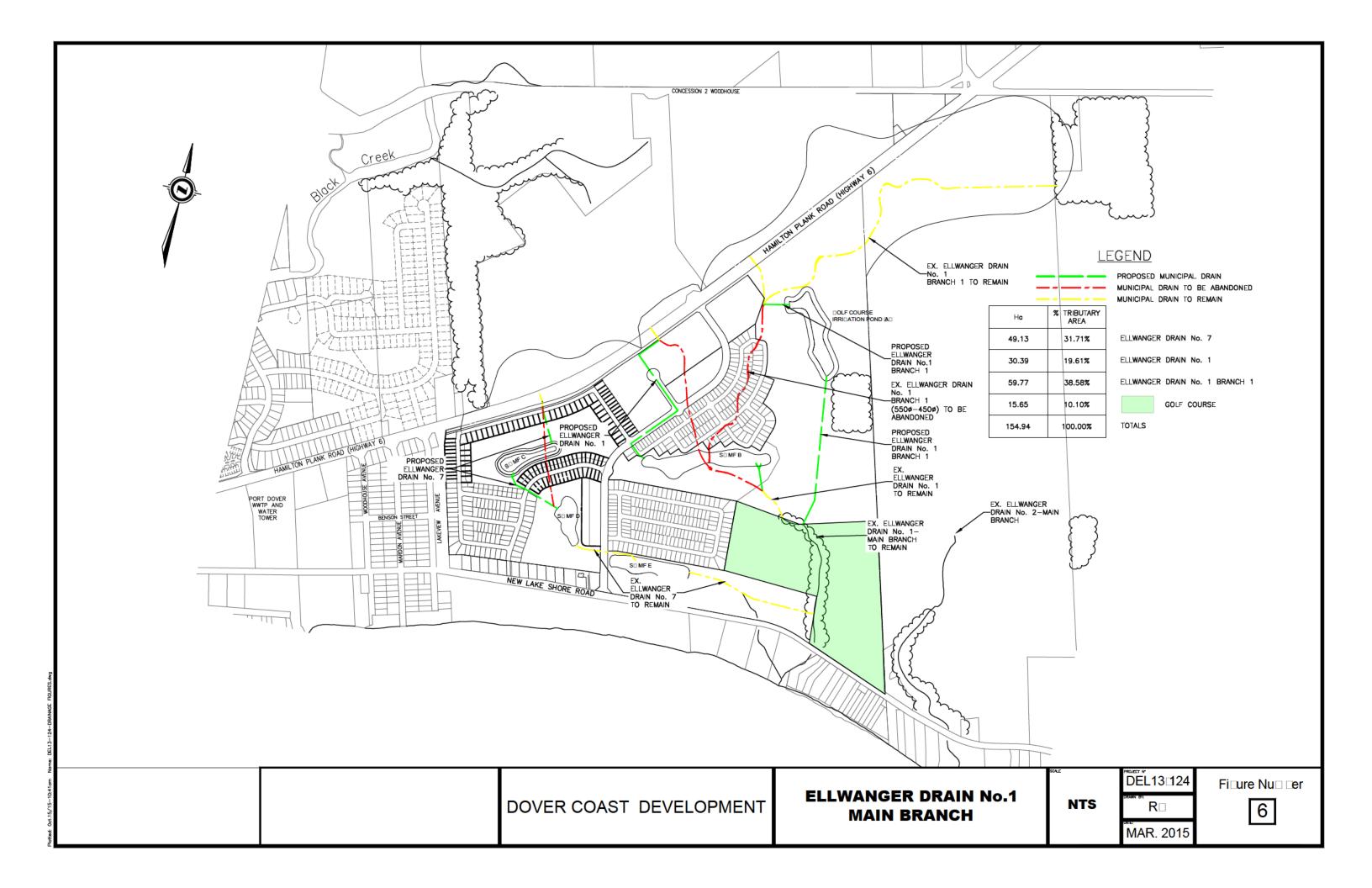


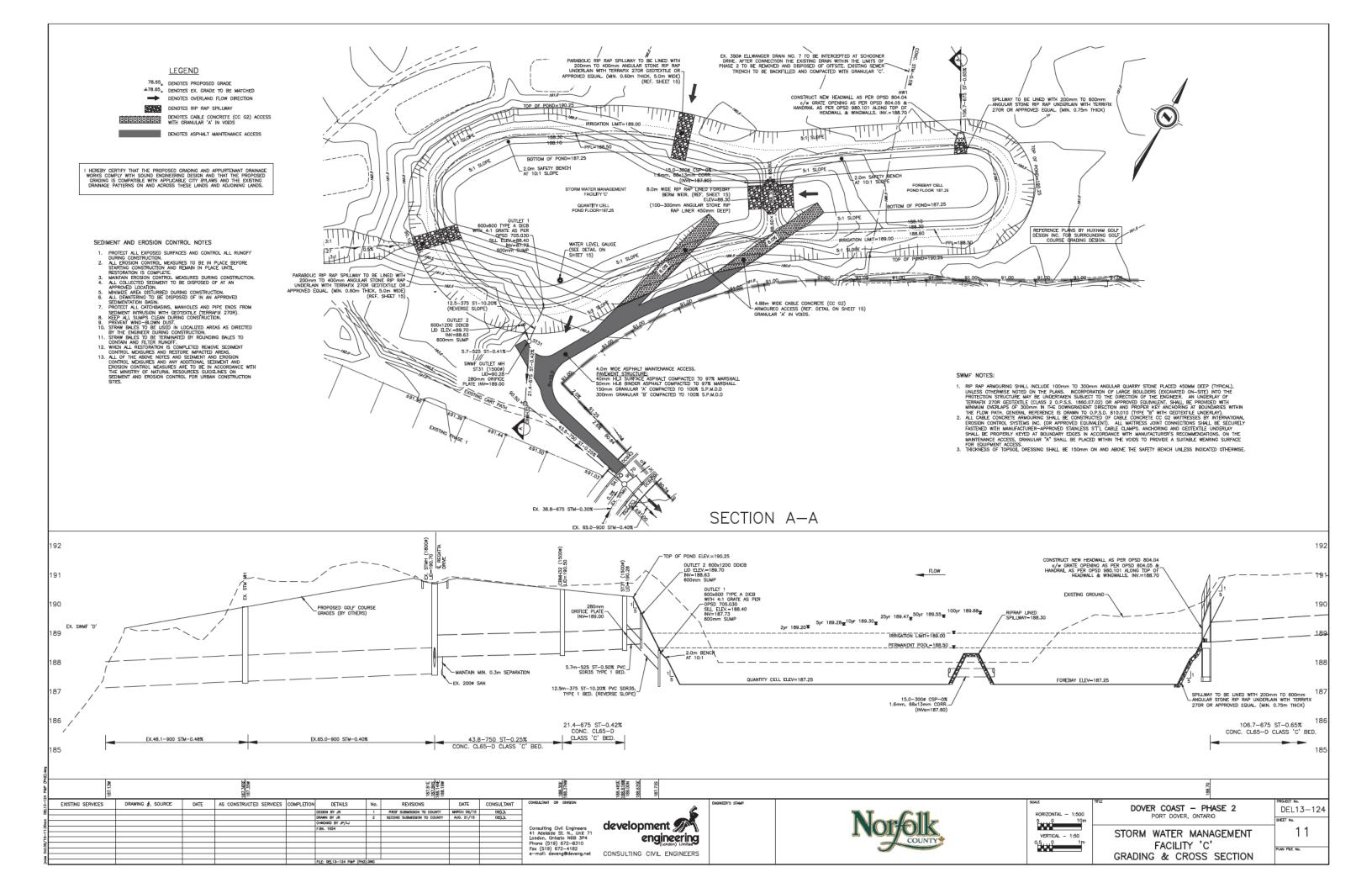


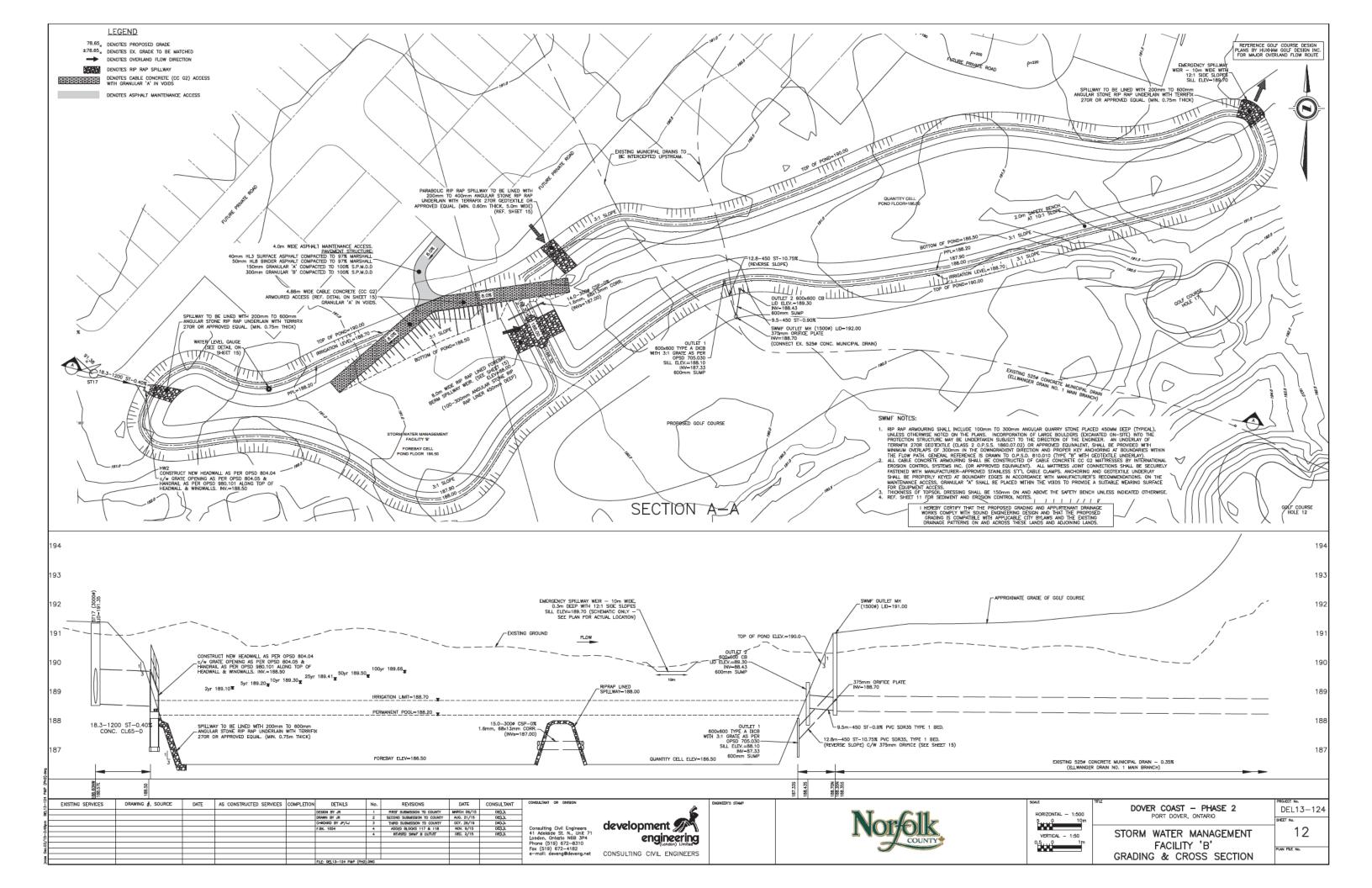


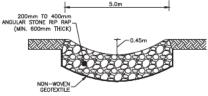




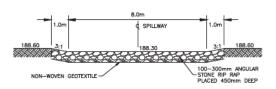






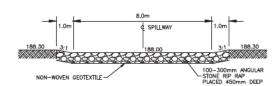


PARABOLIC RIP RAP INLET SPILLWAY HORZ. SCALE 1:100 VERT. SCALE 1:50

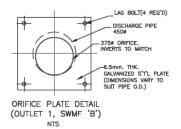


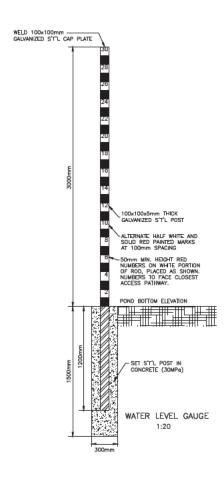
SWMF C FOREBAY BERM SPILLWAY

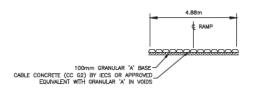
HORZ. SCALE 1:100



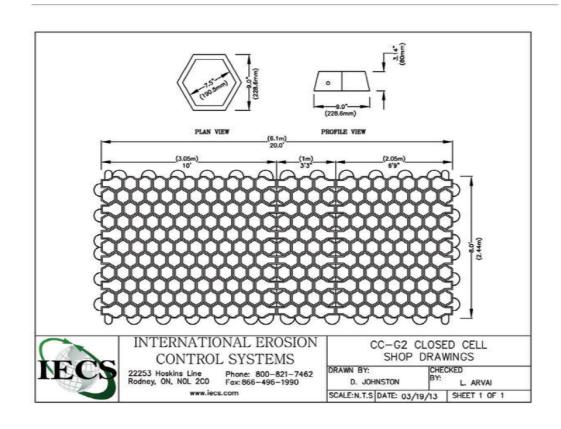
SWMF B FOREBAY BERM SPILLWAY HORZ. SCALE 1:100







CABLE CONCRETE ACCESS RAMP SCALE: 1:100



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3-12	EXISTING SERVICES	DRAWING #, SOURCE	DATE	AS CONSTRUCTED SERVICES	COMPLETION	DETALS	No.	REVISIONS	DATE	CONSULTANT	CONSULTANT
ğ						DESIGN BY JR	1	FIRST SUBMISSION TO COUNTY	MARCH 06/15	0€)L]L	
-						DRAWN BY JR	2	SECOND SUBMISSION TO COUNTY	AUG. 21/15	0 c (L)L	
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DOVER COAST — PHASE 2 PORT DOVER, ONTARIO	PROJECT No. DEL13-124
STORM WATER MANAGEMENT	15
	PLAN FILE No.



Appendix C

Summary Calculation Tables SWMF 'B' SWMF 'C'

DEL13-124: Dover Coast Developments, Pond B Revised Design - Norfolk County

	Site Runoff	Coefficient \	Values			
Aura Tima	Area	Area	Runoff	(AxC)	Average	% Imp
Area Type	(m ²)	(ha)	Coefficient 'C'		"C"	
2009 Vallee Post-Dev. Design						
Residential Area 'A'	55,200	5.52	0.65	3.59		64
Residential Area 'B'	72,900	7.29	0.65	4.74		64
Commerical Area 'A'	22,800	2.28	0.87	1.97		95
Commerical Area 'B'	47,600	4.76	0.87	4.12		95
SWM/Golf Course Area 'A'	85,000	8.50	0.20	1.70		0
SWM/Golf Course Area 'B'	63,600	6.36	0.20	1.27		0
Total Tributary Area =	347,100	34.71		17.39	0.50	43
2015 Proposed Post Dev. Design						
Residential Area + ROW	109,310	10.93	0.51	5.57		44
SWM/Golf Course Area	60,200	6.02	0.36	2.15		22
Commerical/Hotel Blocks	94,350	9.44	0.73	6.89		76
External Area (Hwy/North Lands)	19,000	1.90	0.28	0.53		11
Total Tributary Area =	282,860	28.29		15.14	0.54	48

	SWMM5 (Catchment Ai	eas			
Runoff Area	Area	Area	Runoff	(AxC)	Average	% lmp
	(m ²)	(ha)	Coefficient 'C'		"C"	
2009 Vallee Post-Dev. Design (SWMHYMO)						
Ex. Site Area to SWMF 'A'	163,000	16.30	0.45	7.26		35
Ex. Site Area to SWMF 'B'	184,100	18.41	0.55	10.13		50
Total Tributary Area =	347,100	34.71		17.39	0.50	43
2015 Proposed Post Dev. Design 'B'						
B100 - Proposed Residential & ROW Area ¹	95,770	9.58	0.51	4.90		45
B200 - Proposed Hotel Block ²	24,410	2.44	0.73	1.77		75
B300 - Proposed Commerical/Res. Block ²	43,540	4.35	0.73	3.16		75
B400 - Proposed Commerical Block ²	26,400	2.64	0.73	1.91		75
B500 - Proposed Residential & ROW Area ¹	13,540	1.35	0.51	0.69		45
B600 - SWM/Golf Course Area	60,200	6.02	0.36	2.15		22
B700 - External Area (Hwy/North Lands)	19,000	1.90	0.28	0.53		11
Total Tributary Area =	282,860	28.29		15.12	0.53	48

Note:

¹ For the purposes of SWMF 'B' sizing, the residential area runoff coefficient has been set at C=0.51 including ROWs

² All Commercial Blocks have a typical design runoff coefficient around C=0.85; however an allowable design C= 0.73 is applied to the SWMF 'B' resizing . This allows for on-site SWM controls (rooftop, parking level, underground storage and Oil-Grit-sepeartors) to be designed on the future commercial blocks to provide the difference between the actual and allowable design.

DEL13-124: Dover Coast Developments, Pond B Revised Design - Norfolk County

PROPOSED DEVELOPED CONDITIONS HYDROLOGIC MODELING PARAMETERS

Subcatchment	Subcatchment Description	Subactchment	% Routed Over	Area	lmp.	Perv.	Perv. la	lmp. la	Subcatchment	Manni	ng "n"	Subcatchment
ID		Routing	Subcatch Area*	(ha)	%	CN*	(mm)	(mm)	Flow Length (m)	Perv.	Imperv.	Slope (%)
B100	Proposed Residential & ROW Area 1	Pervious	25	9.58	45	82	2.00	1.00	120	0.120	0.015	2
B200	Proposed Hotel Block 2	Impervious	85	2.44	75	82	2.00	1.00	110	0.120	0.015	2
B300	Proposed Commerical/Res. Block 2	Impervious	85	4.35	75	82	2.00	1.00	150	0.120	0.015	2
B400	Proposed Commerical Block 2	Impervious	85	2.64	75	82	2.00	1.00	100	0.120	0.015	2
B500	Proposed Residential & ROW Area 1	Pervious	25	1.35	45	82	2.00	1.00	80	0.120	0.015	2
B600	SWMF B/Golf Course Area	Pervious	20	6.02	22	82	2.00	1.00	85	0.120	0.015	2
B700	External Area (Hwy/North Lands)	Impervious	50	1.90	11	82	2.00	1.00	100	0.120	0.015	2

Note: * % Routed refers to % of previous surface area routed over impervious surface area (or vice versa) for surface abstraction, compared to direct outlet flow to sewers/outlet.

Date: 15 Sept 2015

Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng.

DEL13-124: Dover Coast Developments, Pond B Revised Design - Norfolk County

		SV	VMM5 Summary Pe	ak Flow Output (L/s)						
Runoff Area			Storm I	Event							
	2yr	5yr	10yr	25yr	50yr	100yr					
Vallee 2009 Design SWMF (A&B)											
Proposed Subdivision / Golf Course Area	2176	3403	4273	5454	6653	7721					
Peak SWMF A&B Storage (cu.m)	6,828	8,841	10,575	12,984	14,708	17,552					
Peak Outflow to Ellwanger Drain #1	148	209	264	333	368	428					
Post Development Condition SWMF B	Post Development Condition SWMF B										
A100 - Proposed Residential Area & ROW	532	829	1042	1314	1617	1879					
A200 - Proposed Hotel Block	358	533	649	791	947	1067					
A300 - Proposed Commerical/Ret. Block	600	901	1102	1347	1619	1827					
A400 - Proposed Commerical Block	373	558	681	832	998	1126					
A500 - Proposed Residential & ROW Area	95	151	193	250	310	368					
A600 - SWM/Golf Course Area	221	341	427	539	661	771					
A700 - External Area (Hwy/North Lands)	53	86	112	150	190	231					
Peak Uncontrolled Runoff/Inflow to SWMF B *	2229	3395	4202	5217	6337	7264					
Peak System/Sag Storage (cu.m)	5,335	6,940	8,408	10,358	11,651	13,824					
Peak Outflow to Ellwanger Drain #1	123	162	188	246	296	340					

Note: * Subcatchment runoff is not directly additive as Peak Uncontrolled Inflow to SWMF C due to hydrograph time lag.

Date: 15 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng.

DEL13-124 - Dover Coast Development SWMF 'B' - Pond Rating Curve

Stage	Elevation	Depth	Area	Inc. Vol	Vol.			Q (L/s)	
Stage	(m)	(m)	(m2)	(m3)	(m3)	Outlet-1	Outlet-2	Overflow Weir	Outlet 525mm
Base	186.5	0.0	7,480	0	0	280mm	DICB w/	10m wide 12:1	Uniform Capacity to
	186.6	0.1	7,741	761	761	Orifice	525mm	sideslopes	Ellwanger Drain
	186.7	0.2	8,002	787	1,548				
	186.8	0.3	8,262	813	2,361				
	186.9	0.4	8,523	839	3,201				
	187.0	0.5	8,784	865	4,066				
	187.1	0.6	9,045	891	4,957				
Forebay / Perm. Pool	187.2	0.7	9,306	918	5,875				
l olebay / Leilli. Looi	187.3	0.8	9,566	944	6,819				
	187.4	0.9	9,827	970	7,788				
	187.5	1.0	10,083	996	8,784				
	187.6	1.1	10,344	1,021	9,805				
	187.7	1.2	10,605	1,047	10,853				
	187.8	1.3	10,865	1,074	11,926				
	187.9	1.4	11,126	1,100	13,026				
2m Safety Edge	188.0	1.5	12,950	1,204	14,229				
2m Safety Ledge	188.1	1.6	13,211	1,308	15,537				
PPL	188.2	1.7	13,521	1,337	16,874				
	188.3	1.8	13,732	1,363	1,363				
Irrigation Buffer	188.4	1.9	13,993	1,386	2,749				
inigation bullet	188.5	2.0	14,353	1,417	4,166				
	188.6	2.1	14,614	1,448	5,615	ı			
Outlet-1	188.7	2.2	14,875	1,474	7,089	0	-	-	-
	188.8	2.3	15,135	1,501	1,501	0	-	-	
Extended	188.9	2.4	15,396	1,527	3,027	0	-	-	
Detention	189.0	2.5	15,733	1,556	4,584	0	-	-	
Storage	189.1	2.6	15,994	1,586	6,170	0	-	-	
	189.2	2.7	16,255	1,612	7,782	175	-	-	
Outlet-2	189.3	2.8	16,515	1,639	9,421	205	0	-	
	189.4	2.9	16,776	1,665	11,085	227	70	-	
Active Storage	189.5	3.0	17,060	1,692	12,777	249	188	-	
	189.6	3.1	17,321	1,719	14,496	270	311	-	340
Weir-2	189.7	3.2	17,582	1,745	16,241	288	504	0	
Freeboard	189.8	3.3	17,842	1,771	1,771	305	585	485	
riccocard	189.9	3.4	18,103	1,797	3,568	321	602	1,528	
Тор	190.0	3.5	18,400	1,825	5,394	337	650	2,526	

Avg. Base Length = 180 m

Avg. Base Width = 12 m

Sideslopes = 3 H:V

Inlet Pipe Inv. = 188.90 m

Forebay Area = 4586 m2

Active Storage Provided = 574 m3/ha

Extened Det. Drawdown = 68 hrs

(based on SWMM5 output)

Peak Outflow / Vol. Q (L/s) V (m3) 5,335 123 <= 2yr 162 6,940 <= 5yr 188 8,408 <= 10yr 246 10,358 <= 25yr 296 11,651 <= 50yr 13,824 <= 100yr

Note: Outlet 525mm pipe with unform capcaity of 340 L/s (0.5% slope) governs SWMF B outflow > 25yr event; i.e. pipe friction taliwater conditions begin to limit full outflow from Outlet's 1 & 2.

Date: 15 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng. Development Engineering (London) Ltd.

DEL13-124 - Dover Coast Development SWMF B QUALITY CONTROL VOLUME

Using MOE - SWM Guidelines Criteria /2003

PERMANENT POOL VOLUME

Drainage Area
Imperviousness

= 28.286 Ha
= 48 %

<= Includes Dover Coast at Full Runoff Coeff.
(C=0.85 for Commerical Blocks) & External Areas

Protection Level:

Enhanced Level 80% Long Term S.S removal [Table 3.2; Storm water Management

Planning and Design Manual

March 2003]

<u>SWMP Type :</u> WetPond

Storage Volume for Impervious Level 48 % = 133 m3/ Ha <= 173cu.m/ha Less 40cu.m/ha

Storage Volume for Drainage Area 28.286 Ha is = 3748 m3
Permanent Pool Volume = 3748 m3

EROSION CONTROL VOLUME

Extended Detention Volume = 40 m3/ Ha

Extended Detention Volume for Area 28.286 Ha is = 1131 m3

25mm 4Hr Chicago Post Dev. Runoff Volume in Depth = 14.72 mm

Erosion Control Volume = 4163 m3 <== SWMM5; combined Dover

Coast & External Areas

Governing Erosion Control Volume = 4163 m3

SUMMARY OF QUALITY CONTROL VOLUME

Permanent Pool Volume= 3748 m3Erosion Control Volume= 4163 m3Total (PPL+ACTIVE CONTROL) Volume= 7911 m3

Date: 15 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng.

DEL13-124 - Dover Coast Development SWMF B Sediment Forebay Sizing Calculations Using MOE - SWM Guidelines Criteria /2003

Settling				
$Dist = sqrt(r*Q_p/v_s)$	r : 1 = L to w ratio	r =	4	Avg. 120m long x 30m wide
= 40.50 m	Q _p = peak SWM outflow during quality storm	$Q_p =$	0.1230	
< forebay length (120m)	v _s = settling velocity for 0.15 mm particles (m/s)	v _s =	0.0003	
Dispersion Length	y = total depth of forebay from permanent pool (m)	y =	1.7	_
Dist = 8Q/dv	Q = 10 yr max inlet flow (m ³ /s)	Q =	4 202	(from model)
= 56.03 m	d = depth of perm pool in forebay (m)	d =	1.2	(based on 0.5m depth sediment in forebay section
< forebay length (120m)	v _f = desired vel in forebay (m/s)	v _f =	0.5	
Velocity				_
v = Q/A	b = bottom width (avg) of forebay (m)	b =	40	required
= 0.09 m/s	Q = 10yr inlet flow (m^3/s)	Q =	4 202	
	A = cross-sectional area (m ²)	A =	48	(based on 0.5m depth sediment in forebay section
Therefore, Velocity Target Satisfied	Target velocity = 0.15	V _{targ} =	0.15	
Cleanout Frequency				_
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines	A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha)	A _{sew} =	28.3	_
	A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%)	A _{sew} =	28.3 48%	_
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			(assumed higher loading)
Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines	Imp = Percent Impervious (%)	Imp =	48%	(assumed higher loading)
Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic)	Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y)	Imp = load =	48% 1.9	(assumed higher loading)
Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic) = 25.0 years	Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%)	Imp = load = effic =	48% 1.9 80%	(assumed higher loading)
Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic)	Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years)	Imp = load = effic = Targ =	48% 1.9 80% 10	(assumed higher loading)
Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic) = 25.0 years	Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years)	Imp = load = effic = Targ =	48% 1.9 80% 10	(assumed higher loading)
Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic) = 25.0 years Therefore, Cleanout Frequency Satisfied	Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years)	Imp = load = effic = Targ =	48% 1.9 80% 10	(assumed higher loading)
Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic) = 25.0 years Therefore, Cleanout Frequency Satisfied Surface Area Check	Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years) Vol = Bottom 30% volume (m³)	Imp = load = effic = Targ = Vol =	48% 1.9 80% 10 1056	(assumed higher loading)

Date: 15 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng. Development Engineering (London) Ltd.

SWMFB Major Inflow Channel from St. to Spillway

0.078

Project Description

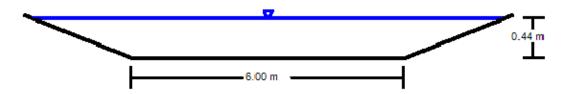
Roughness Coefficient

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

	•		
Cha	nnel Slope	0.03000	m/m
Nor	mal Depth	0.44	m
Left	Side Slope	5.00	m/m (H:V)
Righ	nt Side Slope	5.00	m/m (H:V)
Bott	om Width	6.00	m
Disc	charge	3869.00	L/s

Cross Section Image



V: 2 📐

SWMF B Major Inflow Spillway from channel

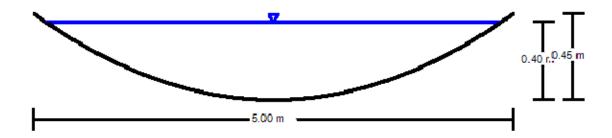
Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.078	
Channel Slope	0.33000	m/m
Constructed Depth	0.45	m
Normal Depth	0.40	m
Constructed Top Width	5.00	m
Discharge	3869.00	L/s

Cross Section Image



V: 2 \(\frac{1}{H: 1}\)

DEL13-124: Dover Coast Developments, Pond C Revised Design - Norfolk County

	Site Runoff Co	oefficient Va	lues			
Area Type	Area (m²)	Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient 'C'	(AxC)	Average "C"	% Imp
2009 Vallee Post-Dev. Design						
Residential Area	33,000	3.30	0.64	2.12		63
SWM/Golf Course Area	66,000	6.60	0.20	1.32		0
Total Tributary Area =	99,000	9.90		3.44	0.35	21
2015 Proposed Post Dev. Design						
Residential Area	36,420	3.64	0.51	1.86		45
SWM/Golf Course Area	60,200	6.02	0.30	1.80		14
External Area (Hwy/North Lands)	65,700	6.57	0.28	1.84		11
Total Tributary Area =	162,320	16.23		5.51	0.34	20

	SWMM5 Ca	tchment Are	as			
Runoff Area	Area (m²)	Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient 'C'	(AxC)	Average "C"	% lmp
2009 Vallee Post-Dev. Design (SWMHYMO)						
Ex. Site Area	99,000	9.90	0.35	3.44		21
Total Tributary Area =	99,000	9.90		3.44	0.35	21
2015 Proposed Post Dev. Design						
C100 - Proposed Residential Area ¹	36420	3.64	0.51	1.86		45
C200 - SWM/Golf Course Area	60200	6.02	0.30	1.80		14
C300 - External Area (Hwy 6/North Lands)	65700	6.57	0.28	1.84		11
Total Tributary Area =	162320	16.23		5.51	0.34	20

Note:

Date: 05 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng.

¹ For the purposes of SWMF C sizing, the residential area runoff coefficient has been set at C=0.51 including rear-yard areas that may sheet directly across the golf course.

DEL13-124: Dover Coast Developments, Pond C Revised Design - Norfolk County

PROPOSED DEVELOPED CONDITIONS HYDROLOGIC MODELING PARAMETERS

Subcatchment	Subcatchment Description	Subactchment	% Routed Over	Area	Imp.	Perv.	Perv. la	Imp. la	Subcatchment	Manni	9	Subcatchment
ID		Routing	Subcatch Area*	(ha)	%	CN*	(mm)	(mm)	Flow Length (m)	Perv.	Imperv.	Slope (%)
C100	Proposed Residential Area	Pervious	25	3.64	45	82	2.00	1.00	50	0.120	0.015	2
C200	SWMF C/Golf Course Area	Pervious	20	6.02	14	82	2.00	1.00	100	0.120	0.015	2
C300	External Area (Hwy 6/North Lands)	Impervious	25	6.57	11	82	2.00	1.00	150	0.120	0.015	3

Note: * % Routed refers to % of previous surface area routed over impervious surface area (or vice versa) for surface abstraction, compared to direct outlet flow to sewers/outlet.

Date: 15 Sept 2015

Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng.

DEL13-124: Dover Coast Developments, Pond C Revised Design - Norfolk County

	SWMM5 Summary Peak Flow Output (L/s)								
Runoff Area	Storm Event								
	2yr	5yr	10yr	25yr	50yr	100yr			
Vallee 2009 Design									
Proposed Subdivision / Golf Course Area	310	483	630	834	1057	1212			
Peak SWMF C Storage (cu.m)	1507	1999	2426	2992	3411	4070			
Peak Outflow w. SWMF D	44	65	85	113	134	170			
Post Development Condition									
A100 - Proposed Subdivision Area	266	406	501	617	749	852			
A200 - Golf Course / SWMF Block	163	256	326	425	532	637			
A300 - External Highway/North Lands Area	172	267	338	437	544	650			
Peak Uncontrolled Runoff/Inflow to SWMF C *	601	928	1165	1479	1824	2138			
SWMF C - Peak Storage (cu.m)	2017	2854	3628	4707	5540	6869			
Peak Controlled Outflow w. SWMF D	43	57	67	79	87	98			

Note: * Subcatchment runoff is not directly additive as Peak Uncontrolled Inflow to SWMF C due to hydrograph time lag

Date: 28 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng.

DEL13-124 - Dover Coast Development SWMF 'C' - Pond Rating Curve

Ctores	Elevation	Depth	Area	Inc. Vol	Vol	Q (L/	(s)
Stage	(m)	(m)	(m3)	(m3)	(m3)	Outlet-1 240mm	Outlet & DDIOD
Base	187 25	0.00	3336	0		Orifice w/ 375mm	Outlet-3 DDICB
	187 50	0.25	3551	861	861	reverse pipe	w/ 525mm pipe
	187.75	0.50	3775	916	1,777		
	188 00	0.75	4006	973	2,749		
2m Safety	188 25	1.00	6734	1,343	4,092		
PPL	188 50	1.25	7176	1,739	5.830		
				,	-,		
Irrig. Buffer	188.75	1.50	7539	1,839	1,839	-	-
Outlet-1	189 00	1.75	7948	1,936	3,775	0	-
	189 05	1.80	8044	400	400	4	-
	189.10	1.85	8140	405	804	9	-
	189.15	1.90	8236	409	1,214	21	-
Extended	189 20	1.95	8331	414	1,628	29	-
Detention	189 25	2.00	8427	419	2,047	44	-
Storage	189 30	2.05	8522	424	2,471	51	-
	189 35	2.10	8618	428	2,899	57	-
	189.40	2.15	8713	433	3,332	62	-
	189.45	2.20	8811	438	3,770	70	-
Outlet-2	189 50	2.25	8908	443	4,213	76	-
	189 55	2.30	9007	448	4,661	80	-
Active	189.60	2.35	9105	453	5,114	84	-
	189.65	2.40	9208	458	5,572	87	-
Storage	189.70	2.45	9310	463	6,035	92	-
	189.75	2.50	9416	468	6,503	94	-
Outlet-3	189 80	2.55	9522	473	6,976	99	0
	189 85	2.60	9639	479	479	102	18
	189 90	2.65	9756	485	964	105	63
	189 95	2.70	9879	491	1,455	109	167
Erooboord	190 00	2.75	10002	497	1,952	111	285
Freeboard	190 05	2.80	10113	503	2,455	114	400
	190.10	2.85	10223	508	2,963	117	506
	190.15	2.90	10324	514	3,477	120	680
	190 20	2.95	10425	519	3,995	123	771
Top	190 25	3.00	10474	522	4,518	126	863

Date: 28 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng. Development Engineering (London) Ltd.

Avg. Base Length = 166 m Avg. Base Width = 20 m Sideslopes = 5 H:V Inlet Pipe Inv. = 188.70 m Top of Pond = 190.25 m CL Roadway = 190.75 m Forebay Area = 2138 m2 Active Storage Provided = Extened Det. Drawdown = 430 m3/ha 64 hrs (based on SWMM5 output)

Peak Out	flow / Vol	
Q (L/s)	V (m3)	
43	2,017	<= 2yr
-	-	
57	2,854	<= 5yr
-	-	
67	3,628	<= 10yr
-	-	
79	4,707	<= 25yr
-	-	
87	5,540	<= 50yr
-	-	
-	-	
98	6,869	<= 100yr

DEL13-124 - Dover Coast Development SWMF C QUALITY CONTROL VOLUME

Using MOE - SWM Guidelines Criteria /2003

PERMANENT POOL VOLUME

Drainage Area
Imperviousness
= 16.230 Ha
= 20 %
<= Includes Dover Coast Golf
Course & External Areas

Protection Level:

Enhanced Level 80% Long Term S.S removal [Table 3.2; Storm water Management

Planning and Design Manual

areas

March 2003]

<u>SWMP Type :</u> WetPond

Storage Volume for Impervious Level 20 % = 100 m3/ Ha <= Use 35% Imp value Storage Volume for Drainage Area 16.23 Ha is = 1623 m3

Permanent Pool Volume = 1623 m3

EROSION CONTROL VOLUME

Extended Detention Volume = 40 m3/ Ha
Extended Detention Volume for Area 16.23 Ha is = 649 m3

Governing Erosion Control Volume = 1581 m3

SUMMARY OF REQUIRED MIN. QUALITY CONTROL VOLUME

Permanent Pool Volume= 1623 m3Erosion Control Volume= 1581 m3Total (PPL+ACTIVE CONTROL) Volume= 3204 m3

Date: 15 Sept 2015

Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng.

DEL13-124 - Dover Coast Development SWMF C Sediment Forebay Sizing Calculations Using MOE - SWM Guidelines Criteria /2003

Settling				
$Dist = sqrt(r*Q_p/v_s)$	r : 1 = L to w ratio	r =	4.96296	Avg. 67m long x 13.5m wide
= 26.04 m	Q _p = peak SWM outflow during quality storm	$Q_p =$	0.0410	
OK < forebay length (67m)	v_s = settling velocity for 0.15 mm particles (m/s)	v _s =	0.0003	
Dispersion Length	y = total depth of forebay from permanent pool (m)	y =	1.25	_
Dist = 8Q/dv	Q = 10 yr max inlet flow (m^3/s)	Q =	1.165	(from SWMM5 model)
= 24.85 m	d = depth of perm pool in forebay (m)	d =	0.75	(assume sediment accumulation
OK < forebay length (67m)	v _f = desired vel in forebay (m/s)	$v_f =$	0.5	depthto 0.5m in forebay)
Velocity				
v = Q/A	b = bottom width (avg) of forebay (m)	b =	20	required
= 0.08 m/s	Q = 10yr inlet flow (m^3/s)	Q =	1.165	
	A = cross-sectional area (m ²)	A =	15	(based on 0.5m depth sediment in forebay section)
	, ,			
Therefore, Velocity Target Satisfied	Target velocity = 0.15	$V_{targ} =$	0.15	,
Therefore, Velocity Target Satisfied	, ,	$V_{targ} =$	0.15	
	, ,	V _{targ} =	0.15	<u>-</u>
Cleanout Frequency	, ,		0.15	<u>-</u>
Cleanout Frequency	Target velocity = 0.15			-
Cleanout Frequency	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha)	A _{sew} =	16.232	- (assumed higher loading)
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%)	A _{sew} = Imp =	16.232 20%	-
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic)	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%)	A _{sew} = Imp = load = effic =	16.232 20% 1.25	-
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic)	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years)	A _{sew} = Imp = load =	16.232 20% 1.25 80%	-
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic)	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%)	A _{sew} = Imp = load = effic = Targ =	16.232 20% 1.25 80% 10	-
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic) = 27.0 years	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years)	A _{sew} = Imp = load = effic = Targ =	16.232 20% 1.25 80% 10	-
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic) = 27.0 years Therefore, Cleanout Frequency Satisfied Surface Area Check	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years)	A _{sew} = Imp = load = effic = Targ =	16.232 20% 1.25 80% 10	-
Cleanout Frequency Table 5.3 MOEE SWMPP Guidelines cleanout = Vol/(load*A _{sew} *effic) = 27.0 years Therefore, Cleanout Frequency Satisfied Surface Area Check	Target velocity = 0.15 A _{sew} = Contributing Sewer Area (ha) Imp = Percent Impervious (%) load = Sediment Loading (m³/ha/y) effic = Removal Efficiency (%) Targ = Cleanout Frequency Target (years) Vol = Bottom 30% volume (m³)	A _{sew} = Imp = load = effic = Targ = Vol =	16.232 20% 1.25 80% 10 426	-

Date: 15 September 2015 Prepared By: L.Murray, P.Eng. Development Engineering (London) Ltd.

SWMF C Major Inflow Channel from St. to spillway

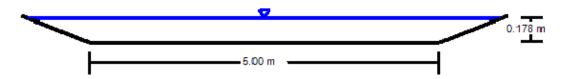
Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient 0.035 Channel Slope 0.02000 m/m Normal Depth 0.178 m 5.00 Left Side Slope m/m (H:V) Right Side Slope 5.00 m/m (H:V) **Bottom Width** 5.00 m Discharge 1210.00 L/s

Cross Section Image



SWMF C Major Inflow Spillway from Channel

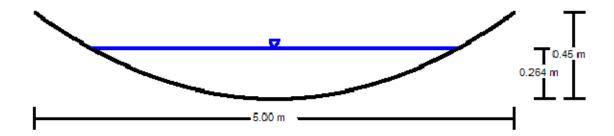
Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.078	
Channel Slope	0.20000	m/m
Constructed Depth	0.45	m
Normal Depth	0.264	m
Constructed Top Width	5.00	m
Discharge	1200.00	L/s

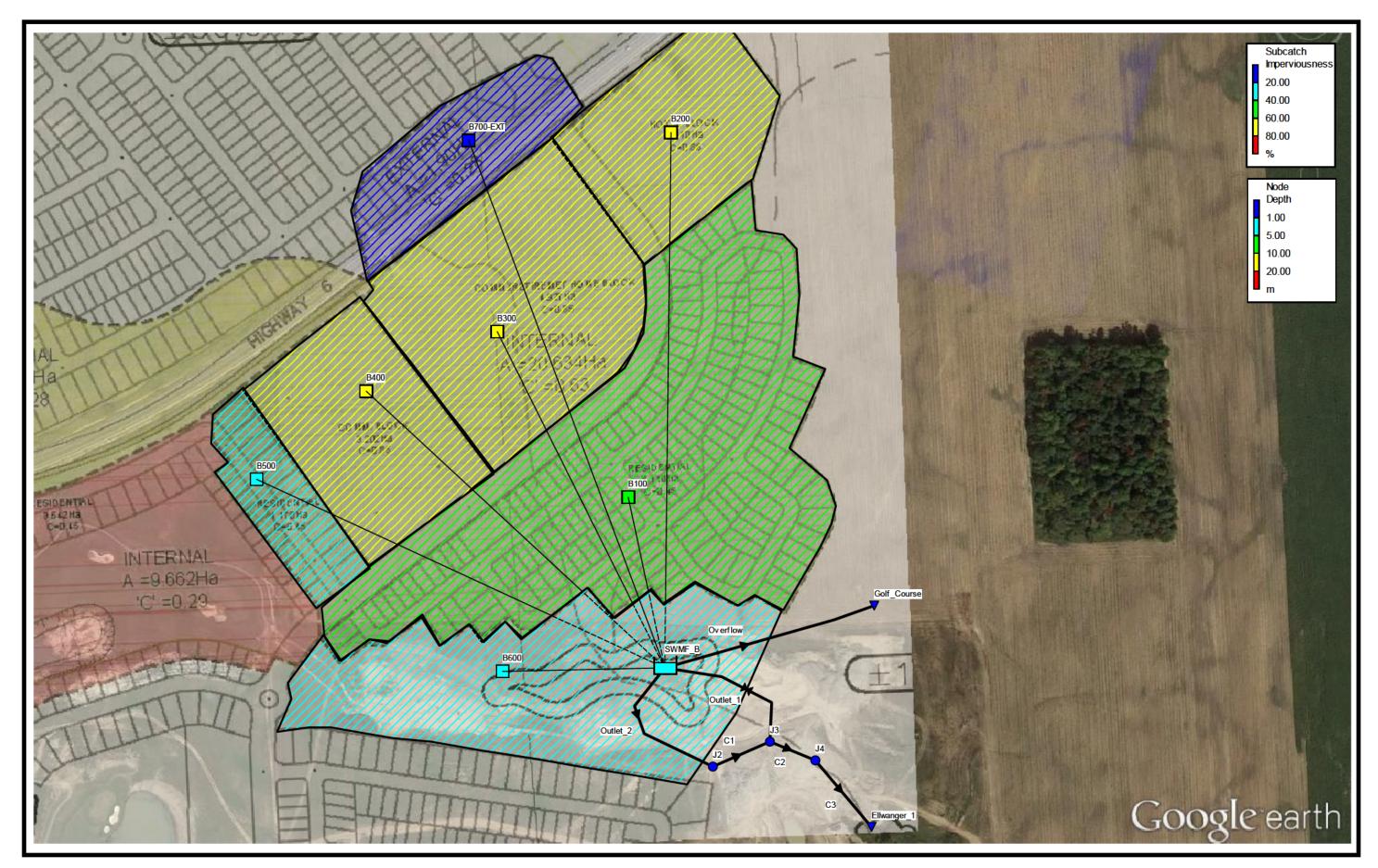
Cross Section Image





Appendix D

Post-Development SWMM5
Hydrologic Model Schematic & Output
SWMF 'B'
SWMF 'C'



DEL13-124 DOVER COAST DEVELOPMENT CONCEPT SWM REPORT SWMF B POST DEVELOPMENT - SWMM5 MODEL SCHEMATIC

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development - 2yr Event

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development ********** NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. Analysis Options Flow Units LPS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed YES Water Quality NO Infiltration Method CURVE_NUMBER Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE Starting Date NOV-20-2009 00:00:00 Ending Date NOV-24-2009 00:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 20.0 Report Time Step 00:05:00 Wet Time Step 00:05:00 Dry Time Step 01:00:00 Routing Time Step 3.00 sec Runoff Quantity Continuity hectare-m mm 39.385 0.000 14.766 23.790 0.929 1.114 0.000 0.418 0.673 0.026 -0.253 Total Precipitation Evaporation Loss Infiltration Loss Surface Runoff Final Surface Storage Continuity Error (%) ****** Volume Volume hectare-m Volume 10^6 ltr Flow Routing Continuity 0.000 0.000 0.673 6.728 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.650 6.504 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.396 23.961 2.418 24.185 Dry Weather Inflow Wet Weather Inflow Groundwater Inflow RDII Inflow External Inflow External Outflow Internal Outflow Storage Losses
Initial Stored Volume Final Stored Volume Continuity Error (%) Time-Step Critical Elements None ********* Highest Flow Instability Indexes All links are stable. **** Routing Time Step Summary

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development - 2yr Event

Minimum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Average Time Step : 3.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
B100	39.38	0.00	0.00	16.03	22.54	2.16	531.81	0.572
B200	39.38	0.00	0.00	6.28	32.45	0.79	357.78	0.824
B300	39.38	0.00	0.00	6.35	32.37	1.41	599.97	0.822
B400	39.38	0.00	0.00	6.32	32.40	0.86	372.60	0.823
B500	39.39	0.00	0.00	16.62	21.93	0.30	95.40	0.557
B600	39.39	0.00	0.00	22.80	15.58	0.94	221.25	0.396
B700-EXT	39.38	0.00	0.00	23.54	14.72	0.28	52.85	0.374

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	0cc1	of Max urrence hr:min
J3	JUNCTION	0.07	0.23	188.58	0	04:37
J4	JUNCTION	0.09	0.30	188.25	0	04:40
J2	JUNCTION	0.02	0.15	188.58	0	04:37
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	187.45	0	00:00
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	188.40	0	00:00
SWMF B	STORAGE	2.28	2.55	189.05	0	04:37

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Time or Occurr days h	rence	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
Ј3	JUNCTION	0.00	122.89	0 (04:37	0.000	6.505
J4	JUNCTION	0.00	122.89	0 (04:37	0.000	6.504
Ј2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.36	0 (01:41	0.000	0.001
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	122.87	0 (04:40	0.000	6.504
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0 (00:00	0.000	0.000
SWMF B	STORAGE	2230.32	2230.32	0 (01:40	6.728	30.689

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development - 2yr Event

	Average	Avg	E&I	Maximum	Max	Time of Max	Maximum
	Volume	Pcnt	Pcnt	Volume	Pcnt	Occurrence	Outflow
Storage Unit	1000 m3	Full	Loss	1000 m3	Full	days hr:min	LPS
SWMF B	25.189	55	0	29.298	64	0 04:37	122.89

****** Outfall Loading Summary *********

	Flow Freq.	Avg. Flow	Max. Flow	Total Volume
Outfall Node	Pcnt.	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
Ellwanger_1 Golf_Course	99.03 0.00	19.00 0.00	122.87	6.504 0.000
Svstem	49.51	19.00	122.87	6.504

****** Link Flow Summary

Link	Туре	Maximum Flow LPS	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2 Outlet 1	CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT ORIFICE	0.36 122.89 0.00 122.87 0.00	0 0 0 0	01:41 04:37 00:00 04:40 00:00 04:37	0.04 1.28 0.00 1.12 0.00	0.00 0.40 0.00 0.57 0.00	0.43 0.46 0.00 0.50 0.00

****** Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	Sup	Class Up Crit	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet 2	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00	0.70 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.30 0.04 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.02 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.94 0.00 1.00	0.00 0.97 0.00 0.75 0.00	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

***** Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Mon Sep 21 15:35:47 2015 Analysis ended on: Mon Sep 21 15:35:48 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:01

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development - 5yr Event

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development ********** NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. Analysis Options Flow Units LPS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed YES Water Quality NO Infiltration Method CURVE_NUMBER Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE Starting Date NOV-20-2009 00:00:00 Ending Date NOV-24-2009 00:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 20.0 Report Time Step 00:05:00 Wet Time Step 00:05:00 Dry Time Step 01:00:00 Routing Time Step 3.00 sec Runoff Quantity Continuity hectare-m mm 1.371 0.000 0.459 0.890 0.027 -0.359 48.478 0.000 16.217 31.482 0.953 Total Precipitation Evaporation Loss Infiltration Loss Surface Runoff Final Surface Storage Continuity Error (%) ****** Volume Volume hectare-m Volume Volume 10^6 ltr Flow Routing Continuity 0.000 0.000 0.890 8.904 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.867 8.666 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.396 23.961 2.420 24.198 Dry Weather Inflow Wet Weather Inflow Groundwater Inflow RDII Inflow External Inflow External Outflow Internal Outflow Storage Losses
Initial Stored Volume Final Stored Volume Continuity Error (%) Time-Step Critical Elements None ********* Highest Flow Instability Indexes All links are stable. **** Routing Time Step Summary

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development - 5yr Event

Minimum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Average Time Step : 3.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
B100	48.48	0.00	0.00	17.48	30.20	2.89	828.59	0.623
B200	48.48	0.00	0.00	6.98	40.96	1.00	533.12	0.845
B300	48.48	0.00	0.00	7.04	40.87	1.78	900.91	0.843
B400	48.48	0.00	0.00	7.02	40.91	1.08	557.96	0.844
B500	48.48	0.00	0.00	18.39	29.33	0.40	151.03	0.605
B600	48.48	0.00	0.00	25.04	22.44	1.35	340.99	0.463
B700-EXT	48.48	0.00	0.00	26.00	21.35	0.41	85.55	0.440

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	0cc1	of Max urrence hr:min
J3	JUNCTION	0.08	0.27	188.62	0	04:32
J4	JUNCTION	0.10	0.36	188.31	0	04:35
J2	JUNCTION	0.03	0.19	188.62	0	04:32
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	187.45	0	00:00
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	188.40	0	00:00
SWMF B	STORAGE	2.30	2.65	189.15	0	04:32

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
J3	JUNCTION	0.00	162.33	0	04:32	0.000	8.668
J4	JUNCTION	0.00	162.33	0	04:32	0.000	8.667
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.50	0	01:40	0.000	0.001
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	162.32	0	04:35	0.000	8.666
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0.000	0.000
SWMF B	STORAGE	3395.87	3395.87	0	01:40	8.903	32.864

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development - 5yr Event

	Average	Avg	E&I	Maximum	Max	Time of Max	Maximum
	Volume	Pcnt	Pcnt	Volume	Pcnt	Occurrence	Outflow
Storage Unit	1000 m3	Full	Loss	1000 m3	Full	days hr:min	LPS
SWMF B	25.438	56	0	30.903	68	0 04:32	162.33

****** Outfall Loading Summary *********

	Flow Freq.	Avg. Flow	Max. Flow	Total Volume
Outfall Node	Pcnt.	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
Ellwanger_1 Golf_Course	99.05	25.32	162.32	8.666
System	49.52	25.32	162.32	8.666

****** Link Flow Summary

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	e Veloc	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2 Outlet_1	CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT ORIFICE	0.50 162.33 0.00 162.32 0.00 162.33	0 01:4 0 04:33 0 00:00 0 04:33 0 00:00 0 04:33	2 1.33 0 0.00 5 1.21 0 0.00	0.00 0.53 0.00 0.75 0.00	0.52 0.55 0.00 0.60 0.00

****** Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	Ţ	raction of Up Down Dry Dry		n Flow Sup Crit	Class Up Crit	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.84	0.00 (1.00 (0.00 (0.67 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.33 0.09 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.90 0.00 1.00 0.00	0.00 0.97 0.00 0.75 0.00	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

***** Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Mon Sep 21 15:44:02 2015 Analysis ended on: Mon Sep 21 15:44:03 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:01

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022) DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development *********** NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. Analysis Options Flow Units LPS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed YES Water Quality NO Infiltration Method CURVE_NUMBER Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE Starting Date NOV-20-2009 00:00:00 Ending Date NOV-24-2009 00:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 20.0 Report Time Step 00:05:00 Wet Time Step 00:05:00 Dry Time Step 01:00:00 Routing Time Step 3.00 sec Runoff Quantity Continuity hectare-m mm 1.586 0.000 0.490 1.076 0.027 -0.395 56.083 0.000 17.322 38.040 0.942 Total Precipitation Evaporation Loss Infiltration Loss Surface Runoff Final Surface Storage Continuity Error (%) ****** Volume Volume hectare-m Volume Volume 10^6 ltr Flow Routing Continuity 0.000 0.000 1.076 10.758 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 1.051 10.511 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.396 23.961 2.421 24.208 Dry Weather Inflow Wet Weather Inflow Groundwater Inflow RDII Inflow External Inflow External Outflow Internal Outflow Storage Losses
Initial Stored Volume Final Stored Volume Continuity Error (%) Time-Step Critical Elements None ********* Highest Flow Instability Indexes All links are stable. **** Routing Time Step Summary

Minimum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Average Time Step : 3.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
B100	56.08	0.00	0.00	18.61	36.71	3.52	1041.87	0.655
B200	56.08	0.00	0.00	7.50	48.14	1.17	649.41	0.858
B300	56.08	0.00	0.00	7.56	48.04	2.09	1102.13	0.857
B400	56.08	0.00	0.00	7.54	48.08	1.27	681.49	0.857
B500	56.08	0.00	0.00	19.68	35.68	0.48	193.04	0.636
B600	56.08	0.00	0.00	26.75	28.40	1.71	426.57	0.506
B700-EXT	56.08	0.00	0.00	27.84	27.14	0.52	111.89	0.484

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min
J3	JUNCTION	0.09	0.30	188.65	0	04:32
J4	JUNCTION	0.11	0.40	188.35	0	04:35
J2	JUNCTION	0.03	0.22	188.65	0	04:32
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	187.45	0	00:00
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	188.40	0	00:00
SWMF B	STORAGE	2.31	2.74	189.24	0	04:31

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
J3 J4 J2 Ellwanger_1 Golf_Course SWMF B	JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION OUTFALL OUTFALL STORAGE	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4203.52	188.40 188.40 0.61 188.39 0.00 4203.52	0 04:31 0 04:32 0 01:41 0 04:35 0 00:00 0 01:40	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	10.513 10.511 0.001 10.511 0.000 34.719

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

Storage Unit	Average Volume 1000 m3	Pcnt	E&I Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 m3	Max Pcnt Full	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Maximum Outflow LPS
SWMF B	 25.671	. 56	0	32.371	71	0 04:31	188.40

****** Outfall Loading Summary *********

	Flow Freq.	Avg. Flow	Max. Flow	Total Volume
Outfall Node	Pcnt.	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
Ellwanger_1 Golf_Course	99.07	30.70	188.39	10.511
System	49.54	30.70	188.39	10.511

****** Link Flow Summary

Link	Туре	Maximum Flow LPS	Occu	of Max rrence hr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
C1	CONDUIT	0.61	0	01:41	0.06	0.00	0.58
C2	CONDUIT	188.40	0	04:32	1.34	0.62	0.62
Overflow	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3	CONDUIT	188.39	0	04:35	1.25	0.88	0.66
Outlet 2	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Outlet 1	ORIFICE	188.40	0	04:31			1.00

****** Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	n Flow Sup Crit	Class Up Crit	Down	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 11.84	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00	0.64 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.35 0.11 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.87 0.00 1.00 0.00	0.00 0.96 0.00 0.75 0.00	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

***** Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Mon Sep 21 15:42:56 2015 Analysis ended on: Mon Sep 21 15:42:57 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:01

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022) DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development *********** NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. Analysis Options Flow Units LPS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed YES Water Quality NO Infiltration Method CURVE_NUMBER Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE Starting Date NOV-20-2009 00:00:00 Ending Date NOV-24-2009 00:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 20.0 Report Time Step 00:05:00 Wet Time Step 00:05:00 Dry Time Step 01:00:00 Routing Time Step 3.00 sec Depth ******* Volume Runoff Quantity Continuity hectare-m 1.867 0.000 0.529 1.320 0.027 -0.435 66.023 0.000 18.688 46.677 0.945 Total Precipitation Evaporation Loss Infiltration Loss Surface Runoff Final Surface Storage Continuity Error (%) ****** Volume Volume hectare-m Volume Volume 10^6 ltr Flow Routing Continuity 0.000 0.000
1.320 13.201
0.000 0.000
0.000 0.000
0.000 0.000
1.294 12.941
0.000 0.000
0.000 0.000
2.396 23.961
2.422 24.220
0.001 Dry Weather Inflow Wet Weather Inflow Groundwater Inflow RDII Inflow External Inflow External Outflow Internal Outflow Storage Losses Initial Stored Volume Final Stored Volume Continuity Error (%) Time-Step Critical Elements None ********* Highest Flow Instability Indexes All links are stable. **** Routing Time Step Summary

Minimum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Average Time Step : 3.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

	Total Precip	Total Runon	Total Evap	Total Infil	Total Runoff	Total Runoff	Peak Runoff	Runoff Coeff
Subcatchment	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	10^6 ltr	LPS	
B100	66.02	0.00	0.00	20.08	45.25	4.34	1314.23	0.685
B200	66.02	0.00	0.00	8.09	57.59	1.41	791.14	0.872
В300	66.02	0.00	0.00	8.15	57.48	2.50	1346.75	0.871
B400	66.02	0.00	0.00	8.13	57.52	1.52	831.76	0.871
B500	66.02	0.00	0.00	21.22	44.13	0.60	250.09	0.668
В600	66.02	0.00	0.00	28.85	36.25	2.18	538.62	0.549
B700-EXT	66.02	0.00	0.00	30.09	34.89	0.66	150.04	0.529

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	0cc1	of Max urrence hr:min
J3	JUNCTION	0.10	0.36	188.71	0	04:29
J4	JUNCTION	0.13	0.54	188.49	0	04:34
J2	JUNCTION	0.04	0.28	188.71	0	04:28
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	187.45	0	00:00
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	188.40	0	00:00
SWMF B	STORAGE	2.33	2.86	189.36	0	04:28

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Time of M Occurrer days hr:	nce	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
Ј3	JUNCTION	0.00	246.56	0 04:	:28	0.000	12.943
J4	JUNCTION	0.00	246.56	0 04	29	0.000	12.941
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	28.73	0 04:	:28	0.000	0.170
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	246.23	0 04:	: 35	0.000	12.941
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0 00:	:00	0.000	0.000
SWMF B	STORAGE	5218.91	5218.91	0 01:	: 40	13.201	37.161

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

	Average	Avg	E&I	Maximum	Max	Time of Max	Maximum
	Volume	Pcnt	Pcnt	Volume	Pcnt	Occurrence	Outflow
Storage Unit	1000 m3	Full	Loss	1000 m3	Full	days hr:min	LPS
SWMF B	 25.982	57	0	34.321	75	0 04:28	246.56

****** Outfall Loading Summary *********

Outfall Node	Flow	Avg.	Max.	Total
	Freq.	Flow	Flow	Volume
	Pcnt.	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
Ellwanger_1	99.15	37.76	246.23	12.941
Golf_Course	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
System	49.58	37.76	246.23	12.941

****** Link Flow Summary

Link	Туре	Maximum Flow LPS	Time o Occur days h	rence	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2 Outlet 1	CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT CONDUIT ORIFICE	28.73 246.56 0.00 246.23 28.73 217.83	0 0 0 0	04:28 04:29 00:00 04:35 04:28	0.24 1.36 0.00 1.30 0.85	0.14 0.81 0.00 1.15 0.08	0.71 0.81 0.00 0.82 0.14

****** Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	n Flow Sup Crit	Class Up Crit	Down	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.97	0.62 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.38 0.14 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.84 0.00 1.00 0.03	0.00 0.96 0.00 0.75 0.04	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

***** Conduit Surcharge Summary

Conduit		Hours Full Upstream		Hours Above Full Normal Flow	Capacity
C3	0.01	0.01	0.01	2.38	0.01

Analysis begun on: Mon Sep 21 15:44:20 2015 Analysis ended on: Mon Sep 21 15:44:20 2015 Total elapsed time: < 1 sec

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022) DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development *********** NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. Analysis Options Flow Units LPS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed YES Water Quality NO Infiltration Method CURVE_NUMBER Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE Starting Date NOV-20-2009 00:00:00 Ending Date NOV-24-2009 00:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 20.0 Report Time Step 00:05:00 Wet Time Step 00:05:00 Dry Time Step 01:00:00 Routing Time Step 3.00 sec Runoff Quantity Continuity hectare-m mm 72.962 0.000 19.207 53.171 0.937 2.063 0.000 0.543 1.504 0.027 -0.485 Total Precipitation Evaporation Loss Infiltration Loss Surface Runoff Final Surface Storage Continuity Error (%) ****** Volume Volume hectare-m Volume Volume 10^6 ltr Flow Routing Continuity 0.000 0.000 1.504 15.038 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 1.477 14.772 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.396 23.961 2.423 24.226 Dry Weather Inflow Wet Weather Inflow Groundwater Inflow RDII Inflow External Inflow External Outflow Internal Outflow Storage Losses Initial Stored Volume Final Stored Volume Continuity Error (%) Time-Step Critical Elements Link Outlet_2 (4.10%) ********* Highest Flow Instability Indexes All links are stable. **** Routing Time Step Summary

Minimum Time Step : 0.50 sec
Average Time Step : 2.97 sec
Maximum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
B100	72.96	0.00	0.00	20.56	51.78	4.96	1616.70	0.710
B200	72.96	0.00	0.00	8.40	64.31	1.57	947.32	0.881
B300	72.96	0.00	0.00	8.45	64.21	2.79	1619.06	0.880
B400	72.96	0.00	0.00	8.44	64.25	1.70	998.44	0.881
B500	72.96	0.00	0.00	21.97	50.39	0.68	310.45	0.691
B600	72.96	0.00	0.00	29.56	42.54	2.56	661.26	0.583
B700-EXT	72.96	0.00	0.00	31.07	40.86	0.78	190.39	0.560

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	Occu	of Max rrence hr:min
J3	JUNCTION	0.12	0.73	189.08	0	04:21
J4	JUNCTION	0.15	0.80	188.75	0	04:21
J2	JUNCTION	0.06	0.67	189.10	0	04:21
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	187.45	0	00:00
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	188.40	0	00:00
SWMF B	STORAGE	2.35	2.93	189.43	0	04:21

Node	Туре	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Occu	of Max rrence hr:min	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
J3	JUNCTION	0.00	295.57	0	04:20	0.000	14.774
J4	JUNCTION	0.00	295.56	0	04:22	0.000	14.772
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	105.85	0	04:21	0.000	1.033
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	295.56	0	04:22	0.000	14.772
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0.000	0.000
SWMF B	STORAGE	6339.19	6339.19	0	01:40	15.038	38.998

Node Surcharge Summary

Surcharging occurs when water rises above the top of the highest conduit.

Node	Type	Hours Surcharged	Max. Height Above Crown Meters	Min. Depth Below Rim Meters
 J4	JUNCTION	3.37	0.222	1.203

No nodes were flooded.

Storage Unit	Average Volume 1000 m3	Pcnt	E&I Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 m3	Max Pcnt Full	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Maximum Outflow LPS
SWMF B	26.247	58	0	35.614	78	0 04:21	295.58

	Flow Freq.	Avg. Flow	Max. Flow	Total Volume
Outfall Node	Pcnt.	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
Ellwanger_1 Golf_Course	99.12	45.24	295.56	14.772
System	49.56	45.24	295.56	14.772

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	Occu	of Max rrence hr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
C1	CONDUIT	105.85	0	04:21	0.67	0.51	1.00
C2	CONDUIT	295.56	0	04:22	1.37	0.97	1.00
Overflow	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3	CONDUIT	295.56	0	04:22	1.51	1.37	0.85
Outlet 2	CONDUIT	105.85	0	04:21	1.32	0.28	0.33
Outlet 1	ORIFICE	224.21	0	03:11			1.00

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Sub	n Flow Sup Crit	Up	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.94	0.60 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.40 0.16 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.82 0.00 1.00 0.06	0.00 0.92 0.00 0.75 0.07	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

Conduit	Both Ends	Hours Full Upstream		Hours Above Full Normal Flow	Hours Capacity Limited
C1	2.90	2.90	2.90	0.01	0.01
C2	2.91	2.91	2.91	0.01	0.01
C3	0.01	0.01	0.01	4.72	0.01

Analysis begun on: Mon Sep 21 15:45:30 2015 Analysis ended on: Mon Sep 21 15:45:31 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:01

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond B Post Development *********** NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. Analysis Options Flow Units LPS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed YES Water Quality NO Infiltration Method CURVE_NUMBER Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE Starting Date NOV-20-2009 00:00:00 Ending Date NOV-24-2009 00:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 20.0 Report Time Step 00:05:00 Wet Time Step 00:05:00 Dry Time Step 01:00:00 Routing Time Step 3.00 sec Runoff Quantity Continuity hectare-m mm 2.373 83.902 0.000 0.000 0.571 20.207 1.785 63.132 0.027 0.949 Total Precipitation Evaporation Loss Infiltration Loss Surface Runoff Final Surface Storage Continuity Error (%) ****** Volume Volume hectare-m Volume Volume 10^6 ltr Flow Routing Continuity 0.000 0.000 1.785 17.855 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 1.758 17.579 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.396 23.961 2.424 24.236 Dry Weather Inflow Wet Weather Inflow Groundwater Inflow RDII Inflow External Inflow External Outflow Internal Outflow Storage Losses Initial Stored Volume Final Stored Volume Continuity Error (%) Time-Step Critical Elements Link Outlet_2 (9.29%) ********* Highest Flow Instability Indexes All links are stable. **** Routing Time Step Summary

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)

Minimum Time Step : 0.52 sec
Average Time Step : 2.90 sec
Maximum Time Step : 3.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
B100	83.90	0.00	0.00	21.59	61.70	5.91	1878.74	0.735
B200	83.90	0.00	0.00	8.87	74.82	1.83	1066.77	0.892
B300	83.90	0.00	0.00	8.94	74.72	3.25	1827.43	0.891
B400	83.90	0.00	0.00	8.92	74.76	1.97	1125.87	0.891
B500	83.90	0.00	0.00	23.20	60.14	0.81	367.71	0.717
B600	83.90	0.00	0.00	31.06	51.98	3.13	770.84	0.620
B700-EXT	83.90	0.00	0.00	32.76	50.12	0.95	233.83	0.597

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	0cc1	of Max urrence hr:min
J3	JUNCTION	0.17	1.10	189.45	0	04:20
J4	JUNCTION	0.20	1.07	189.02	0	04:20
J2	JUNCTION	0.12	1.12	189.55	0	04:20
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	187.45	0	00:00
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	188.40	0	00:00
SWMF B	STORAGE	2.38	3.06	189.56	0	04:20

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Occu	of Max rrence hr:min	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
Ј3	JUNCTION	0.00	339.80	0	04:19	0.000	17.581
J4	JUNCTION	0.00	339.80	0	04:21	0.000	17.579
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	234.88	0	04:19	0.000	3.640
Ellwanger 1	OUTFALL	0.00	339.80	0	04:21	0.000	17.579
Golf Course	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0.000	0.000
SWMF B	STORAGE	7266.35	7266.35	0	01:40	17.855	41.815

Node Surcharge Summary

Surcharging occurs when water rises above the top of the highest conduit.

Node	Туре	Hours Surcharged	Max. Height Above Crown Meters	Min. Depth Below Rim Meters
 J4	JUNCTION	6.06	0.490	0.935

No nodes were flooded.

Storage Unit	Average Volume 1000 m3	Pcnt	E&I Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 m3	Max Pcnt Full	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Maximum Outflow LPS
SWMF B	26.831	59	0	37.787	83	0 04:20	339.80

0.45.33.37.3	Flow Freq.	Avg. Flow	Max. Flow	Total Volume
Outfall Node	Pcnt.	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
Ellwanger_1 Golf_Course	99.19	60.58	339.80	17.579
System	49.59	60.58	339.80	17.579

Link	Туре	Maximum Flow LPS	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
C1	CONDUIT	234.87	0	04:20	1.48	1.13	1.00
C2	CONDUIT	339.80	0	04:21	1.57	1.12	1.00
Overflow	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3	CONDUIT	339.80	0	04:21	1.69	1.58	0.88
Outlet 2	CONDUIT	234.88	0	04:19	1.66	0.62	0.66
Outlet 1	ORIFICE	226.57	0	02:26			1.00

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Sub	n Flow Sup Crit	Up	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
C1 C2 Overflow C3 Outlet_2	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 11.84	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.89	0.56 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.43 0.20 0.00 0.00 0.02	0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.78 0.00 1.00 0.08	0.00 0.87 0.00 0.75 0.12	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

Conduit	Both Ends	Hours Full Upstream		Hours Above Full Normal Flow	Hours Capacity Limited
C1	5.72		5.72	2.37	2.37
C2	5.72		5.72	4.05	4.05
C3	0.01		0.01	7.11	0.01

Analysis begun on: Mon Sep 21 15:46:29 2015 Analysis ended on: Mon Sep 21 15:46:29 2015 Total elapsed time: < 1 sec



DEL13-124 DOVER COAST DEVELOPMENT CONCEPT SWM REPORT SWMF C POST DEVELOPMENT - SWMM5 MODEL SCHEMATIC

```
EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)
DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development
NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are
based on results found at every computational time step,
not just on results from each reporting time step.
******
Analysis Options
Flow Units ..... LPS
Process Models:
 Rainfall/Runoff ..... YES
 Snowmelt ..... NO
 Groundwater ..... NO
 Flow Routing ..... YES
 Ponding Allowed ..... NO
 Water Quality ..... NO
Infiltration Method ..... CURVE_NUMBER
Flow Routing Method ..... DYNWAVE
Starting Date ........... NOV-20-2009 00:00:00
Ending Date ...... NOV-25-2009 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days ..... 20.0
Report Time Step ...... 00:05:00
Wet Time Step ..... 00:05:00
Dry Time Step ..... 01:00:00
Routing Time Step ..... 1.00 sec
                           Volume
*******
                                       Depth
                        hectare-m
Runoff Quantity Continuity
39.385
                                        0.000
                                      22.642
                           0.254
0.018
                                      15.657
                                        1.137
Continuity Error (%) .....
                           -0.127
                            Volume
                                        Volume
                                   10^6 ltr
                        hectare-m
Flow Routing Continuity
0.000
                                        2.541
                                     0.000
                                       0.000
External Outflow .....
                           0.248
                                        2.476
Internal Outflow ......
                          0.000
0.000
0.960
0.967
Storage Losses .....
                                       0.000
Initial Stored Volume ....
                                        9.605
                                       9.670
Final Stored Volume .....
Continuity Error (%) .....
                           0.000
Time-Step Critical Elements
********
Highest Flow Instability Indexes
All links are stable.
*******
Routing Time Step Summary
********
Minimum Time Step
                           1.00 sec
```

Average Time Step : 1.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 1.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
C100	39.38	0.00	0.00	15.50	22.96	0.84	266.69	0.583
C200 C300-EXT	39.39 39.38	0.00	0.00	24.40 24.99	13.88 13.24	0.84 0.87	162.73 171.99	0.352 0.336

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	0ccu	of Max rrence nr:min
J4	JUNCTION	0.04	0.14	188.44	0	05:17
J5	JUNCTION	0.03	0.12	187.73	0	05:17
Ј2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	188.63	0	00:00
J3	JUNCTION	0.04	0.13	188.59	0	05:16
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.04	0.12	187.47	0	05:17
SWMF_C	STORAGE	1.80	2.00	189.25	0	05:16

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Time o Occur days h	rence	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
J4 J5 J2 J3 SWMF_D SWMF C	JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION OUTFALL STORAGE	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 601.16	42.76 42.76 0.00 42.76 42.76 601.16	0 0 0 0	05:16 05:17 00:00 05:16 05:17 01:40	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.541	2.476 2.476 0.000 2.476 2.476

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

Average Avg E&I Maximum Max Time of Max Maximum Volume Pcnt Pcnt Volume Pcnt Occurrence Outflow Storage Unit 1000 m3 Full Loss 1000 m3 Full days hr:min LPS

10.015 47 0 11.623 55 0 05:16 42.76 SWMF_C

******* Outfall Loading Summary ******

	Flow	Avg. Flow	Max. Flow	Total Volume
Outfall Node	Freq. Pcnt.	LPS	LPS	10^6 ltr
SWMF_D	99.19	5.78	42.76	2.476
System	99.19	5.78	42.76	2.476

Link Flow Summary

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	Time of Ma Occurrence days hr:mi	e Veloc	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
Outlet 2	CONDUIT	0.00	0 00:0	0.00	0.00	0.00
C1	CONDUIT	0.00	0 00:0	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3	CONDUIT	42.76	0 05:1	.7 0.82	0.08	0.18
C4	CONDUIT	42.76	0 05:1	.7 0.86	0.04	0.13
C2	CONDUIT	42.76	0 05:1	.6 0.92	0.08	0.19
Outlet_1	ORIFICE	42.76	0 05:1	.6		1.00

******* Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	Sup	Class Up Crit	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
Outlet_2	4.41	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.90	0.0000
C4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.0000
C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.06	0.0000

Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Thu Oct 29 09:27:32 2015 Analysis ended on: Thu Oct 29 09:27:38 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:06

```
EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)
DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development
NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are
based on results found at every computational time step,
not just on results from each reporting time step.
******
Analysis Options
Flow Units ..... LPS
Process Models:
  Rainfall/Runoff ..... YES
  Snowmelt ..... NO
  Groundwater ..... NO
  Flow Routing ..... YES
  Ponding Allowed ..... NO
  Water Quality ..... NO
Infiltration Method ..... CURVE_NUMBER
Flow Routing Method ..... DYNWAVE
Starting Date ........... NOV-20-2009 00:00:00
Ending Date ...... NOV-25-2009 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days ..... 20.0
Report Time Step ...... 00:05:00
Wet Time Step ..... 00:05:00
Dry Time Step ..... 01:00:00
Routing Time Step ..... 1.00 sec
                              Volume
*******
                                           Depth
                          hectare-m
Runoff Quantity Continuity
Total Precipitation ... 0.787
Evaporation Loss ... 0.000
Infiltration Loss ... 0.405
Surface Runoff ... 0.365
Final Surface Storage
                                        48.478
                                            0.000
                                           24.974
                              0.365
0.018
                                           22.468
Final Surface Storage ....
                                            1.120
Continuity Error (%) .....
                             -0.173
                              Volume
                                            Volume
                                       10^6 ltr
                          hectare-m
Flow Routing Continuity
0.000
                                            3.647
                                         0.000
                                            0.000
                              0.358
                                            3.577
0.000
External Outflow .....
Internal Outflow ......
                             0.000
0.000
0.960
0.967
Storage Losses .....
                                           0.000
Initial Stored Volume ....
                                            9.605
                                           9.675
Final Stored Volume .....
Continuity Error (%) .....
                              0.000
Time-Step Critical Elements
********
Highest Flow Instability Indexes
All links are stable.
*******
Routing Time Step Summary
********
Minimum Time Step
                             1.00 sec
```

Average Time Step : 1.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 1.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
C100	48.48	0.00	0.00	17.08	30.51	1.11	405.83	0.629
C200	48.48	0.00	0.00	26.92	20.53	1.24	255.91	0.424
C300-EXT	48.48	0.00	0.00	27.57	19.78	1.30	266.78	0.408

Node	Type	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	HGL	Occi	of Max rrence hr:min
J4	JUNCTION	0.05	0.16	188.46	0	05:17
J5	JUNCTION	0.04	0.14	187.75	0	05:18
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	188.63	0	00:00
J3	JUNCTION	0.04	0.15	188.61	0	05:17
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.04	0.14	187.49	0	05:18
SWMF C	STORAGE	1.82	2.09	189.34	0	05:16

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
J4	JUNCTION	0.00	57.01	0	05:17	0.000	3.577
J5	JUNCTION	0.00	57.01	0	05:17	0.000	3.577
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0.000	0.000
J3	JUNCTION	0.00	57.01	0	05:16	0.000	3.577
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.00	57.01	0	05:18	0.000	3.577
SWMF_C	STORAGE	928.10	928.10	0	01:40	3.647	13.252

No nodes were surcharged.

Node Flooding Summary

No nodes were flooded.

Average Avg E&I Maximum Max Time of Max Maximum Volume Pcnt Pcnt Volume Pcnt Occurrence Outflow Storage Unit 1000 m3 Full Loss 1000 m3 Full days hr:min LPS

10.136 48 0 12.460 59 0 05:16 57.01 SWMF_C

******* Outfall Loading Summary

Outfall Node	Flow Freq. Pcnt.	Avg. Flow LPS	Max. Flow LPS	Total Volume 10^6 ltr
SWMF_D	99.21	8.35	57.01	3.577
System	99.21	8.35	57.01	3.577

Link Flow Summary

Link	Туре	Maximum Flow LPS	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
Outlet_2	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C1	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3	CONDUIT	57.01	0	05:17	0.90	0.10	0.20
C4	CONDUIT	57.01	0	05:18	0.94	0.05	0.15
C2	CONDUIT	57.01	0	05:17	1.00	0.10	0.22
Outlet 1	ORIFICE	57.01	0	05:16			1.00

Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	n Flow Sup Crit	Up	Down	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
Outlet_2	4.41	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.90	0.0000
C4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.0000
C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.05	0.0000

Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Thu Oct 29 09:28:28 2015 Analysis ended on: Thu Oct 29 09:28:35 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:07

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EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)
DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development
NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are
based on results found at every computational time step,
not just on results from each reporting time step.
******
Analysis Options
Flow Units ..... LPS
Process Models:
  Rainfall/Runoff ..... YES
  Snowmelt ..... NO
  Groundwater ..... NO
  Flow Routing ..... YES
  Ponding Allowed ..... NO
  Water Quality ..... NO
Infiltration Method ..... CURVE_NUMBER
Flow Routing Method ..... DYNWAVE
Starting Date ........... NOV-20-2009 00:00:00
Ending Date ...... NOV-25-2009 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days ..... 20.0
Report Time Step ...... 00:05:00
Wet Time Step ..... 00:05:00
Dry Time Step ..... 01:00:00
Routing Time Step ..... 1.00 sec
*******
                           Volume
hectare-m
                                            Depth
Runoff Quantity Continuity
Total Precipitation . . . . . 0.910
Evaporation Loss . . . . . . 0.000
Infiltration Loss . . . . . . 0.433
Surface Runoff . . . . . . . . 0.461
Final Surface Storage . . . 0.018
                                        56.083
                                              0.000
                                            26.662
                                             28.394
Final Surface Storage ....
                                             1.132
Continuity Error (%) .....
                              -0.188
                               Volume
                                             Volume
                                        10^6 ltr
                           hectare-m
Flow Routing Continuity
0.000
                                              4.609
                                          0.000
                                             0.000
                               0.453
                                             4.535
0.000
External Outflow ......
Internal Outflow ......
                              0.000
0.000
0.960
0.968
Storage Losses .....
                                             0.000
Initial Stored Volume ....
                                              9.605
                                             9.679
Final Stored Volume .....
Continuity Error (%) .....
                               0.000
Time-Step Critical Elements
********
None
Highest Flow Instability Indexes
All links are stable.
*******
Routing Time Step Summary
********
Minimum Time Step
                              1.00 sec
```

Average Time Step : 1.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 1.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
C100 C200	56.08 56.08	0.00	0.00	18.24 28.72	36.99 26.34	1.35 1.59	501.06 326.75	0.660 0.470
C300-EXT	56.08	0.00	0.00	29.45	25.52	1.68	338.21	0.455

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	HGL	Occi	of Max rrence hr:min
J4	JUNCTION	0.06	0.18	188.48	0	05:18
J5	JUNCTION	0.04	0.15	187.76	0	05:18
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	188.63	0	00:00
J3	JUNCTION	0.05	0.16	188.62	0	05:17
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.05	0.15	187.50	0	05:18
SWMF C	STORAGE	1.83	2.18	189.43	0	05:17

Node	Туре	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Occu	of Max arrence hr:min	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
 J4	JUNCTION	0.00	67.36	0	05:17	0.000	4.535
J5	JUNCTION	0.00	67.36	0	05:18	0.000	4.535
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0	00:00	0.000	0.000
J3	JUNCTION	0.00	67.36	0	05:17	0.000	4.535
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.00	67.36	0	05:18	0.000	4.535
SWMF_C	STORAGE	1165.49	1165.49	0	01:40	4.609	14.214

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

	Average	Avg	E&I	Maximum	Max	Time of Max	Maximum
	Volume	Pcnt	Pcnt	Volume	Pcnt	Occurrence	Outflow
Storage Unit	1000 m3	Full	Loss	1000 m3	Full	davs hr:min	LPS

10.254 49 0 13.234 63 0 05:17 67.36 SWMF_C

******* Outfall Loading Summary *******

Outfall Node	Flow Freq. Pcnt.	Avg. Flow LPS	Max. Flow LPS	Total Volume 10^6 ltr
SWMF_D	99.23	10.58	67.36	4.535
System	99.23	10.58	67.36	4.535

Link Flow Summary

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	0ccui	of Max rrence nr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
Outlet_2	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C1	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.01
C3	CONDUIT	67.36	0	05:18	0.94	0.12	0.22
C4	CONDUIT	67.36	0	05:18	0.98	0.06	0.16
C2	CONDUIT	67.36	0	05:17	1.04	0.12	0.24
Outlet 1	ORIFICE	67.36	0	05:17			1.00

Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	n Flow Sup Crit	Up	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
Outlet_2	4.41	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C1	1.00	0.95	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.89	0.0000
C4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.0000
C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.04	0.0000

Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Thu Oct 29 09:31:09 2015 Analysis ended on: Thu Oct 29 09:31:15 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:06

```
EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)
DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development
NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are
based on results found at every computational time step,
not just on results from each reporting time step.
******
Analysis Options
Flow Units ..... LPS
Process Models:
  Rainfall/Runoff ..... YES
  Snowmelt ..... NO
  Groundwater ..... NO
  Flow Routing ..... YES
  Ponding Allowed ..... NO
  Water Quality ..... NO
Infiltration Method ..... CURVE_NUMBER
Flow Routing Method ..... DYNWAVE
Starting Date ........... NOV-20-2009 00:00:00
Ending Date ...... NOV-25-2009 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days ..... 20.0
Report Time Step ...... 00:05:00
Wet Time Step ..... 00:05:00
Dry Time Step ..... 01:00:00
Routing Time Step ..... 1.00 sec
                               Volume
*******
                                             Depth
                           hectare-m
Runoff Quantity Continuity
******

        Total Precipitation
        1.072

        Evaporation Loss
        0.000

        Infiltration Loss
        0.467

        Surface Runoff
        0.588

                                           66.023
                                             0.000
                                            28.796
                               0.588
0.018
                                            36.242
Final Surface Storage ....
                                              1.120
Continuity Error (%) .....
                               -0.205
                                Volume
                                             Volume
                                         10<sup>6</sup> ltr
                           hectare-m
Flow Routing Continuity
0.000
                                              5.883
                                          0.000
                                             0.000
                                             5.804
                               0.580
0.000
External Outflow ......
Internal Outflow ......
                              0.000
0.960
0.968
Storage Losses .....
                                             0.000
Initial Stored Volume ....
                                              9.605
                                             9.684
Final Stored Volume .....
Continuity Error (%) .....
                               0.000
Time-Step Critical Elements
********
None
Highest Flow Instability Indexes
All links are stable.
*******
Routing Time Step Summary
********
Minimum Time Step
                              1.00 sec
```

Average Time Step : 1.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 1.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
C100 C200 C300-EXT	66.02 66.02 66.02 66.02	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	19.72 30.97 31.83	45.52 34.02 33.13	1.66 2.05 2.18	617.46 425.18 437.21	0.690 0.515 0.502

Node	Type	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	HGL	Occi	of Max rrence hr:min
J4	JUNCTION	0.06	0.19	188.49	0	05:19
J5	JUNCTION	0.05	0.16	187.77	0	05:20
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	188.63	0	05:19
J3	JUNCTION	0.05	0.17	188.63	0	05:19
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.05	0.16	187.51	0	04:42
SWMF C	STORAGE	1.85	2.31	189.56	0	05:19

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Time o Occur days h	rence	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
 J4	JUNCTION	0.00	79.33	0	05:19	0.000	5.804
J5	JUNCTION	0.00	79.33	0	05:20	0.000	5.804
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.01	0	04:07	0.000	0.000
J3	JUNCTION	0.00	79.33	0	05:19	0.000	5.804
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.00	79.33	0	05:20	0.000	5.804
SWMF C	STORAGE	1479.13	1479.13	0	01:40	5.883	15.488

No nodes were surcharged.

Node Flooding Summary

No nodes were flooded.

Average Avg E&I Maximum Max Time of Max Maximum Volume Pcnt Pcnt Volume Pcnt Occurrence Outflow Storage Unit 1000 m3 Full Loss 1000 m3 Full days hr:min LPS

10.428 49 0 14.313 68 0 05:19 79.33 SWMF_C

******* Outfall Loading Summary ******

Outfall Node	Flow Freq. Pcnt.	Avg. Flow LPS	Max. Flow LPS	Total Volume 10^6 ltr
SWMF_D	99.30	13.53	79.33	5.804
System	99.30	13.53	79.33	5.804

Link Flow Summary ******

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Veloc	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
Outlet 2	CONDUIT	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CONDUIT	0.01	0 04:07	0.01	0.00	0.03
C3	CONDUIT	79.33	0 05:20	0.99	0.14	0.24
C4	CONDUIT	79.33	0 05:20	1.03	0.07	0.18
C2	CONDUIT	79.33	0 05:19	1.10	0.15	0.26
Outlet_1	ORIFICE	79.33	0 05:19			1.00

******* Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Sub	Sup	Class Up Crit	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
Outlet_2	4.41	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C1	1.00	0.91	0.06	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.89	0.0000
C4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.0000
C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.04	0.0000

Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Thu Oct 29 09:31:46 2015 Analysis ended on: Thu Oct 29 09:31:52 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:06

```
EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)
DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development
NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are
based on results found at every computational time step,
not just on results from each reporting time step.
******
Analysis Options
Flow Units ..... LPS
Process Models:
 Rainfall/Runoff ..... YES
 Snowmelt ..... NO
 Groundwater ..... NO
 Flow Routing ..... YES
 Ponding Allowed ..... NO
 Water Quality ..... NO
Infiltration Method ..... CURVE_NUMBER
Flow Routing Method ..... DYNWAVE
Starting Date ........... NOV-20-2009 00:00:00
Ending Date ...... NOV-25-2009 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days ..... 20.0
Report Time Step ...... 00:05:00
Wet Time Step ..... 00:05:00
Dry Time Step ..... 01:00:00
Routing Time Step ..... 1.00 sec
                           Volume
*******
                                      Depth
                       hectare-m
Runoff Quantity Continuity
******
72.962
                                        0.000
                                      29.572
                                       42.435
Final Surface Storage ....
                                       1.120
Continuity Error (%) .....
                          -0.226
                           Volume
                                       Volume
                                   10^6 ltr
                        hectare-m
Flow Routing Continuity
0.000
                                        6.888
                                    0.000
                                       0.000
                                       6.805
                           0.681
0.000
External Outflow ......
Internal Outflow ......
                          0.000
0.960
0.969
Storage Losses .....
                                       0.000
Initial Stored Volume ....
                                        9.605
                                       9.688
Final Stored Volume .....
Continuity Error (%) .....
                           0.000
Time-Step Critical Elements
********
None
Highest Flow Instability Indexes
All links are stable.
*******
Routing Time Step Summary
********
Minimum Time Step
                          1.00 sec
```

Average Time Step : 1.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 1.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
C100 C200	72.96 72.96	0.00	0.00	20.24	51.98 40.17	1.89	748.81 531.61	0.712 0.551
C300-EXT	72.96	0.00	0.00	32.69	39.22	2.58	544.26	0.537

						_
Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	
J4	JUNCTION	0.07	0.20	188.50	0 05:1	7
J5	JUNCTION	0.05	0.17	187.78	0 05:1	8
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.01	188.64	0 05:1	7
J3	JUNCTION	0.06	0.18	188.64	0 05:1	7
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.05	0.17	187.52	0 05:1	8
SWMF C	STORAGE	1.87	2.40	189.65	0 05:1	7

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Lateral Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Total Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr
J4 J5 J2 J3 SWMF D	JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION OUTFALL	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	87.26 87.26 0.01 87.26 87.26	0 0 0 0 0	05:17 05:17 03:11 05:17 05:18	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	6.805 6.805 0.000 6.806 6.805
SWMF_C	STORAGE	1823.78	1823.78	0	01:40	6.888	16.493

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

	Average	Avg	E&I	Maximum	Max	Time of Max	Maximum
	Volume	Pcnt	Pcnt	Volume	Pcnt	Occurrence	Outflow
Storage Unit	1000 m3	Full	Loss	1000 m3	Full	davs hr:min	LPS

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development 50yr Event

10.578 50 0 15.146 72 0 05:17 87.26 SWMF_C

******* Outfall Loading Summary *******

Outfall Node	Flow Freq. Pcnt.	Avg. Flow LPS	Max. Flow LPS	Total Volume 10^6 ltr
SWMF_D	99.27	15.87	87.26	6.805
System	99.27	15.87	87.26	6.805

Link Flow Summary

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	Time o Occur days h	rence	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
Outlet_2	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C1	CONDUIT	0.01	0	03:11	0.01	0.00	0.04
C3	CONDUIT	87.26	0	05:17	1.01	0.16	0.25
C4	CONDUIT	87.26	0	05:18	1.06	0.08	0.19
C2	CONDUIT	87.26	0	05:17	1.12	0.16	0.27
Outlet 1	ORIFICE	87.26	0	05:17			1.00

Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	n Flow Sup Crit	Up	Down	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
Outlet_2	4.41	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C1	1.00	0.89	0.05	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.89	0.0000
C4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.0000
C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.03	0.0000

Conduit Surcharge Summary

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Thu Oct 29 09:32:19 2015 Analysis ended on: Thu Oct 29 09:32:25 2015 Total elapsed time: 00:00:06

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development 100yr Event

```
EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.0 (Build 5.0.022)
DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development
NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are
based on results found at every computational time step,
not just on results from each reporting time step.
*******
Analysis Options
Flow Units ..... LPS
Process Models:
 Rainfall/Runoff ..... YES
 Snowmelt ..... NO
 Groundwater ..... NO
 Flow Routing ..... YES
 Ponding Allowed ..... NO
 Water Quality ..... NO
Infiltration Method ..... CURVE_NUMBER
Flow Routing Method ..... DYNWAVE
Starting Date ........... NOV-20-2009 00:00:00
Ending Date ...... NOV-25-2009 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days ..... 20.0
Report Time Step ...... 00:05:00
Wet Time Step ..... 00:05:00
Dry Time Step ..... 01:00:00
Routing Time Step ..... 1.00 sec
*******
                        Volume
hectare-m
                                       Depth
Runoff Quantity Continuity
*******
83.902
                                        0.000
                                      31.119
                                       51.836
Final Surface Storage ....
                                        1.129
Continuity Error (%) .....
                           -0.217
                            Volume
                                        Volume
                                   10^6 ltr
                        hectare-m
Flow Routing Continuity
0.000
                                        8.414
                                    0.000
                                       0.000
                           0.833
                                        8.326
0.000
Internal Outflow ......
                          0.000
0.000
0.960
0.969
Storage Losses .....
                                       0.000
Initial Stored Volume ....
                                        9.605
                                       9.693
Final Stored Volume .....
Continuity Error (%) .....
                           0.000
Time-Step Critical Elements
********
None
Highest Flow Instability Indexes
All links are stable.
*******
Routing Time Step Summary
*******
Minimum Time Step
                           1.00 sec
```

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development 100yr Event

Average Time Step : 1.00 sec
Maximum Time Step : 1.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff LPS	Runoff Coeff
C100	83.90	0.00	0.00	21.32	61.88	2.25	852.13	0.738
C200	83.90	0.00	0.00	33.49	49.46	2.98	637.01	0.590
C300-EXT	83.90	0.00	0.00	34.38	48.44	3.18	650.09	0.577

Node	Туре	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	Maximum HGL Meters	Occi	of Max urrence hr:min
J4	JUNCTION	0.07	0.21	188.51	0	05:18
J5	JUNCTION	0.06	0.18	187.79	0	05:18
J2	JUNCTION	0.00	0.02	188.65	0	05:17
J3	JUNCTION	0.07	0.19	188.65	0	05:17
SWMF_D	OUTFALL	0.06	0.18	187.53	0	05:18
SWMF_C	STORAGE	1.90	2.54	189.79	0	05:17

Node	Туре	Maximum Lateral Inflow LPS	Maximum Total Inflow LPS	Time of Occurre days hr:	ence Volum	w Inflow e Volume
J4 J5 J2 J3 SWMF_D SWMF_C	JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION JUNCTION OUTFALL STORAGE	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2138.17	98.34 98.34 0.01 98.34 98.34 2138.17	0 05 0 02 0 05 0 05	3:18 0.00 3:18 0.00 3:35 0.00 3:17 0.00 3:18 0.00 3:40 8.41	8.326 0 0.000 0 8.326 0 8.326

No nodes were surcharged.

No nodes were flooded.

	Average Volume	Avg	E&I Pcnt	Maximum Volume	Max Pcnt	Time of Max Occurrence	Maximum Outflow
Storage Unit	1000 m3		Loss	1000 m3	Full	days hr:min	LPS

DEL13-124 Dover Coast, Norfolk - Pond C Post Development 100yr Event

SWMF_C 10.828 51 0 16.475 78 0 05:17 98.34

Outfall Node	Flow Freq. Pcnt.	Avg. Flow LPS	Max. Flow LPS	Total Volume 10^6 ltr
SWMF_D	99.31	19.41	98.34	8.326
System	99.31	19.41	98.34	8.326

Link	Type	Maximum Flow LPS	0ccu	of Max rrence nr:min	Maximum Veloc m/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
Outlet_2	CONDUIT	0.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C1	CONDUIT	0.01	0	02:35	0.01	0.00	0.06
C3	CONDUIT	98.34	0	05:18	1.05	0.18	0.26
C4	CONDUIT	98.34	0	05:18	1.10	0.09	0.20
C2	CONDUIT	98.34	0	05:18	1.16	0.18	0.29
Outlet 1	ORIFICE	98.34	0	05:17			1.00

Conduit	Adjusted /Actual Length	 Dry	Fracti Up Dry	on of Down Dry	Time i Sub Crit	n Flow Sup Crit	Up	Down Crit	Avg. Froude Number	Avg. Flow Change
Outlet_2	4.41	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C1	1.00	0.85	0.05	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000
C3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.88	0.0000
C4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.0000
C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.02	0.0000

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Thu Oct 29 09:32:51 2015 Analysis ended on: Thu Oct 29 09:32:57 2015

Total elapsed time: 00:00:06

Appendix B

Sanitary Calculations



Revera Long-Term Care (LTC) Facility

Dover Coast, Port Dover, Ontario

Project No: 44661-100 Date: January 2022 Design By: RNC



Preliminary Sanitary Demand Calculations

		Long-Term	Care				
Location	Units (ea)	Population Density (1 persons/bedroom) 1	Population (persons)	Average Demand (L/s)	Average Demand (m ³ /day)	Peak Flow (excluding infiltration) (L/s)	Total Sanitary Demand (L/s)
<u>Long-Term Care Units</u> 1 Bed	128	1	128	0.444	38.4		
Staff ³	-	-	64	0.222	19.20		
Totals	128		192	0.67	57.6	2.77	3.33

Sanitary Demand	
Long-Term Care Daily Demands ²	300 L/cap/day
	0.0035 L/cap/sec
Peak Flow ⁴	
P (population)	0.192 thousands people
M (ratio of peak flow to average flow)	4.15
Total Average Demand	0.67 l/s
l (infiltration allowance, 0.28 l/s/ha)	0.56 l/s
A (area, ha)	2 ha

Note 1: Population taken from site plan by MMMC Architects dated 2022/01/10

Note 2: Long-Term Care sanitary sewage flow based on Dover Coast Development Plan (2017)

Note 3: Staff population assumed to be 2 residents to every 1 staff

Note 4: Total Sanitary Peak Flow Demand calculations based on Norfo k Desgin Criteria Section 9 (2017)

Revera Po	ort Dover												DES	IGN PARA	METERS						
				S	ANITAR	Y SEWE	R DESI	GN SHE	ET	Design F	low					Peaking F	actor				
Norfolk Cou	unty									Design flo			300	L/c/d	DEAK	ZING EACT	OR (M) = 1	+ 14			
City File No.	City File No. n/a			ENGINEERING SERVICES				Infiltration			0.6	L/s/ha	FEAR	NING FACT	OK (IVI)	$4+\sqrt{P}$		P A			
MTE Project N	lo. 44661-100									Mannings	s n:		0.015	dia < 600m	nm	Max Peaki	ing factor	5		11 1	ΛTE
Date:	February 17, 2022			Drainage	Area Plan No	o.:	M2 (Dover C	oast Develop	ments)				0.013	dia ≥ 600m	nm	Min Peakir	ng Factor	2	4		11 -
Designed By:	RNC									Min Velo	city:		0.75	m/s							
Checked By:	GPB									Max Velo	ocity:		4.6	m/s							
File:	Q:\44661\100\SAN\44661-100 Sani	tary Calculations.x	lsx							<u>l</u>											
					SANITARY FLOW																
	LOCATION						SAI	NITARY FI	οw											DESIGN	
	LOCATION						SAI	NITARY FL	.ow											DESIGN	
Area	Street Name	From	То	Pop.	Incremental	Cumulative		NITARY FL		Average	Peak	Infil-	Total	Exis	ting Sanitai	ry Sewer D	Design Cap	acity	Actual	DESIGN %	
Area No.		From MH	To MH	Pop. Density	Area	Cumulative Area	Population	· ·		Average Flow	Peak Flow	Infil- tration	Total Flow	Diameter			Design Cap				Remarks
							Population	Cumulative	Peaking					Diameter					Actual	%	
				Density	Area	Area	Population Increment	Cumulative Population	Peaking Factor	Flow	Flow	tration	Flow	Diameter	Material		Capacity	Velocity	Actual Velocity	% Pipe	

192 4.15 0.67 2.77 0.56 3.33 200 PVC 0.40% 18.26 0.5745 0.4366

18%

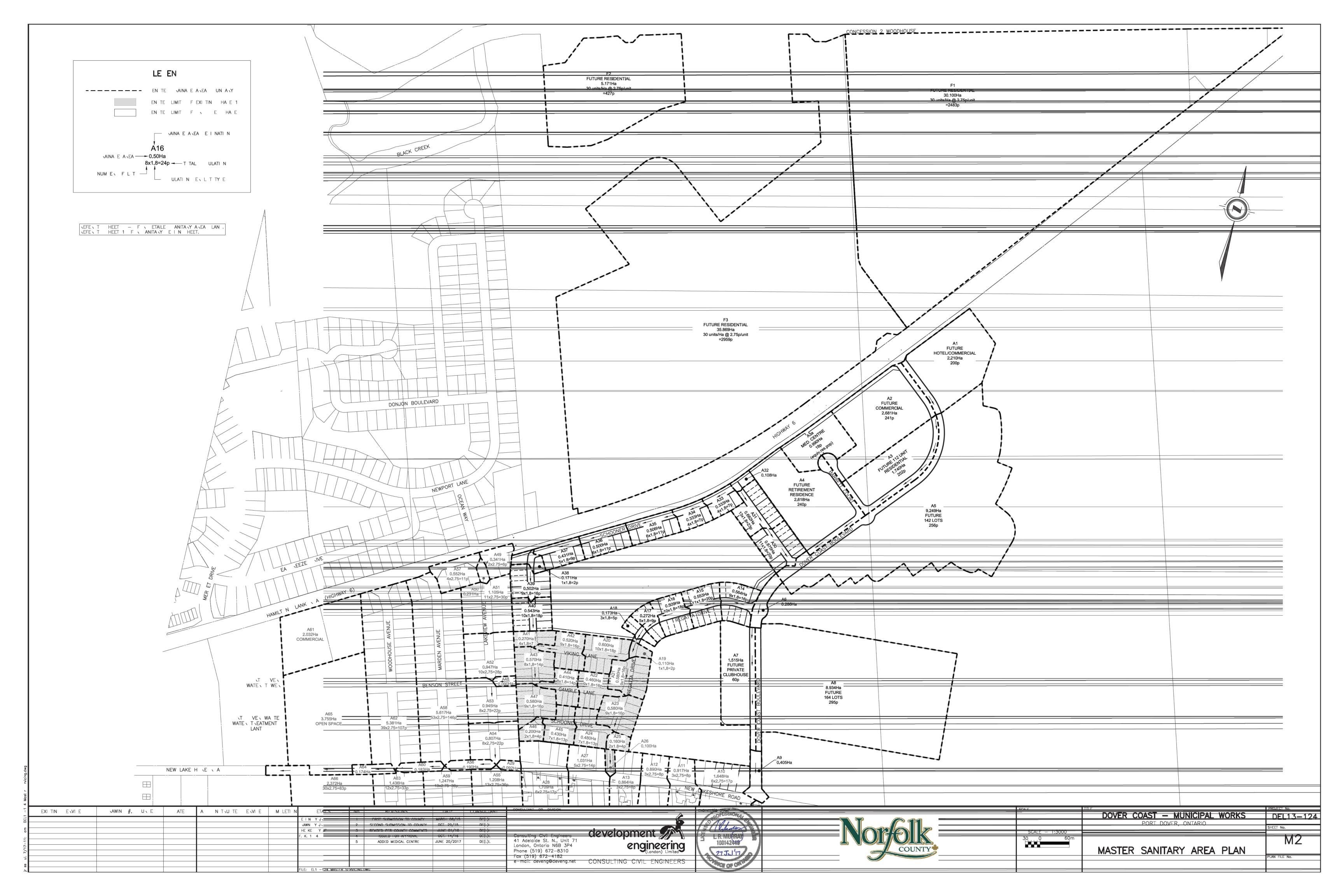
MH2A

MH1A

0.00

2.00

0

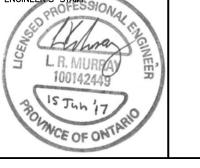


DRAWING #, SOURCE EXISTING SERVICES DATE AS CONSTRUCTED SERVICES COMPLETION DETAILS REVISIONS DATE CONSULTANT ESIGN BY JR FIRST SUBMISSION TO COUNTY MARCH 06/15 DRAWN BY JR SECOND SUBMISSION TO COUNTY OCT. 29/15 REVISED PER COUNTY COMMENTS JUNE 01/16

ISSUED FOR APPROVAL OCT. 14/16 CHECKED BY JF ADDED MEDICAL CENTRE JUNE 20/2017

Consulting Civil Engineers 41 Adelaide St. N., Unit 71 London, Ontario N6B 3P4 Phone (519) 672-8310







MASTER SANITARY DESIGN SHEET

DOVER COAST - MUNICIPAL WORKS DEL13-124 PORT DOVER, ONTARIO

DOVER COAST - SOUTH A1 (HOTEL/COMM)	DOVER COAST BLVD			N	2 210	2.210	120	(Rooms)		200	200	3 32	0.29	2 30	2.59	0.013	200	0 40	20 74	0 45					
A2 (COMMERCIAL)	DOVER COAST BLVD.			N	2.681	4.891	100,000	(Sq.Ft)]	241	441	3.20	0.64	4.91	5.54	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.55					
	DOVER COAST BLVD	SA35	SA34	N	0.000	4.891	<u> </u>	1.80			441	4.00	0.64	6.13	6.77	0.013	250	0 40	37.61	0.59	54.8	0.219	0.030	190.55	189 33
	DOVER COAST BLVD.	SA34 SA33	SA33 SA32	N N	0.000	4.891 4.891		1.80			441	4.00	0.64	6.13 6.13	6.77 6.77	0.013	250 250	0.40	37.61 37.61	0.59	50.5 43.2	0.202 0.173	0.030	189.30 189.07	189.10
	DOVER COAST BLVD.	SA32	SA31	N	0.000	4.891	ļ	1.80]		441	4.00	0.64	6.13	6.77	0.013	250	0.40	37.61	0.59	40.4	0.162	0.030	189.87	189.71
A3 (Residential)	DOVER COAST BLVD	INSP.MH 44	SA31	N	1.740	1.740	ļ	1.80	112	202	202	4.15	0.23	2.90	3.13	0.013	200	0 40	20.74	0.48		,		189.75	189.71
A3a (Medial Centre)	BARRETT COURT	INSP.MH 49	SA48		0.990	0.990	<u> </u>			* 18	18	4 40	0.13	0.28	0.40	0.013	200	0 40	20 74	0.00	17.2	0 069	0.030	189.97	189 90
	BARRETT COURT	SA48 SA47	SA47 SA30		0.000	0.990				0	18	4.40	0.13 0.13	0.28 0.28	0.40	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.00	65.6 70.9	0.262 0.284	0.030	189.87 189.58	189.6 1 189.30
]]			1			
	DOVER COAST BLVD.	SA31 SA30	SA30 SA29	N N	0.000	6.631 6.631		1.80 1.80			643 643	3.92 3.92	0.86 0.86	8.74 8.74	9.60 9.60	0.013	250 250	0.39	37.14 37.61	0.62 0.63	94.5 78.7	0.369 0.315	0.030 0.030	189.68 189.27	189.30 188 95
A4 (RETIREMENT RESIDENCE	DOVER COAST BLVD	INSP MH 43	SA29	N	2 618	2.618	160	(Beds)		240	240	4 12	0 34	3 43	3.77	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.51				189.04	188 99
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,																									
	DOVER COAST BLVD	SA29	SA28	N	0 000	9.249		180			883	3 83	1 20	11,75	12.96	0.013	250	0 40	37 61	068	100 0	0 400	0.030	188.92	188 52
A31 A30	SCHOONER DRIVE	SA37 SA36	SA36 SA28A	N N	0.682 0.675	0.682		1.80 1.80	13	23	23	4.37 4.33	0.09	0.36 0.65	0.44	0.013	200	0.70	27.44 27.44	0.22	95.4 83.2	0.668 0.582	0.030	189.92 189.22	189.25 188.64
	SCHOONER DRIVE	SA28A	SA28	N		1.357					43	4.33	0.18	0.65	0.83	0.013	200	0.70	27.44	0.30	12.5	0.088	0.030	188.61	188.52
A5	DOVER COAST BLVD.	SA28	SA27	N	9.249	19.855		1.80	142	256	1182	3.75	2.58	15.40	17.98	0.013	250	0.25	29.73	0.65	52.5	0.131	0.030	188.49	188.36
A5 A7 (PRIVATE CLUBHOUSE)	DOVER COAST BLVD	SA27 SA26	SA26 SA25	N N	0.286 1.515	20.141 21.656]	60	1182 1242	3.75 3.74	2.62 2.82	15.40 16.11	18.01 18.93	0.013	250 250	0 25 0 25	29 73 29 73	0.65 0.65	46.3 45.8	0.116 0.115	0.030 0.030	188.33 188.17	188 22 188 06
	DOVER COAST BLVD.	SA25	SA24	N		21.656					1242	3.74	2.82	16.11	18.93	0.013	250	0.25	29.73	0.65	46.7	0.117	0.030	188.04	187.93
A8	DOVER COAST BLVD.	SA24 SA23	SA23 SA22	N N	8 934	30.590 30.590		180	207	372	1614	3 66 3.66	3.98 3.98	20.49 20.49	24.46 24.46	0.013	250 250	0.25 0.25	29.73 29.73	0.68 0.68	71.2 73.6	0 178 0.184	0.030 0.030	187 90 187.69	187 72 187.50
A9	DOVER COAST BLVD.	SA22 SA21	SA21 SA20	N	0.405	30.590 30.995	<u> </u>				1614 1614	3 66 3.66	3.98 4.03	20.49 20.49	24.46 24.52	0.013 0.013	250 250	0 25 0.25	29.73 29.73	0.68 0.68	77.1 100.0	0 193 0.250	0.030 0.030	187,47 187,25	187 28 187.01
A10	NEW LAKESHORE	SA20	SA19	N	1.648	32.643		2.75	6	17	1630	3.65	4.24	20.68	24.92	0.013	300	0.25	48.35	0.69	40.2	0.101	0.030	186.98	186.87
A11	NEW LAKESHORE NEW LAKESHORE	SA19	EX. SANMH	N N	0.917	32.643 33.560		2.75	3	8	1630 1638	3 65 3.65	4 49 4.75	20.68 20.77	25.17 25.52	0.013	300 300	0.25 0.22	48 35 45.36	0 00 0.67	73.8 66.2	0.185 0.146	0.030 0.030	186.84	186 69
A12 A13	NEW LAKESHORE NEW LAKESHORE			N	0.890 0.864	34 450 35.314	ļ	2.75 2.75	3	8 8	1647 1655	3 65 3.65	5.00 5.24	20.87 20.96	25.87 26.20	0.013 0.013	300 300	0 23 0.24	46 37 47.37	0.68 0.70	61.5 63.3	0 141 0.152	0.030 0.030		
A14	REGATTA DRIVE	SA18	SA17		0 564	0.564		1 80	9	16	16	4 39	0.07	0.25	0.32	0.013	200	0.40	20 74	0 17	56.4	0 226	0.030	188.70	188 52
A15	REGATTA DRIVE	SA17	SA16	N	0.553	1.117		1.80	11	20	36	4.34	0.15	0.54	0.69	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.24	66.1	0.264	0.030	188.49	188.23
A16 A17	REGATTA DRIVE REGATTA DRIVE	\$A16 SA15	SA15 SA14	N N	0.509 0.272	1.626 1.898		1.80 1.80	10 5	18 9	54 63	4 31 4.29	0.21 0.25	0.81 0.94	1.02 1.19	0.013 0.013	200 200	0.40 0.40	20.74 20.74	0.30 0.32	67.2 36.3	0 269 0.145	0.030 0.030	188.20 187.90	187 93 187.75
A18 A19	REGATTA DRIVE	SA14 SA13	SA13 EX. SANMH	N	0.173 0.110	2.071 2.181	ļ	1 80 1.80	3	5 2	68 70	4.29 4.28	0.27 0.28	1.02 1.04	1.29 1.33	0.013	200 200	0.40	20 74 20.74	0.33 0.34	29.9	0.120	0.030	187.72 187.57	187 60 187.40
A20	VIKING LANE	3413	EX. SAINVIT	N	0.600	0.600		1.80	10	18	18	4.39	0.08	0.27	0.35	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.17				107.37	187.40
A21 A22	REGATTA DRIVE GAMBLE	•	,	N N	0.580 0.460	3,361 0,460		1.80	9 9	16 16	104	4 24 4.39	0.44	1 54 0.25	1,97 0.31	0.013	200 200	0.40	20.74 20.74	0.41 0.16					
A23 A24	REGATTA DRIVE SCHOONER			N N	0.580 0.480	4,401 0.480		1 80 1.80	9	16 13	137 13	4.20 4.40	0.57 0.06	2.00 0.19	2.57 0.26	0.013 0.013	200 200	0 40 0.40	20 74 20.74	0.45 0.15					
A25	REGATTA DRIVE			N	0.160	5.041		1.80	2	4	153	4.19	0.66	2.22	2.88	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.47					
A26	REGATTA DRIVE			N	0 100	5 141		1 80	0	0	153	4 19	0.67	2 22	2,89	0.013	300	0.40	20.74	0 47					
A27 A28	NEW LAKESHORE NEW LAKESHORE	,		N N	1.031 1.709	41,486 43,195		2.75 2.75	5 6	14 17	1822 1838	3 62 3.61	6.20 6.67	22.88 23.07	29.07 29.74	0.013 0.013	300 300	0 27 0.21	50 25 44.31	0.75 0.68					
A29	NEW LAKESHORE			N	0.092	43.287		2.75	0	0	1838	3.61	6.70	23.07	29.77	0.013	300	0 25	48.35	0.73					
A32	SCHOONER DRIVE		SA12	N	0.108	0.108		1.80	0	0	o	4.50	0.01	0.00	0.01										
A33 A34	SCHOONER DRIVE SCHOONER DRIVE	SA12 SA11	SA11 SA10	N	0.333	0. 441 0.774		1.80	4	7 7	14	4 43 4.40	0.06 0.10	0.11 0.22	0.17 0.32	0.013	200 200	0.60	27 44 25.40	0.16 0.19	67.2 67.0	0 470 0.402	0.030 0.030	190.48 189.98	190 01 189.58
A35 A36	SCHOONER DRIVE	SA10 SA9	SA9 SA7	N	0.506 0.500	1.280 1.780		1.80 1.80	6 6	11 11	25 36	4.37 4.34	0.17 0.23	0.38 0.54	0.55 0.77	0.013 0.013	200 200	0 40 0.41	20.74 21.00	0.21 0.26	100 0 100.0	0.400 0.410	0.030 0.030	189.55 189.12	189 15 188.17
A37	SCHOONER DRIVE	SA7	SA6	N	0.431	2.211		1.80	5	9	45	4.32	0.29	0.68	0.96	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.29	100.0	0.400	0.030	188.68	188.28
A38 A39	SCHOONER DRIVE SCHOONER DRIVE	SA6 SA5	SA5 SA4	N N	0.171 0.502	2.382 2.884		1.80 1.80	9	2 16	63	4.32 4.29	0.31 0.37	0.70 0.94	1.01 1.31	0.013 0.013	200 200	0.38 0.38	20.22 20.22	0.29 0.33	23.7 78.5	0.090 0.298	0.030 0.030	188.25 188.13	188.16 187.82
A40 A41	SCHOONER DRIVE SCHOONER DRIVE	SA4 EX.CAP	EX.CAP EX.SANMH	N N	0.543 0.270	3, 427 3,697		1.80 1.80	10 4	18 7	81	4.27 4.26	0.45 0.48	1.20 1.30	1.65 1.78	0.013 0.013	200 200	0 40 0.46	20.74 22.24	0.38 0.41	58.7 34.8	0 235 0.160	0.030 0.030	187,79 187,55	187 55 187.39
A42 A43	VIKING			N	0.520	0.520 4.787		1.80	9	16 14	16 119	4.39	0.07	0.25 1.74	0.31 2.36	0.013	200	0.50	23.19	0.18	101.5	0.508			
A44	SCHOONER GAMBLE		,	N	0.570 0.410	0.410		1.80 1.80	8	14	14	4.22 4.40	0.62 0.05	0.22	0.27	0.013 0.013	200 200	0.50 0.50	23.19 23.19	0.47	63.6 91.7	0.318 0.459			
A45 A46	SCHOONER SCHOONER	,		N N	0.430 0.200	0.430 0.630		1.80 1.80	7 2	13 4	13 16	4,40 4.39	0.06 0.08	0.19 0.25	0.25 0.33	0.013 0.013	200 200	0.50 0.50	23 19 23.19	0.16 0.18	69.9 17.4	0 350 0.087			
A47 A48	SCHOONER BENSON		,	N	0.580 0.090	1.210 6.497		1.80 1.80	9	16 0	32 166	4.35 4.18	0.16 0.84	0.49 2.40	0.65 3.25	0.013 0.013	200 200	0 50 0.50	23.19 23.19	0.25 0.53	65.7 48.5	0.329 0.243			
						•																			
	HIGHWAY 6	,		N N	0.000	71.140 71.140		2.75 2.75	0	0	5869 5869	3.18 3.18	9.25 9.25	64.80 64.80	74.05 74.05	0.013	375 375	0.25 0.25	87.66 87.66	0.89 0.89	53.4 57.2	0.134 0.143			
	HIGHWAY 6			N	0.000	71.140 71.140		2.75 2.75	0	0	5869 5869	3,18 3,18	9.25 9.25	64.80 64.80	74.05 74.05	0.013 0.013	375 375	0 25 0.25	87 66 87.66	0.89 0.89	100 0 14.6	0.250 0.037			
A49	LAKEVIEW			N	0.341	71.481		2.75	2	6	5875	3.18	9.34	64.85	74.20	0.013	375	0.25	87.66	0.89	71.0	0.178			
A50 A51	LAKEVIEW LAKEVIEW			N N	0.231 1.105	71.712 72.817		2.75 2.75	0 11	0 30	5875 5905	3.18 3.18	9.41 9.72	64.85 65.14	74.26 74.86	0.013 0.013	375 375	0.25 0.25	87.66 87.66	0.89 0.89	55.6 100.8	0.139 0.252			
A52	LAKEVIEW			N	0.947	73.764		2 75	10	28	5932	3.18	9.98	65.41	75.39	0.013	375	0 25	87 66	0.90	99.4	0.249			
A53 A54	LAKEVIEW			N	0.945	81.206		2.75 2.75	8	22 22	6062	3.17	11.09	66.65 66.86	77.74 78.18	0.013	375	0.25	87.66 87.66	0.90	87.8 86.0	0.220 0.215	0.030		
					0.807	82.013			9		6084	3.16	11.32			0.013	375	0.25		0.91	86.0	0.215	0.030		
A55	LAKEVIEW		<u> </u>	, N	1.208	1.208		2.75	13	36	36	4.34	0.34	0.54	98.0	0.013	200	0 60	25.40	0.30					
A56	NEW LAKESHORE			N	0.190	126,508		2.75		0	7958	3.05	18.41	84.35	102.76	0.013	450	0 22	133.72	0.93	106.8	0.235	0.030		
A57	HIGHWAY 6			N	0.552	0.552	<u> </u>	2.75	4	11	11	4.41	0.15	0.17	0.32	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.17					
A58	MARDON (N)			N N	5.617	6.169		2.75	53	146	157	4.18	1.73	2.28	4.00	0.013	200	0 40	20.74	0.51			_		
A59	MARDON (S)			N	1.247	1.247		2 75	13	36	36	4.34	0.35	0.54	0.89	0.013	200	0 40	20 74	0.28					
A60	NEW LAKESHORE			N	0.183	134.107		2.75		0	8151	3.04	20.54	86.10	106.64	0.013	450	0.22	133.72	0.93	87.2	0.192	0.030		
A61	HIGHWAY 6			N	2.032	2.032	<u> </u>	2.75	-		0	4.50	0.57	0.00	0.57	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.22					
A62	WOODHOUSE (N)			N	5.381	7.413		2 75	39	107	107	4.24	2.08	1.58	3.65	0.013	200	0 40	20 74	0.50					
A63	WOODHOUSE (S)			N	1.436	1.436		2.75	12	33	33	4.35	0.40	0.50	0.90	0.013	200	0.40	20.74	0.28					
A64	NEW LAKESHORE			N	0.174	142,956	1	2.75		0	8291	3.04	23.01	87.37 97.37	110.39	0.013	450	0.25	142.55	0.99	87.6	0.219	0.030		
A65 A66	NEW LAKESHORE NEW LAKESHORE			N	3.755 2.372	146 711 149.083		2 75 2.75	30	0 83	8291 8373	3.04	24.07 24.73	87.37 88.12	111.44 112.85	0.013	450 450	0 25 0.25	142.55 142.55	0.99 1.00	93.0 125.4	0.233 0.314	0.030		
																1									

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET

NORFOLK COUNTY

PROJECT NAME: DOVER COAST DEVELOPMENT
ULTIMATE BUILD OUT

FROM TO NET OR HECTARE TOTAL PER NO. OF DELTA TOTAL PEAKING INFILT SEWAGE TOTAL NO. OF DELTA TOTAL PEAKING INFILT SEWAGE TOTAL L/s L/s

 30 100
 30 100
 30
 2 76

 5.171
 5.171
 30
 2.75

 35.869
 71.140
 30
 2.75

DESIGN CRITERIA $SEVVAGE = \frac{300 \times M \times POP}{86.400}$

 2483
 2483
 3 51
 3 91
 30.27
 34.18
 0.013
 300
 0.3
 52 96
 0 81

 427
 427
 4.01
 0.67
 5.94
 6.61
 0.013
 300
 0.3
 52.96
 0.52

 2959
 5869
 3.18
 9.25
 64.80
 74.05
 0.013
 375
 0.3
 96.03
 0.96

INFILTRATION (DOVER COAST) = 0.13 L/s/ha INFILTRATION (EXISTING) = 0.28 L/s/ha

PIPE SIZE SLOPE CAP VELOCITY LENGTH FALL IN DROP IN SEWER MANHOLE U.S. D.S.

PEAKING FACTOR (M) = $1 + \frac{14}{4 + \sqrt{p}}$

DATE: 42278.00
DESIGNED B' JR/LM
CHECKED BY LM/JF

PROJECT FILE NO. DEL13-124

INVERT ELEVATION

THE FOLLOWING POPULATION ALLOWANCES HAVE BEEN USED TO DESIGN THE SANITARY SEWERS:

RESIDENTIAL (UNCERTAIN DEVELOPMENT) = 30 UNITS / HECTARE @ 2.75 PEOPLE / UNIT

RESIDENTIAL (DOVER COAST) = 1.8 PEOPLE / UNIT (SOUTH OF HWY. 6)
RESIDENTIAL (DOVER COAST) = 2.75 PEOPLE / UNIT (NORTH OF HWY. 6)

LOCATION

STREET

FUTURE FUTURE

FUTURE

RESIDENTIAL (EXISTING TOWN) =2.75 PEOPLE / UNIT

COMMERCIAL = 90 PEOPLE / HECTARE
PER CAPITA DESIGN SEWAGE (L / PERSON / DAY) = 300

AREA No.

DOVER COAST - NORTH

F2 F3

MEDICAL CENTRE

Appendix C

Water Calculations



Revera Long-Term Care (LTC) Facility

Dover Coast, Port Dover, Ontario

Project No: 44661-100 Date: January 2022

By: RNC



Preliminary Water Demand Calculations

		Long-Term	Care				
Location	Units	Population Density	Population	Avg. Demand	Avg. Demand	Max Day Demand	
	(ea)	(1 persons/bedroom)	(persons) 3	(L/s)	(m³/day)	(Ľ/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Long-Term Care Units							
1 Bed	128	1	128	0.6667	57.6	1.5	2.7
Staff ³	-	-	64	0.3333	28.8	0.8	1.3
Totals	128		192	1.00	86.4	2.25	4.00

Water Demand		
Institutional Avg Daily Demands ¹	450 L/person/day 0.0052 L/person/sec	
Peak Hour Factor ²		
PF=	4.00	
Max Day Factor ²		
MDF=	2.25	

Note 1: Water Demands taken from Norfolk Design Criteria Section 9

Note 2: Peak Hour Factor and Max Day Factor taken from Norfolk Design Criteria

Note 3: Staff population assumed to be 2 residents to every 1 staff

Revera Long-Term Care (LTC) Facility PRELIMINARY FIRE FLOW ANALYSIS

Dover Coast, Port Dover, OntarioProject Number:44661-100Date:2/8/2023



FIRE FLOW DEMAND REQUIREMENTS - FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY (FUS GUIDELINES)

Fire flow demands for the FUS method is based on information and guidance provided in "Water Supply for Public Protection" (Fire Underwriters Survey, 2020).

An estimate of the fire flow required is given by the following formula:

where:

RFF = C = the required fire flow in litres per minute coefficient related to the type of construction

= 1.5 for **Type V** Wood Frame Construction

= 0.8 for **Type IV-A** Mass Timber Construction

= 0.9 for **Type IV-B** Mass Timber Construction

= 1.0 for **Type IV-C** Mass Timber Construction

= 1.5 for **Type IV-D** Mass Timber Construction = 1.0 for **Type III** Ordinary Construction

= 0.8 for **Type II** Noncombustible Costruction

= 0.6 for **Type I** Fire Resistive Construction

A =

Total Floor Area from largest sub-divided floor area from site plan as per definition below from FUS 2020:

Subdividing Buildings (Vertical Firewalls)

In determining Total Effective Area, a building may be subdivided if a vertical firewall with a fire-resistance rating of not less than 2 hours, and meeting the requirements of the National Building Code exists. If the firewall is properly constructed and all openings are properly protected in accordance with the NBC, then the boundary can be treated as protected with no exposure charge.

Floor area was calculated as followed:

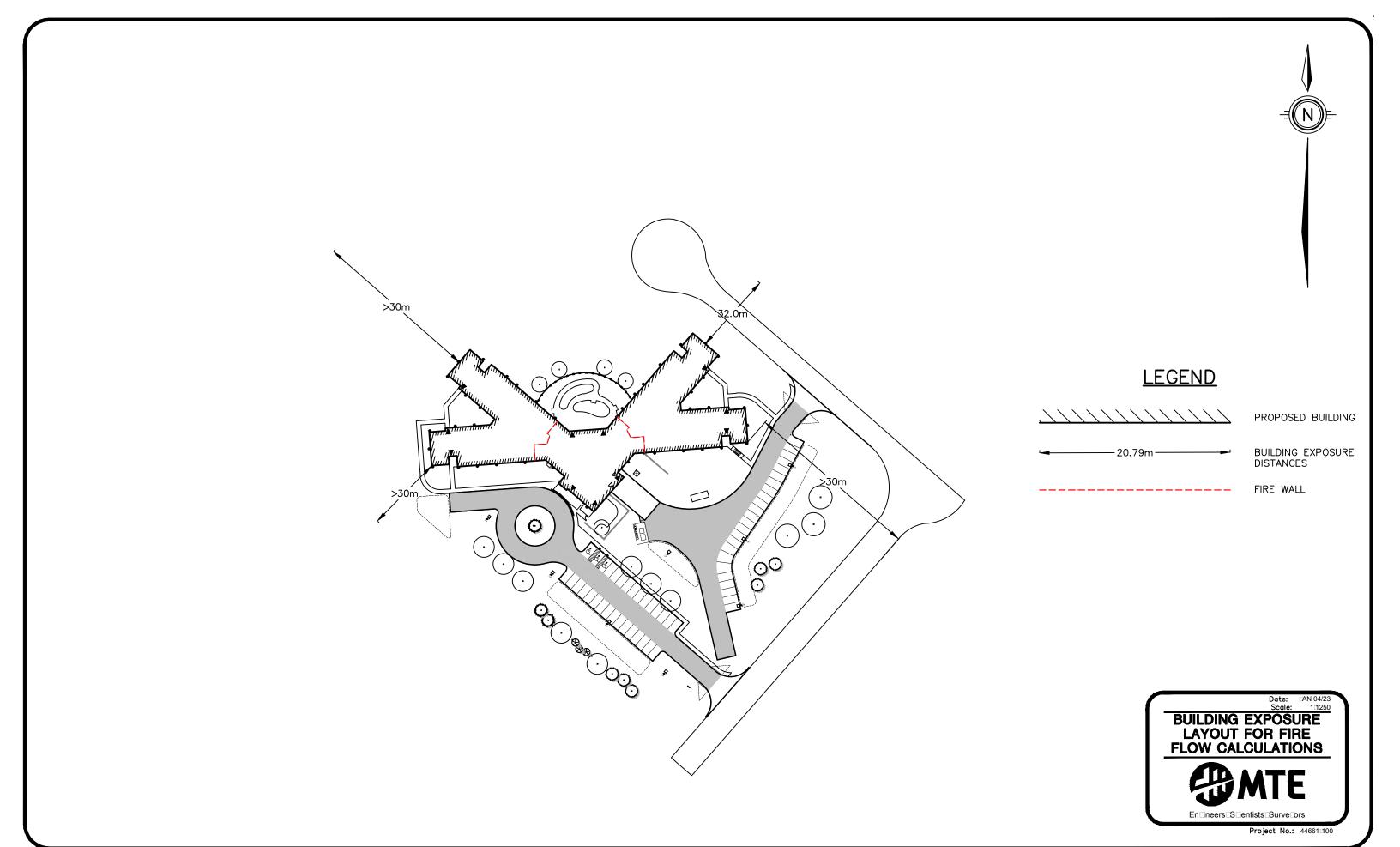
A = Worst case scenario, Building seperated into three sections due to 2hr Fire Wall = 1150 m2 x 2 floors = 2300m2

Adjustments to the calculated fire flow can be made based on occupancy, sprinkler protection and exposure to other structures. The table below summarizes the adjustments made to the basic fire flow demand.

			(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		Final Adjusted	
	Area "A"	С	Fire Flov	w "RFF"	0	ccupancy	9	Sprinkler	Е	xposure		Fire Flow	
Building	(m ²)	(Type V)	(I/min)	(l/s)	%	Adjusted Fire Flow (L/min)	%	Adjustment (L/min)	%	Adjustment (L/min)	(L/min)	Rounded (L/min)	(L/s)
Proposed Building	2,300	1.5	15,800	263.3	-15	13,430	-50	-6,715	0	0	6,715	7,000	116.7

(2) Occupancy		(3) Sprinkler	(4) Exposure			Building A		
Non-Combustible	-25%	-30% - Automatic sprinkler protection designed and	0 to 3m	25%		Direction	Distance	%
Limited Combustible	-15%	installed in accordance with NFPA 13	3.1 to 10m	20%	Calculate for all	N	>30m	0
Combustible	No charge	-10% - Water supply is standard for both the	10.1 to 20m	15%	sides. Maximum	E	>30m	0
Free Burning	15%	system and Fire Department hose line	20.1 to 30m	10%	charge shall not	S	>30m	0
Rapid Burning	25%	-10% - Fully supervised system	>30	0%	exceed 75%	W	>30m	0
		-10% - Fully Supervised System					Total	0

Note: Refer to exposure figure







TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

TO: Zeel Joshi, C.Tech RVA: 215718.37

PROM: David Evans, P.Eng. DATE: September 9, 2022

SUBJECT: Port Dover - Revera Long Term Care – Water Model

1.0 INTRODUCTION

R.V. Anderson Associates Limited (RVA) has conducted an analysis of the impact of the proposed Revera Long Term Care on the water distribution system in Port Dover, as requested by Norfolk County (County).

2.0 Background

Revera Long Term Care plans to construct a 128-bed facility. The site is located at the intersection of Barrett Court and Dover Coast Boulevard.

The objective of this report is to determine the impact of the proposed development on the existing distribution system and evaluate the proposed watermains on their ability to deliver sufficient water flow to the proposed development under the Maximum Daily Demand (MDD) plus Fire Flow (FF) scenario and provide adequate pressures in the system under a Peak Hour Demand (PHD) scenario.

The County provided RVA with the following reports (including drawings and appendices) prepared by MTE Consultants to complete the analysis:

- Functional Servicing & Stormwater Management Report, February 2022;
- Site Grading & Site Servicing Plan, February 2022.



3.0 Summary of the Water Distribution Hydraulic Modelling

RVA used the Port Dover Water Distribution Model that was calibrated in 2019 to review the impact of the proposed development on the water distribution system.

The following points summarize the assumptions and analysis that were completed:

- The estimated population density is 192. Based on Dover Coast Development Plan (2017), typical water demands for the long term care facility is 300 L/cap/day. Average Flow is then estimated to be 0.67 L/s. PHD factor is 3.0 as per the Norfolk ISMP. MDD factor is 1.75 for the overall system as per the Norfolk ISMP update TM dated 2022;
- Simulations were completed to estimate the pressure in the system during PHD and available FF during MDD. The simulations were completed using the scenarios in the existing Water Distribution Model;
- According to the FUS Fire Flow Calculation, the required FF is estimated to be 217 L/s. Note that the designer is proposing that the building would be wood frame construction (structure essentially all combustible), which leads to a high FF requirement.
- The following proposed water distribution system upgrades are not yet completed; however, they were modeled as completed with the understanding these have been approved by the County and as such, included in the Master Water Model:
 - The Silver Lakes Estates Phase 6 Development;
 - The Lynn River Heights Development;
 - North Dover Mills Neighborhood Eggink Subdivision;
 - Nelson Street West Reconstruction; and
 - Sunning Hill Drive Reconstruction.
- The following proposed water distribution system upgrades have not been included in the master model, pending the final design and approval by the County:
 - Coast Road Condominium Development; and
 - Lynn Park Reconstruction.

4.0 Results of the hydraulic analysis

The following points summarize the results of the analysis completed by RVA.

4.1 Existing Condition

- Figure A-1 Pressures during PHD in the vicinity are approximately 53 psi.
- Figure A-2 Available FF during MDD at Dover Coast Blvd is approximately
 161 L/s. Note that the existing available FF provided in this area is already
 lower than the FF requirement of 217 L/s without the proposed development.

4.2 **Proposed Conditions**

According to the functional servicing report provided, the water supply for proposed development would be connected to the existing 300mm diameter watermain on Dover Coast Blvd.

- Figure B-1 Pressure during PHD would be approximately 53 psi, which is within the MECP recommended range of 40 – 100 psi. The development would have minimal impact on the pressure in the adjacent area.
- Figure B-2 Available FF during MDD for the proposed development would be approximately 120 L/s, which is lower than the required FF of 217 L/s as anticipated. It would have minor impact on the FF to the adjacent area.

5.0 Conclusions

The water distribution network would provide enough pressure to the proposed development. However, the available FF in this area could not meet the required flow. Review of the fire protection plan for the proposed development is recommended.

Yours very truly,

R.V. ANDERSON ASSOCIATES LIMITED

David Evans, P.Eng. Senior Principal

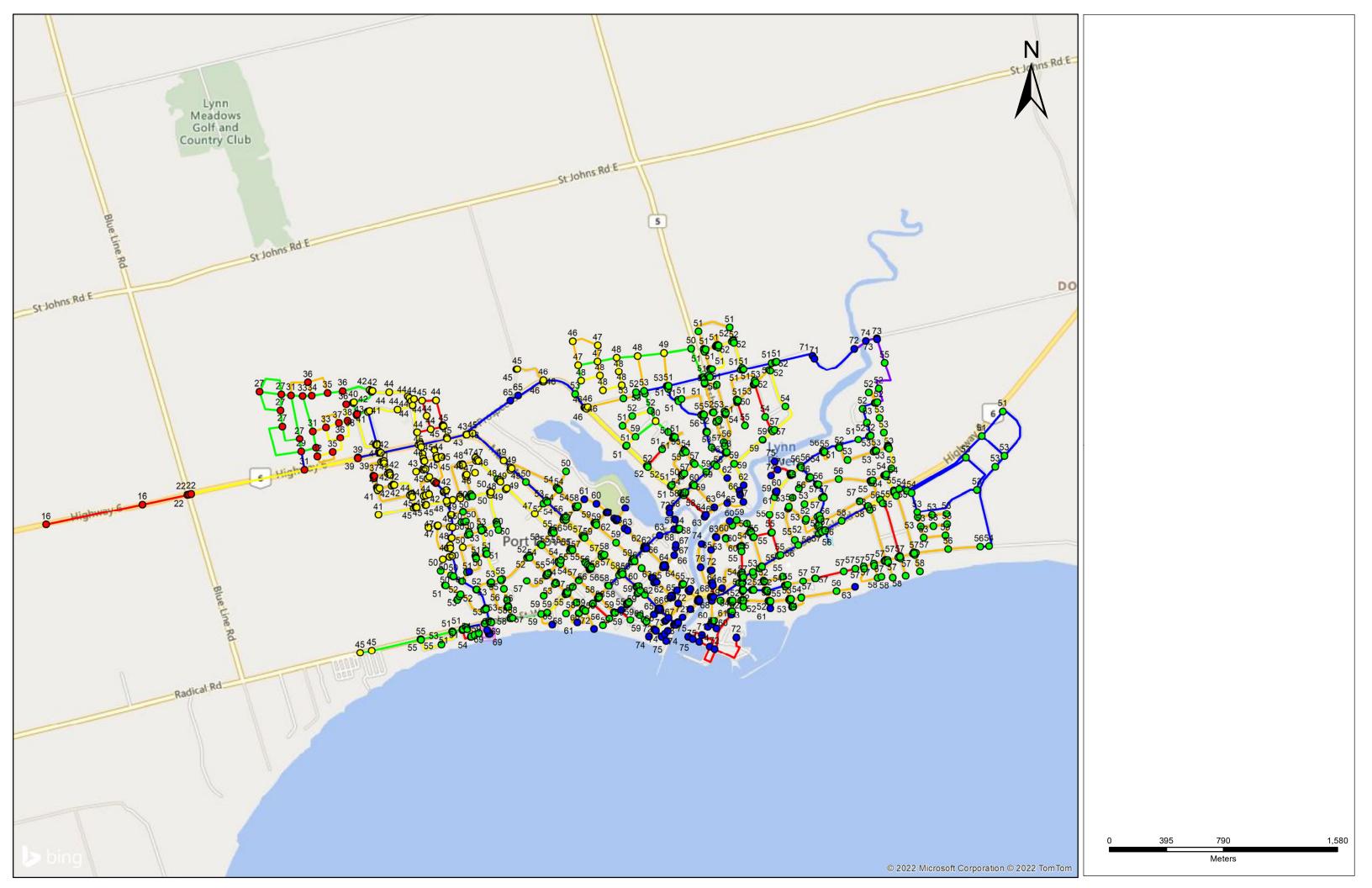
Enclosures:

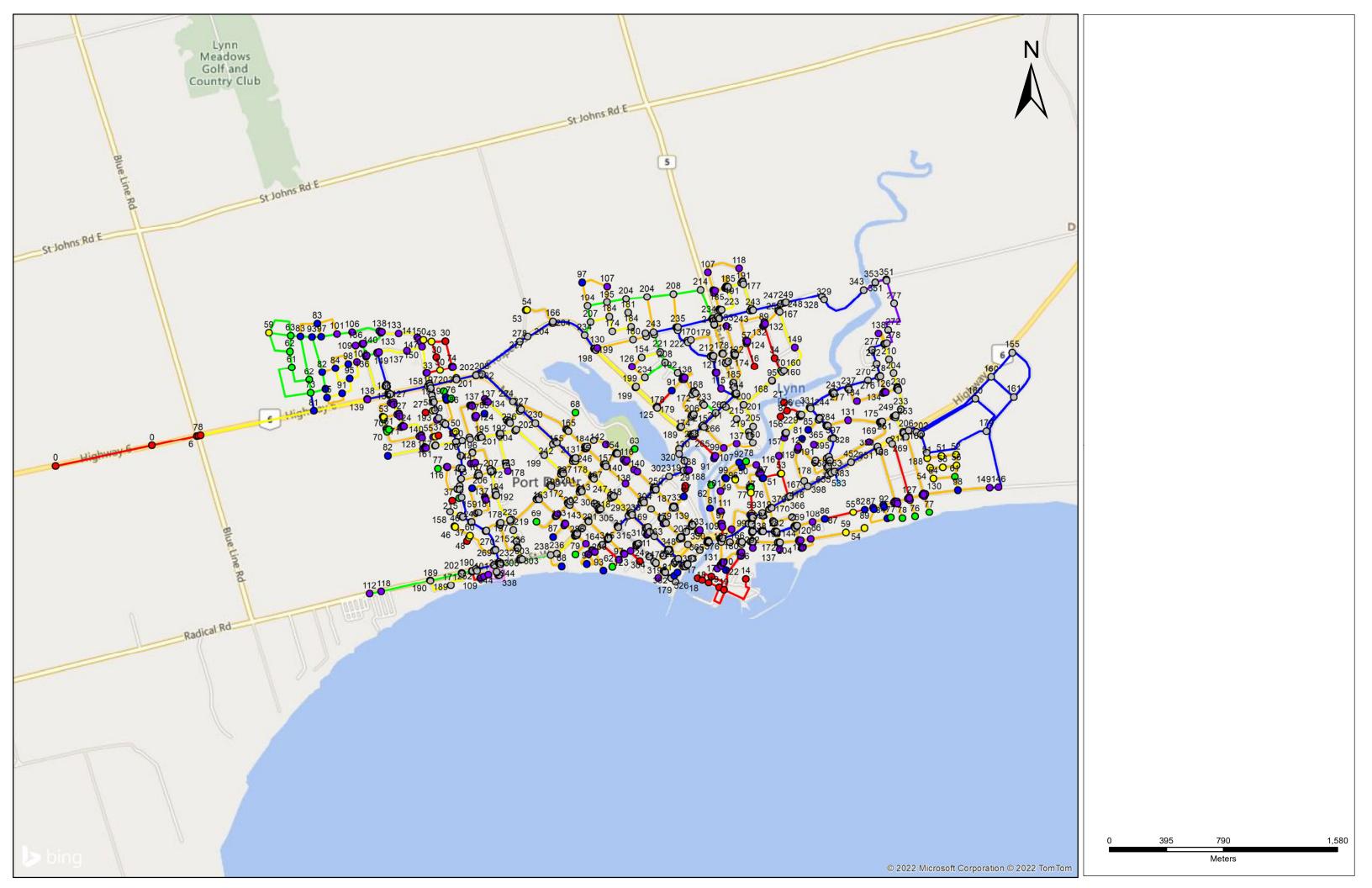
- 1. Figure 1 Existing: Pressure During Peak Hour Demand
- 2. Figure 2 Existing: Available Fire Flow During Max Day Demand + Fire Flow
- 3. Figure 3 Proposed: Pressures During Peak Hour Demand

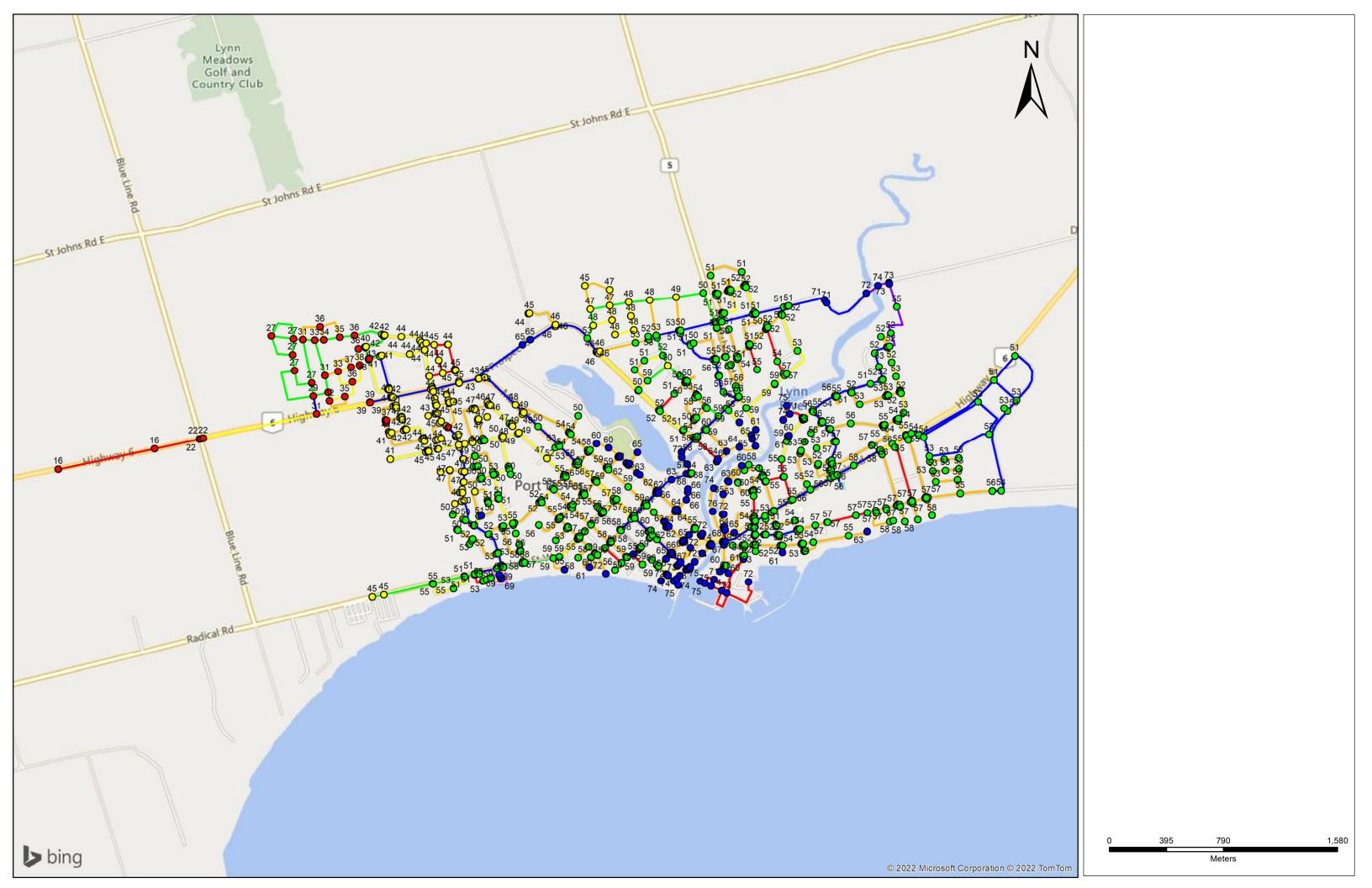
Norfolk County September 9, 2022 4. Figure 4 – Proposed: Available Fire Flow During Max Day Demand + Fire Flow

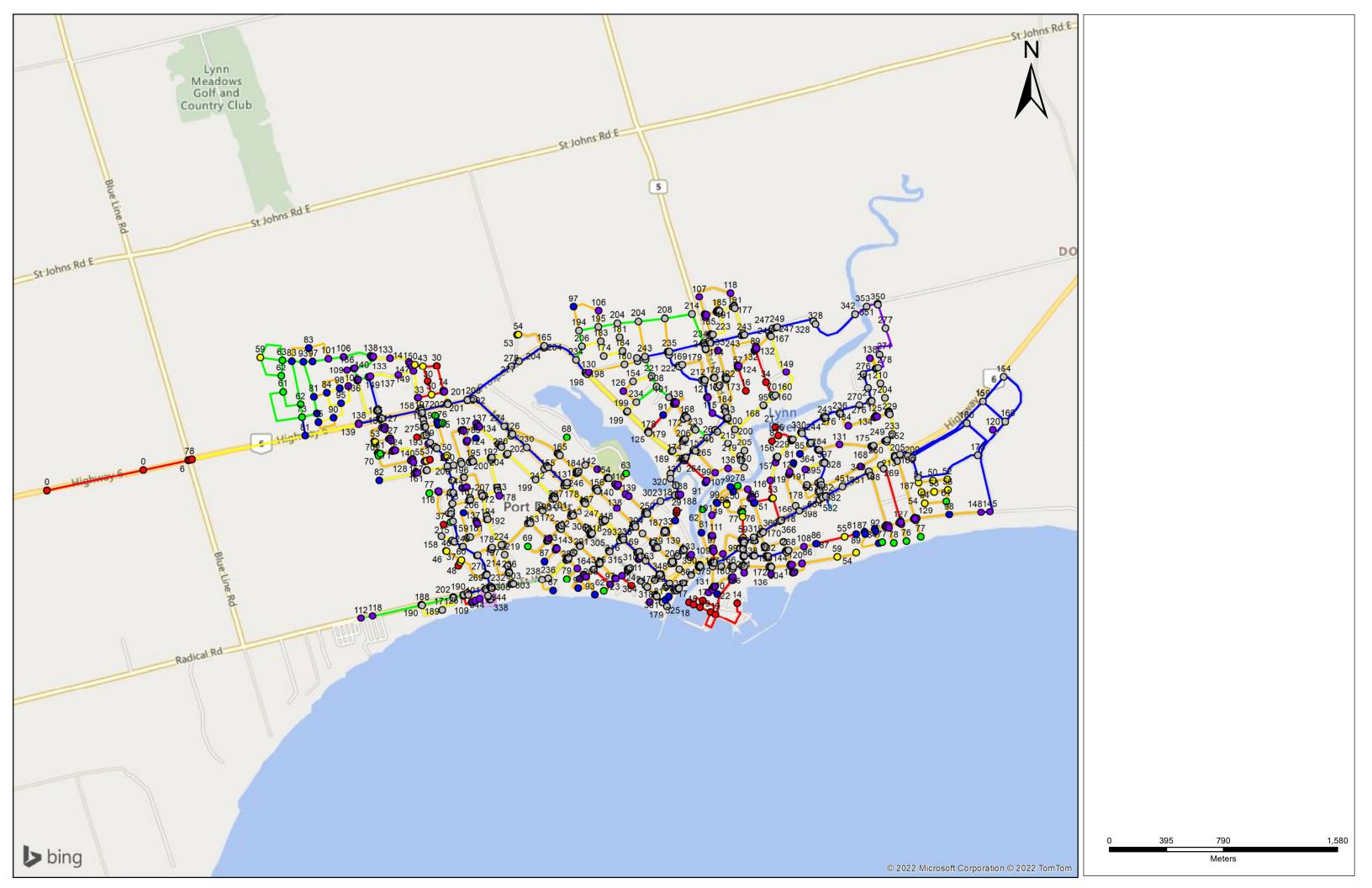
	REVISIONS AND PUBLICATION REGISTER									
Revision #	Date	Details	Distribution							
00	September 9, 2022	Tech Memo Issued via email	Zeel Joshi, C.Tech – Norfolk County							

Norfolk County RVA 215718.37 September 9, 2022 FINAL











1822 Revera Port Dover

Re: Norfolk Couny file SPPL202203

Response Date: March 1, 2023

Development Engineering Comments received on Feb 1, 2023 from Mohammad Alam, Principal Planner, Norfolk County Re: Site Plan Application - 1st Submission

Comment # Comment Response From: Response:

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Development Engineering has completed the review of the submission and recommend that the site plan can **proceed with conditional approval** with the following:

DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING:

Functional Servicing and Storm Management Report

1	Water and Sanitary (Modelling) Norfolk had the modelling completed for Water and Sanitary and can confirm that is adequate capacity with the sanitary and water system, except for the original fire flow calculations. It should be noted that the allocation of water and sanitary services is not granted until the agreement process, if available.	MTE	Fire Flow calculations have been reduced and there is now adequate capacity to support the Fire Flow. Refer to the submitted FSR.
2	Fire Flow The original fire flow calculation was determined to not to be achievable from the current watermain located within the Dover Coast Right of Way. Additional discussions between consultant and Norfolk County to determine the combustibility of the construction of the building as required by building code and meet the required Fire Underwriters Survey Guidelines. MTE Consultants have provided a new FUS Calculation to determine that with the use of additional fire separations, they can achieve a FUS of 116/7 l/s, which is under the current 120l/s as indicated in the modelling provided by the county consultant.	MTE	Fire Flow calculations have been reduced and there is now adequate capacity to support the Fire Flow. Refer to the submitted FSR.
3	Storm Water Management Norfolk County was able to confirm with the previous consultant from the Draft Approved Subdivision that the proposed system is within the storm water management requirements.	МТЕ	Noted.
	Civil Works		
4	General Comment The county would like to commend on the quality of the drawings that have been provided for review, in future submissions we ask that the existing grades at center line of the road be included for the Dover Coast Road and Barret Court.	MTE	Existing elevations for C/L of road have been added for Dover Coast Road and Barret Court.
	Site Grading & ESC Plan 2.1:		
5	Provide Roadway dimension and radii, this included for internal road, parking aisles, as well the entrance.	MTE	Roadway dimensions and radii included on grading plan. Refer to Site Plan for more details.
6	Please include the attached OPSD 350.010 Urban, Industrial, Commercial and Apartment Entrances.	MTE	OPSD 350.010 added to C2.3
7	The entrance on to Dover Coast Road Break in grade should be at property line, as all drainage within the site should be self-contained.	MTE	Entrance on Dover Coast Road has been re-graded to ensure drainage is self contained.
8	The proposed meter chamber should be included on the this sheet.	MTE	Backflow Chamber is included on grading plan C2.1
9	Please provide justification for the proposed 150mm Domestic Water Service.	MTE	Mechanical Consultant has confirmed a 100mm diameter water service is required to support the development.
10	Also, please note a measurement between the sanitary sewer service and thedomestic and fire water service must be noted (2.5 m minimum separation).	MTE	Note regarding minimum separation has been included on servicing plan.

11	Domestic Water Service has to be Tapped or Tee-off existing 200mm diameter water line prior to existing 200mm valve. New Domestic 150 mm valve to be installed at property line only.	MTE	Domestic service now tapped off existing 200mm water line prior to existing 200mm valve. New 100mm valve installed at PL.
12	Existing 200mm valve to be used as the Fire Service Valve. Reducer can be installed after Fire Service Valve, required.	MTE	Ex. 200mm valve and reduce to remain. Noted added to servicing plan.
13	A new Backflow Chamber to be install within private property, adjacent or close to P/L	MTE	Backflow chamber added to domestic line, within private property, close to P/L.
14	Chamber will require to have a testable DCVA installed in the chamber. Note: Reduced Pressure Flow Assembly cannot be installed underground. Attached is a recommended model that can be used or an approved equivalent. The proposed C400 cannot be installed in a chamber. A C400 RPZ or approved equivalent will need to be installed inside the building after the 150 mm Xylem OMNI C2 water meter.(See Attached) All appurtenances on the domestic water service have to be CSA & NSF, No Lead Approved.	MTE	Note added to servicing plan.
15	The proposed chamber will be required to be waterproof and have a sump in order that the Testable DCVA is never submerged. The DCVA must be tested on an annual basis and the report sent to Norfolk County that the DCVA passed.	MTE	Note added to servicing plan.
16	A schematic plan must be submitted for the installation of the water meter in the Mechanical Room NOTE: Norfolk County does not allow bypasses around a meter. By passes must be metered. Therefore, two RPZ must be installed. The cost and installation to manufacturer's specifications of the RPZs, meter, DCVA, chamber are the owners' responsibility.	EXP M	EXP (M) has submitted a water meter schematic. See attached drawing "1822 M7-01 MECHANICAL DETAILS 1".
	Transportation Brief		
17	Norfolk county is in agreement with the brief as submit and understand that the changes in the number of trips is justified, based on current technical guidelines.	МММС	Noted with thanks.
	Architectural Site Plan Drawing Set		
18	Site Survey B There is a temporary Cul De Sac that is still registered, and may not be required, there should be an investigation with the subdivision developer, if it is to be removed on the subject property	МММС	The temporary cul-de-sac has been added to the site plan.